

West Gate Tunnel Project

Ambient Air Quality Monitoring

Validated Report

1st January 2018 – 31st January 2018

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Executive Summary

Ecotech Pty Ltd is an independent company, contracted by Transurban Limited (Principal) to undertake continuous ambient air quality monitoring (AAQM) at a network of sites in Yarraville, Victoria, Australia. Monitoring is being conducted to inform environmental compliance requirements of the West Gate Tunnel Project.

The West Gate Tunnel Project consists of five AAQM stations. Ecotech commissioned the stations as following:

- Station 1 on 19th July 2016.
- Station 2 on 26th August 2016.
- Station 4 on 3rd November 2016. BTEX sampling at Station 4 commenced on 21st November 2016.
- Station 5 on 17th January 2017.
- Station 3 on 25th January 2017.

This report presents the data for January 2018.

- The percentage of valid data capture for most of parameters at was above 85% for the reporting month.
- There was one recorded PM₁₀ readings over the exceedance limits at Station 4 during the reporting month. Refer to Table 16 for more details.
- There were three recorded PM₁₀ readings over the exceedance limits at Station 2, Station 4 and Station 5 during the year of 2017 according to the State Environment Protection Policy. Refer to Tables 14, 16 and 18 for more details.
- There was one recorded PM_{2.5} readings over the exceedance limits at Station 3 during the year of 2017. Refer to Table 15 for more details.

Introduction

Ecotech Pty Ltd was commissioned by Transurban Limited to provide monitoring and data reporting for the WGTP network ambient air quality monitoring stations, located as detailed in Table 1. Ecotech commenced data collection at the Station 1 on the 19th July 2016, at Station 2 on the 26th August 2016, and at Station 4 on the 3rd November 2016. BTEX sampling at Station 4 commenced on 21st of November 2016. Monitoring commenced at Station 5 and Station 3 on the 17th and 25th of January 2017 respectively.

This report presents the data for January 2018.

The data presented in this report:

- Describes air quality measurements;
- Compares monitoring results;
- Has been quality assured;
- Complies with NATA accreditation requirements, where applicable.

1.0 Monitoring and Data Collection

1.1. Siting Details

The WGTP network consists of five ambient air quality monitoring stations. The station's location and siting details are described below.

Table 1: network monitoring locations

Site Name	Street Address	Geographical Coordinates	Height Above Sea Level (m)
Station 1	Barbara Beyer Reserve, 2 Harris St, Yarraville	37°48'43.20"S 144°54'0.00"E	10m
Station 2	51-53 Francis Street, Yarraville	37°49'15.59"S 144°53'38.41"E	12m

Site Name	Street Address	Geographical Coordinates	Height Above Sea Level (m)
Station 3	Railway Reserve, Woods St, Yarraville	37°48'50.40"S 144°53'27.60"E	17m
Station 4	Primula Ave, Brooklyn	37°49'27.28"S 144°50'45.72"E	23m
Station 5	Donald McLean Reserve, Spotswood	37°49'35.28"S 144°52'55.25"E	6m

Siting audits were conducted to assess for compliance with AS/NZS 3580.1.1:2007 “Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air – guide to siting air monitoring equipment”.

Siting audits performed at WGTP network as follows:

- Station 1 on 31st July 2017.
- Station 2 on 22nd September 2017.
- Station 3 on 4th January 2018.
- Station 4 on 1st November 2017.
- Station 5 on 8th January 2018.

The siting audits of these stations showed general compliance with the guidelines in AS/NZS 3580.1.1:2007. These stations are classified as peak stations according to AS/NZS 3580.1.1:2007. Please see details of any non-compliance in Section 1.3.1.

The meteorological monitoring siting audits were completed at WGTP network as follows:

- Station 1 on 31st July 2017.
- Station 2 on 22nd September 2017.
- Station 3 on 1st February 2018.
- Station 4 on 1st November 2017.
- Station 5 on 2nd February 2018.

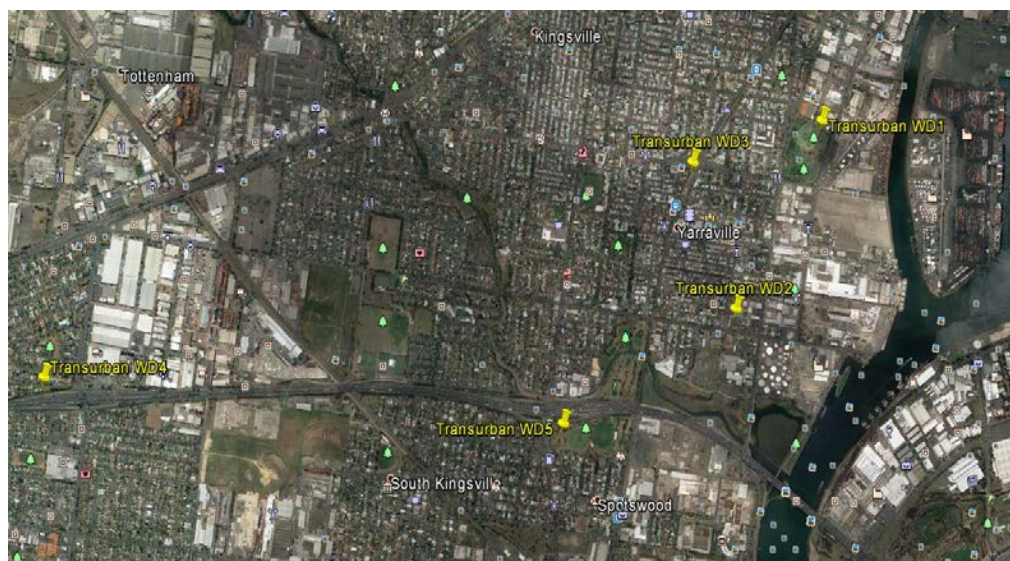


Figure 1: Monitoring Station Locations

1.2. Monitored Parameters

Table 2 below details the parameters monitored and the instruments used at WGTP monitoring stations. Appendix 1 defines any abbreviated parameter names used throughout the report.

Sampling of all parameters is continuous, with the exception of BTEX. BTEX sampling is typically conducted by Ecotech on a one in six-day cycle at Station 4. BTEX samples are collected from 12:30 AM to 11:30 PM on the sampling day.

For meteorological sensors, the elevation given in the table on the next page is the height above ground level at the monitoring station.

Table 2: Parameters measured at the WGTP monitoring stations

Station	Parameter Measured	Instrument and Measurement Technique
Stations 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5	PM ₁₀	Rupprecht & Patashnick / Thermo – TEOM (Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance)
	PM _{2.5}	Met One BAM 1020 – Beta ray attenuation

Station	Parameter Measured	Instrument and Measurement Technique
	Wind Speed (horizontal, elevation 10m)	Vaisala WS425 – ultrasonic
	Wind Direction (elevation 10m)	Vaisala WS425 – ultrasonic
Station 4	Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl benzene, Xylene (BTEX)	Collected In Specially-Prepared Canisters And Analysed By Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)
	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Ecotech EC9841 – gas phase chemiluminescence
	CO	Ecotech EC9830 – NDIR gas filter correlation infrared photometry

1.3. Data Collection Methods

Table 3 below shows the methods used for data collection. Any deviations from the stated methods are detailed in sections 1.3.1. and 1.3.3.

Table 3: Methods

Parameter Measured	Data Collection Methods Used	Description of Method
NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	AS/NZS 3580.5.1-2011	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 5.1: Determination of oxides of nitrogen – chemiluminescence method
	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 6.1 Oxides of nitrogen by chemiluminescence
CO	AS/NZS 3580.7.1-2011	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 7.1: Determination of carbon monoxide - direct reading instrumental method
	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 6.3 Carbon monoxide by gas filter correlation spectrophotometry

Parameter Measured	Data Collection Methods Used	Description of Method
BTEX (Sampling only)	US EPA TO-15	Method TO-15 Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Toxic Organic Compounds in Ambient Air Second Edition. Compendium Method TO-15 Determination Of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) In Air Collected In Specially-Prepared Canisters And Analysed By Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)
	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 6.9 Volatile organic compounds in air collected in specially prepared canisters and analysed by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry
PM ₁₀ (TEOM)	AS/NZ 3580.9.8-2008	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 9.8: Determination of suspended particulate matter - PM ₁₀ continuous direct mass method using a tapered element oscillating microbalance analyser.
	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 7.3- Particulates - PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀ by TEOM
PM _{2.5} (BAM 1020)	AS/NZS 3580.9.12 - 2013	Methods of sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 9.12: Determination of suspended particulate matter – PM _{2.5} beta attenuation monitors
	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 7.5 – Measurement of PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} and TSP using Beta Attenuation Monitor.
Vector Wind Speed (Horizontal)	AS/NZS 3580.14 2014	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 14: Meteorological monitoring for ambient air quality monitoring applications
	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 8.1 Wind speed (Horizontal) by anemometer
Vector Wind Direction	AS/NZS 3580.14 2014	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 14: Meteorological monitoring for ambient air quality monitoring applications
	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 8.3 Wind direction by anemometer

1.3.1. NATA Endorsement and Compliance with Standards

Unless stated below, parameters are monitored at the WGTP network according to the methods detailed in Table 3 above.

- Siting of all WGTP stations may not fully comply with the guidelines in AS 3580.14- 2014 “Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air – Meteorological monitoring for ambient air quality monitoring applications guidelines”, due to possible air flow disturbances caused by nearby trees. Locating monitoring stations in urban areas often requires compromise due to a lack of clear space areas without obstructions as well as the availability of usable power supplies. Given the location, the site is fit for purpose while not fully compliant.
- AS/NZS 3580.1.1:2007 recommends a minimum distance between inlets and the roof of the supporting structure of 1.0m. However, all WGTP stations have inlets less than 1.0m above the roof. It is not thought this small difference will have any impact on measured concentrations.
- Ecotech is still waiting for some of Sampler flow orifice cleaning certificates from ALS for the reporting period. Whilst we are confident the cylinders provided meet requirements, until these certificates are available, compliance to TO-15 cannot be demonstrated. It is expected that the certificates will be provided in due course and Ecotech will issue an amended report without this statement.
- Ecotech’s NATA scope of accreditation covers sampling only for BTEX parameters. Analysis and canister preparation is conducted by NATA accredited laboratories ALS as outlined in 1.3.3 below.
- Wind sensor at Station 3 was out of wind tunnel calibration from 18th January 2018. Ecotech will try to arrange the wind tunnel calibration at the next suitable maintenance visit.

1.3.2. Data Acquisition (Continuous Monitoring)

Data acquisition is performed using a PC based WinAQMS logger (using WinAQMS® Version 2.0) situated at each of the monitoring sites. Each logger is equipped with a 3G modem for remote data collection. The recorded data is remotely collected from the AQMS loggers on a daily basis (using Airodis™ version 5.1) and stored at Ecotech’s Environmental Reporting Services (ERS) department in Melbourne, Australia. Data samples are logged in 5-minute intervals.

1.3.3. Sampling and analysis for BTEX

BTEX canister sampling was conducted by Ecotech field service technicians. ALS (NATA Accreditation No. 825) provided the canisters and laboratory analysis services according to method US EPA TO-15.

1.4. Data Validation and Reporting

1.4.1. Validation

The Ecotech ERS department performs daily data checks on continuously monitored parameters to ensure maximum data capture rates are maintained. Any equipment failures are communicated to the responsible field engineers for urgent rectification. Ecotech ERS maintains two distinct databases containing non-validated and validated data respectively.

The validated database is created by duplicating the non-validated database and then flagging data affected by instrument faults, calibrations and other maintenance activities. The data validation software requires the analyst to supply a valid reason (e.g. backed by maintenance notes, calibration sheets etc.) in the database for flagging any data as invalid.

Details of all invalid or missing data are recorded in the Valid Data Exception Tables.

Validation is performed by the analyst, and the validation is reviewed. Graphs and tables are generated based on the validated 5-minute data, while PM_{2.5} is based on validated 1-hour data.

1.4.2. Reporting

The reported data for continuously monitored parameters is in a Microsoft Excel format file named *"WGTP Monthly Data Report_January 2018.xls"*.

The Excel file consists of 5 Excel worksheets:

1. Cover
2. 5 Minute Data
3. 1 Hour Data
4. 1 Day Data
5. Valid Data Exception Table

The data contained in this report is based on Australian Eastern Standard Time.

Averages are based on a minimum of 75% valid readings within the averaging period. All averages are calculated from the 5-minute data, while PM_{2.5} averages are calculated from 1-hour data.

Averaging periods of eight hours or less are reported for the end of the period, i.e. the hourly average 02:00am is for the data collected from 1:00am to 2:00am. For the purposes of calculating and reporting 4 and 8-hour averages, the first rolling average in a calendar day ends at 1.00 am, and includes hours from the previous calendar day. One-hour averages are calculated based on a clock hour. One day and one-year averages are calculated based on calendar days.

Wind Data Reporting

Wind speed and wind direction data associated with calm wind conditions are reported in accordance with the requirements of AS 3580.14-2014. Calm wind conditions are defined as wind speeds below the starting threshold of the wind speed / direction sensors. Sensor starting thresholds are given in Table 5 under “Measurement Range”.

BTEX Reporting

Results will be provided to Ecotech by the analytical laboratory and summarised within this report. Full analytical results will be included as an Appendix 3 at the end of this report.

2.0 Air Quality Standards and Goals

The air quality standards for pollutants monitored at the WGTP monitoring network are based on the Australian National Environmental Protection (Ambient Air Quality) Measure (NEPM) – 2016 and Air Toxic NEPM goals. The air quality goals are shown in Table 4 below.

Table 4: Network Air Quality Standards and Air Toxic NEPM Goals

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Units	Maximum allowable exceedances
CO	8 hours (rolling, based on 1-hour averages)	9.0	ppm	1 day a year
NO ₂	1 hour	120	ppb	1 day a year
NO ₂	1 year	30	ppb	None

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Units	Maximum allowable exceedances
Benzene ¹	1 year (based on 1-day averages)	0.003	ppm	8-year goal is to gather sufficient data nationally to facilitate development of a standard.
Toluene ¹	1 day	1	ppm	8-year goal is to gather sufficient data nationally to facilitate development of a standard.
	1 year (based on 1-day averages)	0.1	ppm	
Xylene ¹	1 day	0.25	ppm	8-year goal is to gather sufficient data nationally to facilitate development of a standard.
	1 year (based on 1-day averages)	0.2	ppm	
PM ₁₀	1 day	50	µg/m ³	None (see note)
PM ₁₀	1 year	20 ²	µg/m ³	None
PM _{2.5}	1 day	25	µg/m ³	None (see note)
PM _{2.5}	1 year	8	µg/m ³	None

Note:

Exceptional events are excluded from this standard. As per the Ambient Air Quality NEPM, **Exceptional event** means a fire or dust occurrence that adversely affects air quality at a particular location, and causes an exceedance of 1-day average standards in excess of normal historical fluctuations and background levels, and is directly related to: bushfire; jurisdiction authorised hazard reduction burning; or continental scale windblown dust.

¹ This value is monitoring investigation level of air pollution only, not limits according to Legislation F2011C00855 - National Environment Protection (Air Toxic) Measure 2011.

² This value is based on the State Environment Protection Policy (Ambient Air Quality) [SEPP(AAQ)] in Victoria.

Ecotech will include any valid data identified as being associated with an exceptional event in all report tables and graphic representations. However, 1-day averages associated with exceptional events will not be counted as exceedances of the Air Quality standard.

3.0 Calibrations and Maintenance

3.1. Units and Uncertainties

The uncertainties for each parameter have been determined by the manufacturer's tolerance limits of the equipment's parameters, and by the data collection standard method.

The reported uncertainties are expanded uncertainties, calculated using coverage factors which give a level of confidence of approximately 95%.

Table 5: Units and Uncertainties

Parameter	Units	Resolution	Uncertainty	Measurement Range ³
NO, NO _x (EC9841)	ppb	1 ppb	± 13 ppb or 10% of reading, whichever is the greater K factor of 2.0	0 ppb to 500 ppb
NO ₂ (EC9841)	ppb	1 ppb	± 17 ppb K factor of 2.0	0 ppb to 500 ppb
CO (EC9830)	ppm	0.1 ppm	± 1 ppm or 10% of reading, whichever is the greater K factor of 2.0	0 ppm to 50 ppm
PM ₁₀ (TEOM)	µg/m ³	0.1 µg/m ³	±5.0 µg/m ³ or 3.6% of reading, whichever is the greater K factor of 2.0	0 µg/m ³ to 1 g/m ³
PM _{2.5} (BAM 1020)	µg/m ³	1 µg/m ³	±5.0 µg/m ³ or 5.4% of reading, whichever is the greater k factor of 2.0	5 to 1000 µg/m ³

³ Uncertainties may not be calculated based on the full measurement range. Uncertainty for CO by EC9830 is calculated based on a range of 0-10 ppm. Uncertainty for NO, NO₂ and NO_x by EC 9841 are calculated based on a measurement range of 0-125 ppb.

Parameter	Units	Resolution	Uncertainty	Measurement Range ³
Vector Wind Speed	m/s	0.1 m/s	± 0.4 m/s or 2.0% of reading, whichever is greater K factor of 2.0	0 m/s to 30 m/s
Vector Wind Direction	Deg	1 deg	± 4 deg K factor of 2.0	0 deg to 360 deg <i>Starting threshold:</i> 0 m/s

3.2. Automatic calibration checks

Automatic span, zero and background checks occur each night for continuously monitored gaseous parameters. Data associated with these checks is invalidated and is not specifically referred to in the valid data exception reports. Table 6 displays the times for when these checks occur.

Table 6: Automatic Span/Zero and Background Check Times

Parameter	Span/Zero	Background
CO	01:00 to 01:25	23:45 to 23:55
NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	01:00 to 01:25	-

3.3. Maintenance

3.3.1. Maintenance notes

3.3.2. Calibration & Maintenance Summary Tables

The last calibrations for the following parameters were performed on the indicated dates. Data supplied after this time is subject to further validation, to be performed at the next calibration cycle.

Note: Maintenance and calibration dates may differ, as calibrations may be less frequent than scheduled maintenance visits.

Tables 7 - 11 on the next pages indicate when the particulate, gas and meteorological equipment were last maintained / calibrated.

Table 7: Station 1 Maintenance Table January 2018

Parameter	Date of Last Maintenance	Maintenance Type	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
PM ₁₀	05/01/18	Monthly	23/10/17	6-Monthly
PM _{2.5}	05/01/18	3 Monthly	22/09/17	Yearly
Wind Speed	05/01/18	Monthly	04/05/16 ⁴	2-Yearly
Wind Direction	05/01/18	Monthly	04/05/16 ⁴	2-Yearly

Table 8: Station 2 Maintenance Table January 2018

Parameter	Date of Last Maintenance	Maintenance Type	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
PM ₁₀	09/01/18	6 Monthly	09/01/18	6-Monthly
PM _{2.5}	09/01/18	Monthly	13/11/17	Yearly
Wind Speed	09/01/18	Monthly	24/05/16 ⁵	2-Yearly
Wind Direction	09/01/18	Monthly	24/05/16 ⁵	2-Yearly

Table 9: Station 3 Maintenance Table January 2018

Parameter	Date of Last Maintenance	Maintenance Type	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
PM ₁₀	05/01/18	Yearly	04/01/18	6-Monthly

⁴ Wind tunnel calibration performed on 04/05/2016 and installed at Station 1 on 22/07/2016. ⁵ Wind tunnel calibration performed on 24/05/2016 and installed at Station 2 on 12/09/2016.

Parameter	Date of Last Maintenance	Maintenance Type	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
PM _{2.5}	05/01/18	Yearly	04/01/18	Yearly
Wind Speed	04/01/18	Yearly	18/01/16 ⁶	2-Yearly
Wind Direction	04/01/18	Yearly	18/01/16 ⁶	2-Yearly

Table 10: Station 4 Maintenance Table January 2018

Parameter	Date of Last Maintenance	Maintenance Type	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
PM ₁₀	30/01/18	Monthly	30/01/18	6-Monthly
PM _{2.5}	30/01/18	Monthly	03/07/17	Yearly
CO	30/01/18	Monthly	30/01/18	Monthly
NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	30/01/18	Monthly	30/01/18	Monthly
BTEX	30/01/18	Weekly	Every sample	On supply of flow controller ⁷
Wind Speed	30/01/18	Monthly	21/10/16 ⁸	2-Yearly
Wind Direction	30/01/18	Monthly	21/10/16 ⁸	2-Yearly

⁶ Wind tunnel calibration performed on 18/01/2016 and installed at Station 3 on 06/02/2017.

⁷ Sampling flow orifice checks and calibrations performed by ALS for each orifice mass flow controller supplied.

Records are held by Ecotech and available on request.

⁸ Wind tunnel calibration performed on 21/10/2016 and installed at Station 4 on 22/11/2016.

Table 11: Station 5 Maintenance Table January 2018

Parameter	Date of Last Maintenance	Maintenance Type	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
PM ₁₀	19/01/18	Sensor unit replaced (ID: 99-0636 OUT ID: 14AB269901712 IN)	19/01/18	6-Monthly
PM _{2.5}	30/01/18	Unscheduled	06/04/17	Yearly
Wind Speed	08/01/18	Yearly	15/04/16 ⁹	2-Yearly
Wind Direction	08/01/18	Yearly	15/04/16 ⁹	2-Yearly

4.0 Results

4.1. Valid Data Capture

Valid data capture refers to the amount of valid data collected during the report period. It is based on 5-minute data for all continuously monitored parameters, with the exception of PM_{2.5}. The PM_{2.5} data is based on 1-hour data.

The percentage of valid data captured is calculated using the following equation:

$$\text{Percentage Valid Data capture} = (\text{Reported air quality data} / \text{Total data}) \times 100\%$$

Where:

- Reported air quality data = Number of samples (instrument readings) which have been validated through a quality assured process and excludes all data errors, zero data collection due to calibration, equipment failures, planned and unplanned maintenance.
- Total data = Total number of samples (instrument readings) expected for the sampling period. Total data is calculated based on the same averaging period as “reported air quality data” and the duration of the corresponding report period. e.g. for 5-minute data collected over a month of 31 days, the total data would be equal to 12 (5-minute samples in an hour) x 24 (hours in a day) x 31 (days in a month) = 8928 samples.

⁹ Wind tunnel calibration performed on 15/04/2016 and installed at Station 5 on 27/01/2017.

Table 12 on below displays data capture statistics for January 2018. **Bold** values in the table indicates the of percentage valid data capture below 85%.

Table 12: WGTP network Monthly Data Capture for January 2018

Parameter	Station 1 (%)	Station 2 (%)	Station 3 (%)	Station 4 (%)	Station 5 (%)
PM ₁₀	99.8	99.4	96.7	99.6	96.3
PM _{2.5}	99.7	99.7	96.4	99.6	90.5
WS, WD	100.0	96.1	99.9	99.9	99.9
CO	-	-	-	96.4	-
NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	-	-	-	97.6	-
BTEX	-	-	-	100	-

4.2. Air Quality Monthly Summary

Tables 13 - 18 below include a summary of any air quality exceedances recorded at WGTP network during the report period.

Table 13: Station 1 Exceedances recorded for January 2018

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
PM ₁₀	1 day	50 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-
PM _{2.5}	1 day	25 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-
PM ₁₀	1 year	20 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
PM _{2.5}	1 year	8 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-

Table 14: Station 2 Exceedances recorded for January 2018

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
PM ₁₀	1 day	50 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-
PM _{2.5}	1 day	25 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-
PM ₁₀	1 year	20 µg/m ³	1	20.5 µg/m ³	Year 2017
PM _{2.5}	1 year	8 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-

Table 15: Station 3 Exceedances recorded for January 2018

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
PM ₁₀	1 day	50 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-
PM _{2.5}	1 day	25 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-
PM ₁₀	1 year	20 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-
PM _{2.5}	1 year	8 µg/m ³	1	9 µg/m ³	Year 2017

Table 16: Station 4 Exceedances recorded for January 2018

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
PM ₁₀	1 day	50 µg/m ³	1	50.1 µg/m ³	19/01/18
PM _{2.5}	1 day	25 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-
PM ₁₀	1 year	20 µg/m ³	1	23.6 µg/m ³	Year 2017
PM _{2.5}	1 year	8 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-
CO	8-hour rolling	9 ppm	None recorded	-	-
NO ₂	1 hour	120 ppb	None recorded	-	-

Table 17: Station 4 readings above Monitoring Investigation Level recorded for January 2018

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
Toluene	1 day	1 ppm	None recorded	-	-
Xylenes	1 day	0.25 ppm	None recorded	-	-

Table 18: Station 5 Exceedances recorded for January 2018

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
PM ₁₀	1 day	50 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-
PM _{2.5}	1 day	25 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
PM ₁₀	1 year	20 µg/m ³	1	21.9 µg/m ³	Year 2017
PM _{2.5}	1 year	8 µg/m ³	None recorded	-	-

4.3. BTEX Analytical Results Summary

Table 19 below displays a summary of the analytical results for BTEX during the reporting period. Full analysis reports from ALS are included in Appendix 3. Results displayed as “<x ppb” indicated a reading below the lower detectable limit.

Table 19: Station 4 BTEX Analytical Results for January 2018

Parameter	Units	Samples				
Canister Number		C4981†	C4992†	C4740†	C4988†	C4982†
Sample Date		04/01/18	09/01/18	15/01/18	21/01/18	27/01/18
Benzene	ppb	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Toluene	ppb	3.0	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.1
Ethyl benzene	ppb	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
m,p-xylenes	ppb	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
o-xylene	ppb	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5

†Sample flow may have decreased towards the end of the 24 hours sampling period. Therefore, the reported result may not be fully representative of the 24-hour average concentration.

4.4. Graphic Representations

Validated 5-minute data for NO, NO₂, NO_x, CO and PM₁₀, and validated 1-hour data for PM_{2.5} were used to construct the following monthly graphic representations.

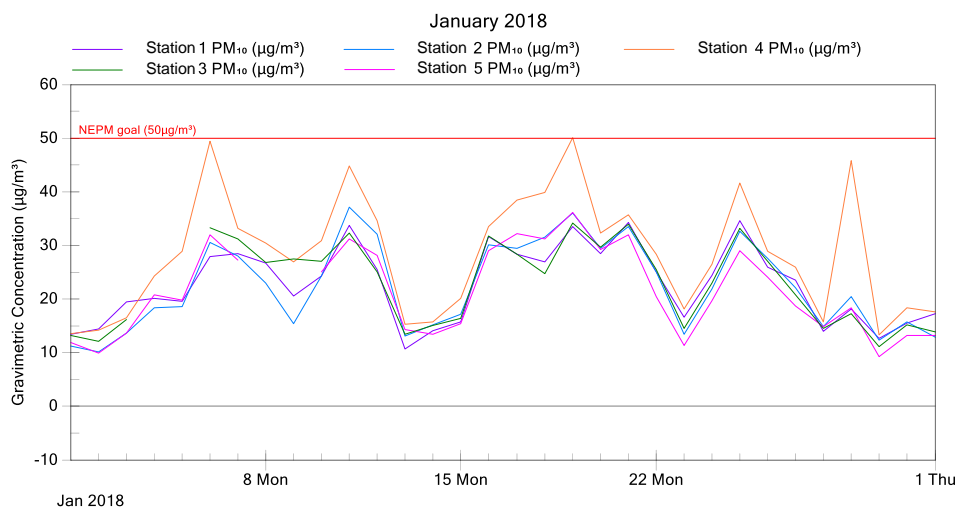


Figure 2: WGTP PM₁₀ 1-day Averages for January 2018

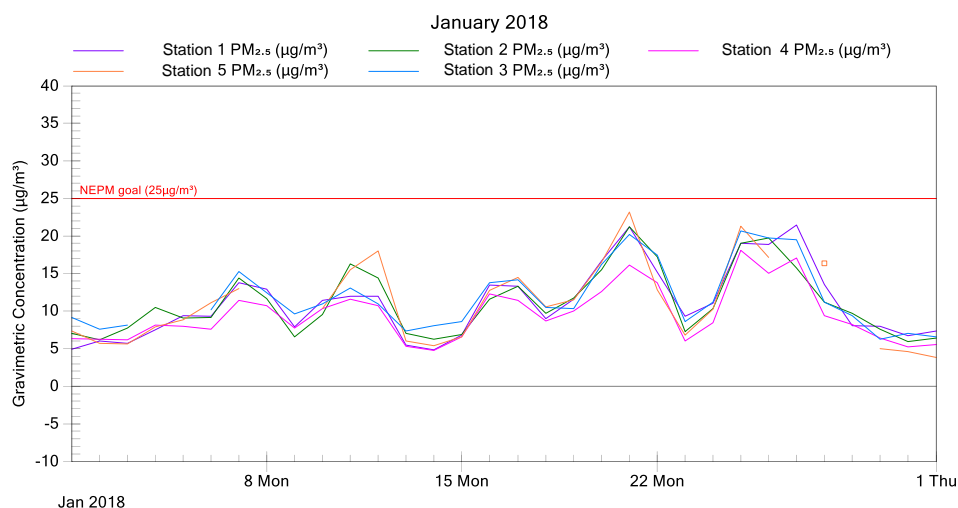
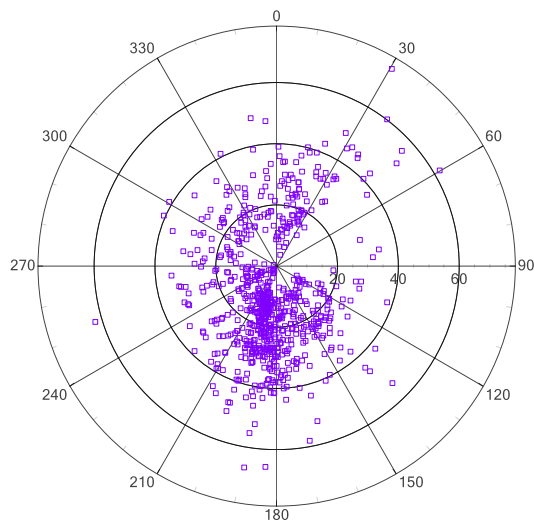


Figure 3: WGTP PM_{2.5} 1-day Averages for January 2018

Station 1 - PM₁₀ Scatter Plot

January 2018

Polar Scatter
□ PM₁₀ 1hr Avg (µg/m³)



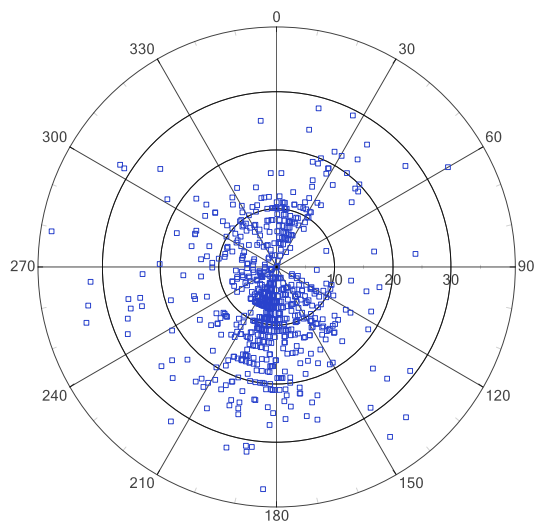
99.6% valid data present

Figure 4: Station 1 PM₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for January 2018

Station 1 - PM_{2.5} Scatter Plot

January 2018

Polar Scatter
□ PM_{2.5} 1hr Avg (µg/m³)



99.7% valid data present

Figure 5: Station 1 PM_{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for January 2018

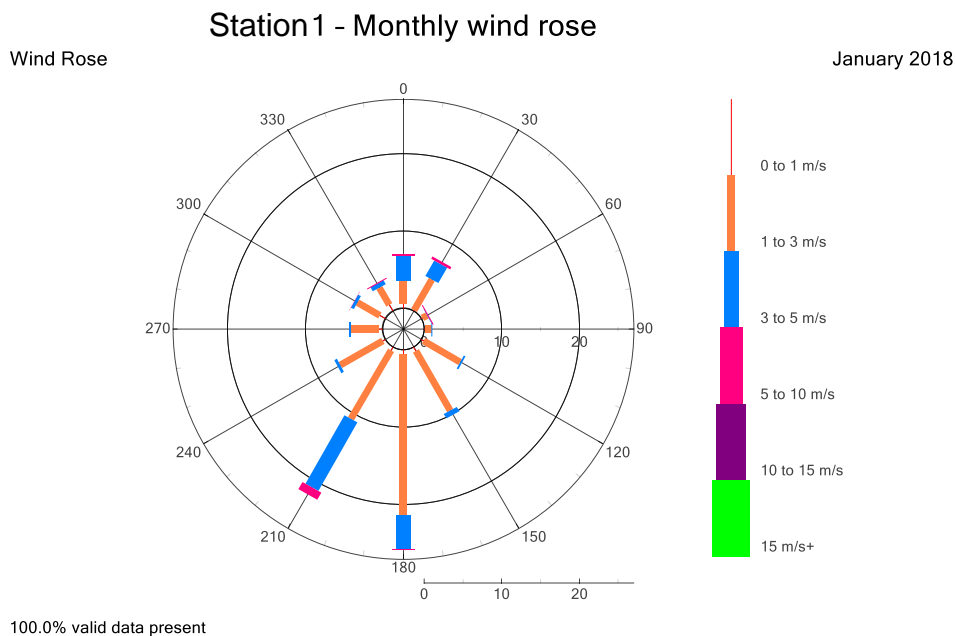


Figure 6: Station 1 Monthly Wind Rose for January 2018

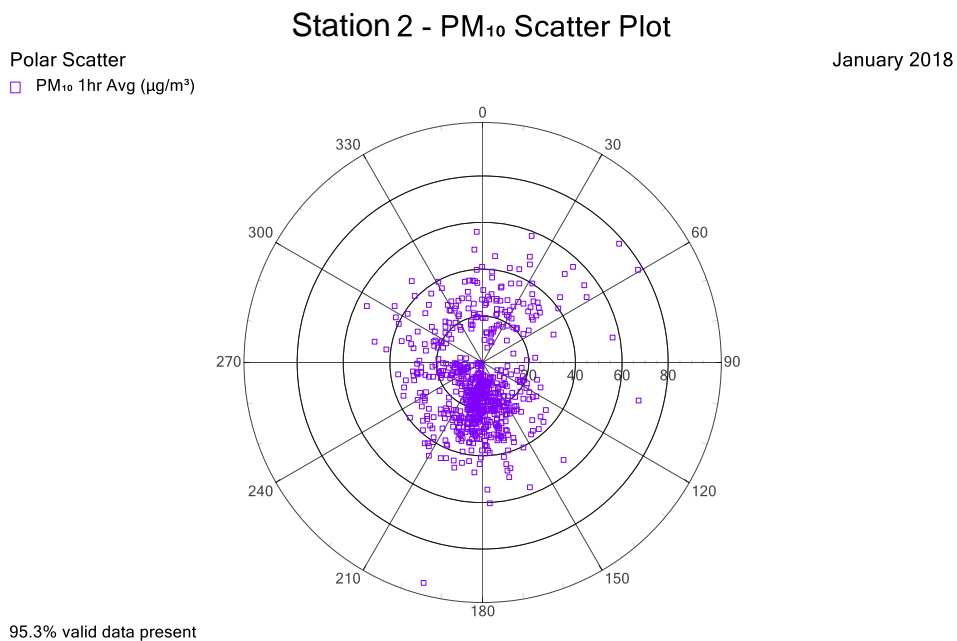


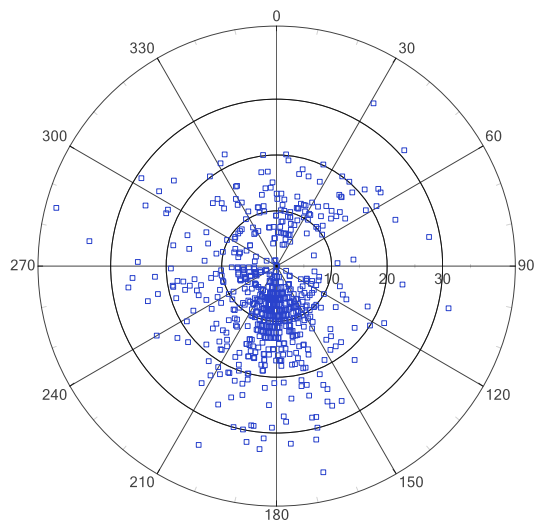
Figure 7: Station 2 PM₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for January 2018

Station 2 - PM_{2.5} Scatter Plot

January 2018

Polar Scatter

□ PM_{2.5} 1hr Avg (µg/m³)



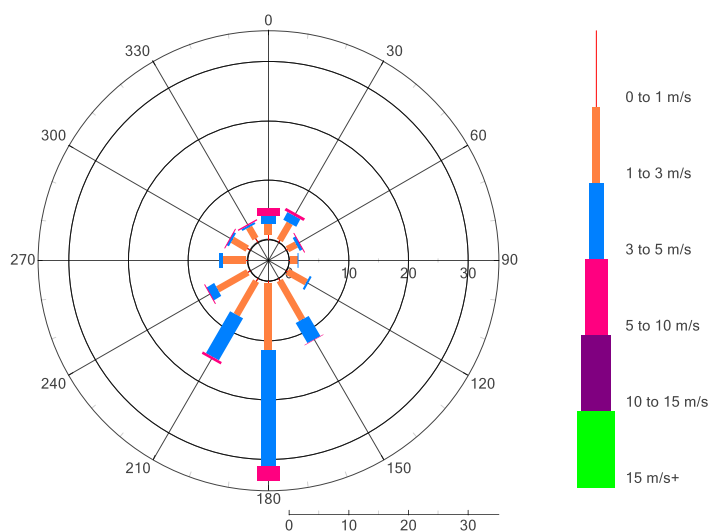
95.7% valid data present

Figure 8: Station 2 PM_{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for January 2018

Station 2 - Monthly wind rose

January 2018

Wind Rose



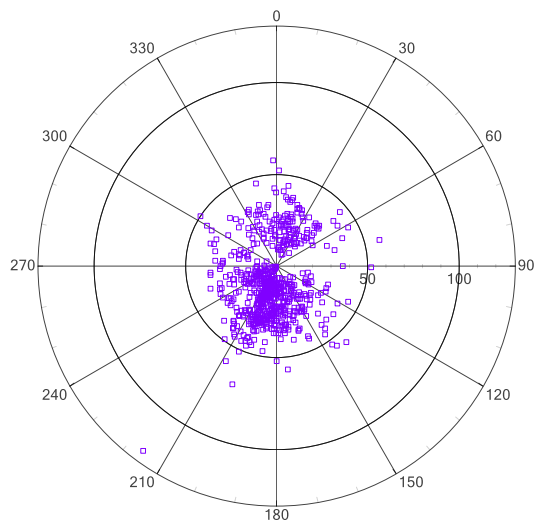
96.1% valid data present

Figure 9: Station 2 Monthly Wind Rose for January 2018

Station 3 - PM₁₀ Scatter Plot

January 2018

Polar Scatter
□ PM₁₀ 1hr Avg (µg/m³)



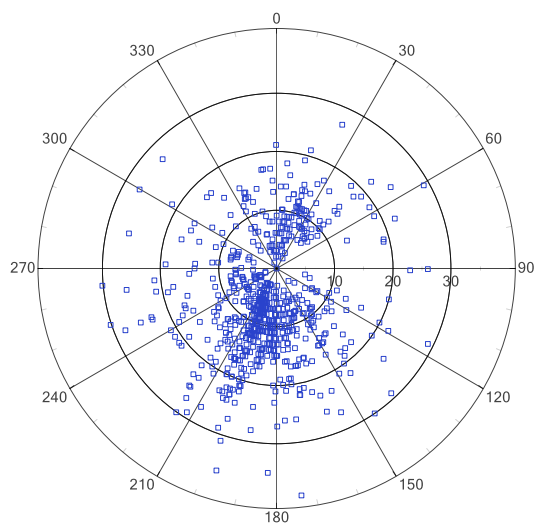
96.8% valid data present

Figure 10: Station 3 PM₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for January 2018

Station 3 - PM_{2.5} Scatter Plot

January 2018

Polar Scatter
□ PM_{2.5} 1hr Avg (µg/m³)



96.4% valid data present

Figure 11: Station 3 PM_{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for January 2018

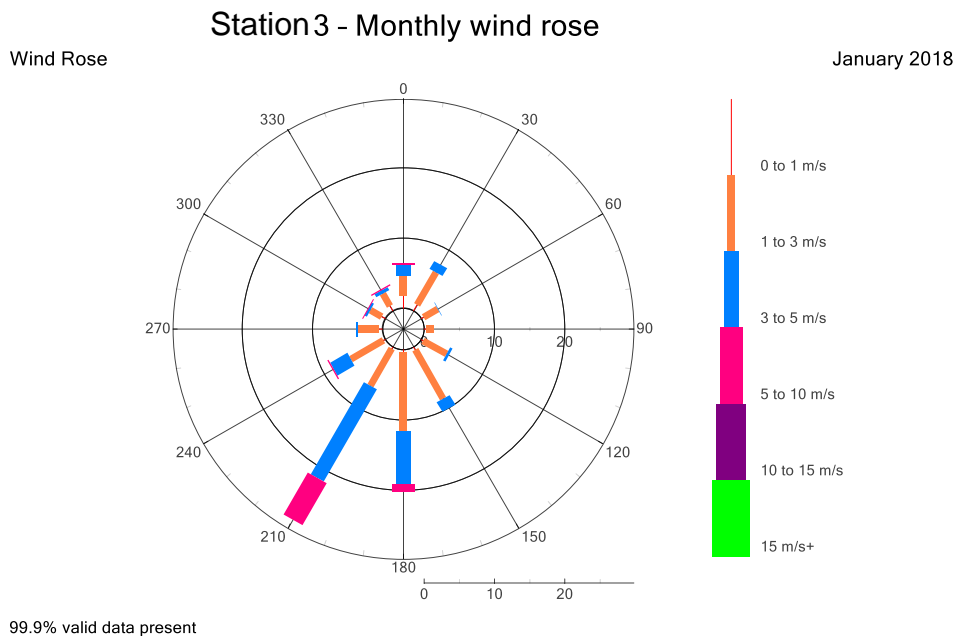


Figure 12: Station 3 Monthly Wind Rose for January 2018

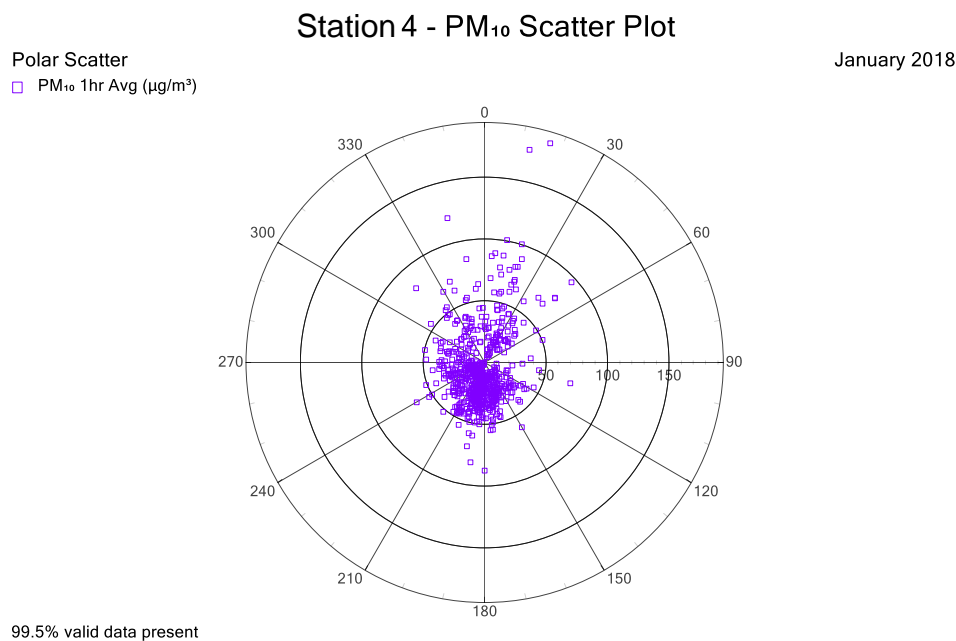
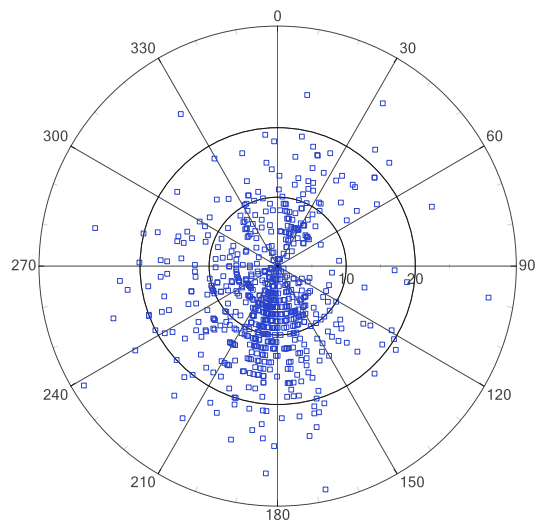


Figure 13: Station 4 PM₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for January 2018

Station 4 - PM_{2.5} Scatter Plot

January 2018

Polar Scatter
□ PM_{2.5} 1hr Avg (µg/m³)



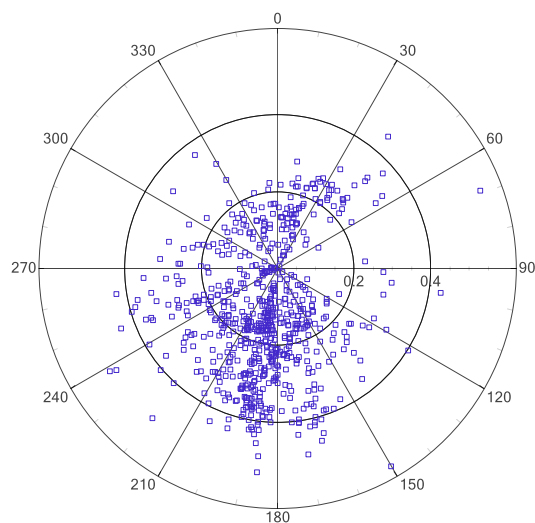
99.5% valid data present

Figure 14: Station 4 PM_{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for January 2018

Station 4 - CO Scatter Plot

January 2018

Polar Scatter
□ CO 1hr Avg (ppm)



95.3% valid data present

Figure 15: Station 4 CO 1-hour Averages scatter plot for January 2018

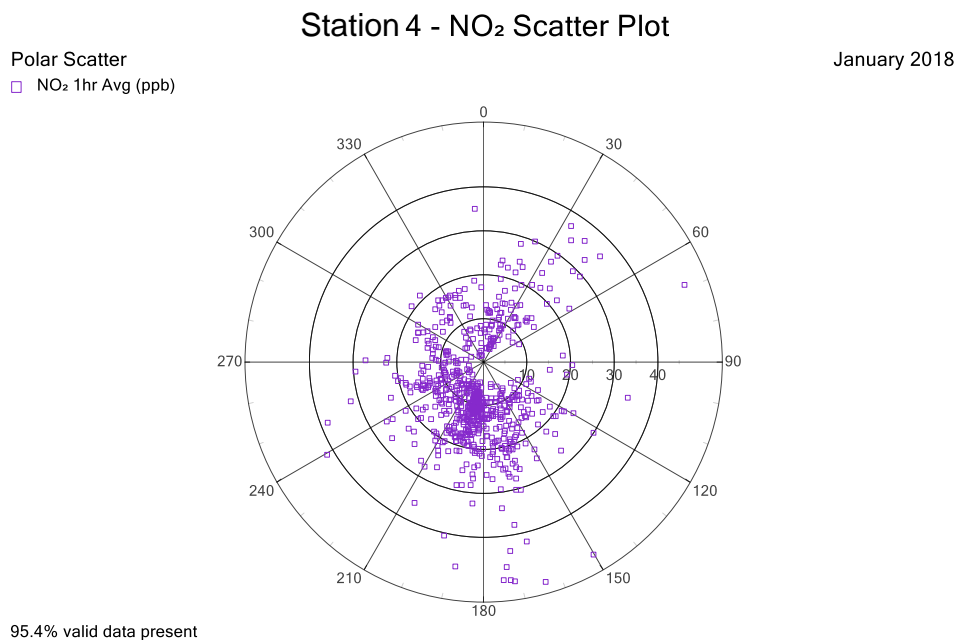


Figure 16: Station 4 NO₂ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for January 2018

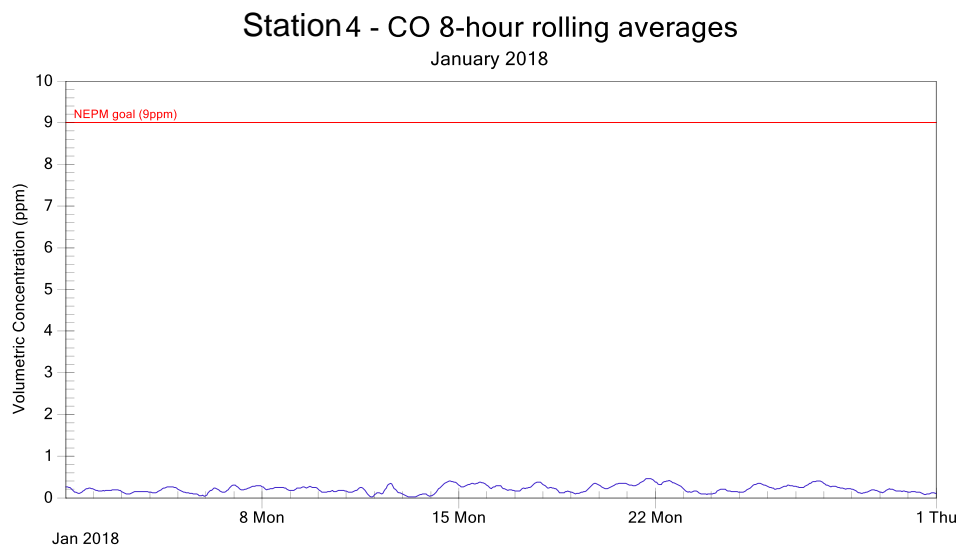


Figure 17: Station 4 CO 8-hours rolling Averages for January 2018

Station 4 - NO₂ 1-hour rolling averages

January 2018

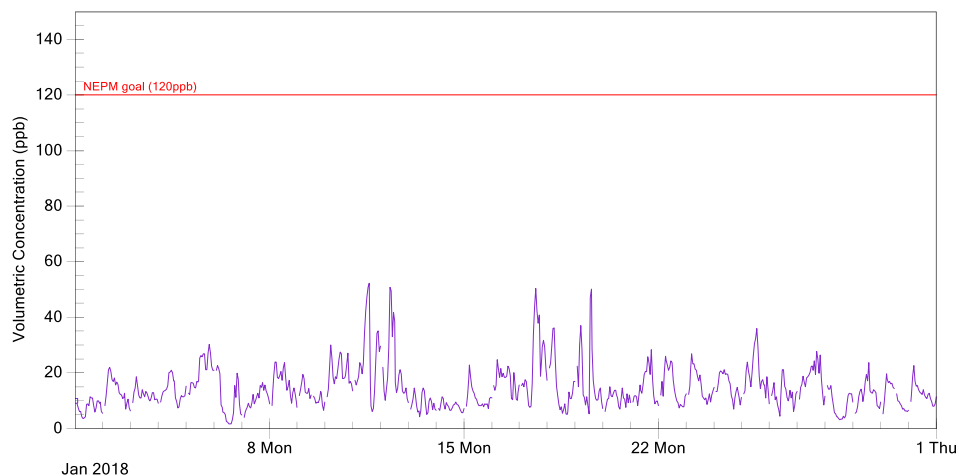


Figure 18: Station 4 NO₂ 1-hour Averages for January 2018

Station 4 - Monthly wind rose

Wind Rose

January 2018

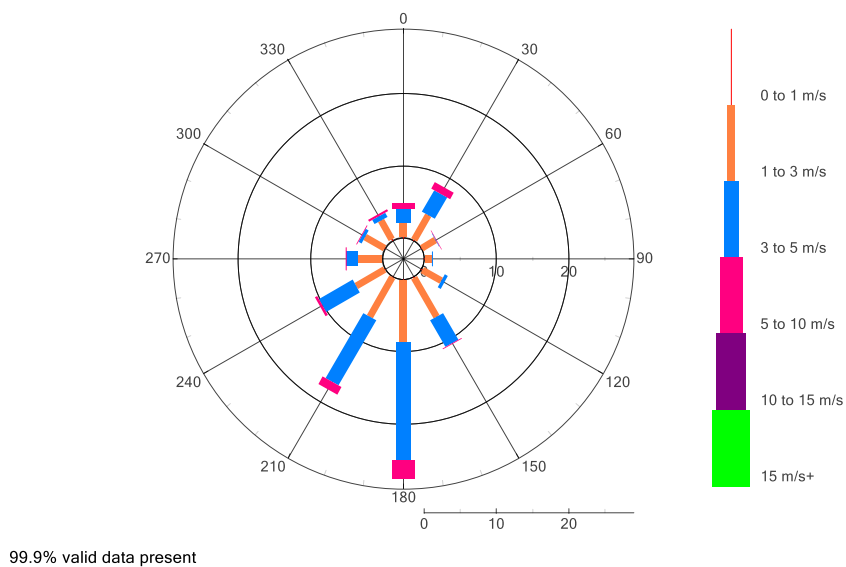
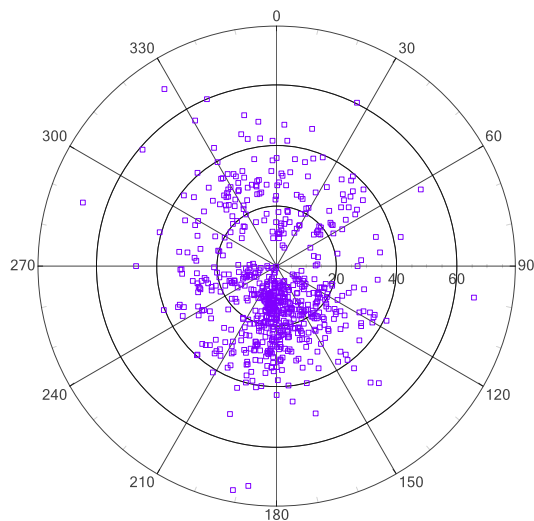


Figure 19: Station 4 Monthly Wind Rose for January 2018

Station 5 - PM₁₀ Scatter Plot

January 2018

Polar Scatter
□ PM₁₀ 1hr Avg (µg/m³)



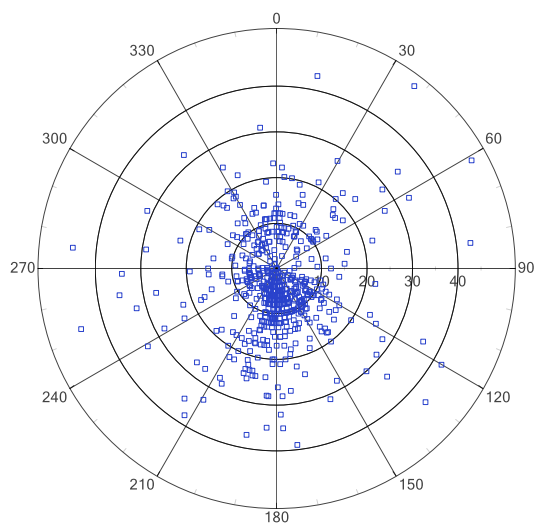
96.1% valid data present

Figure 20: Station 5 PM₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for January 2018

Station 5 - PM_{2.5} Scatter Plot

January 2018

Polar Scatter
□ PM_{2.5} 1hr Avg (µg/m³)



90.5% valid data present

Figure 21: Station 5 PM_{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for January 2018

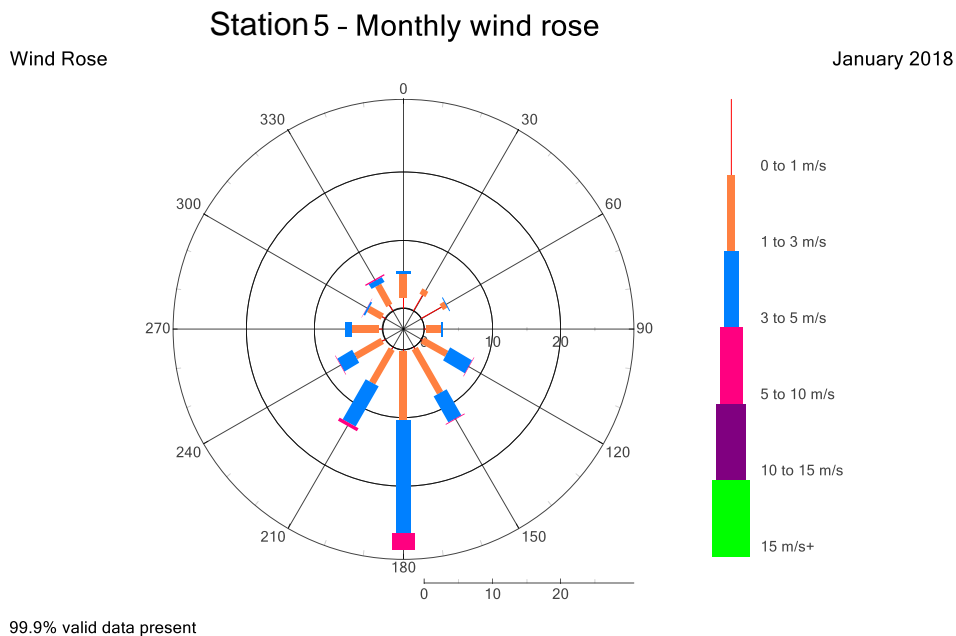


Figure 22: Station 5 Monthly Wind Rose for January 2018

5.0 Valid Data Exception Table

Tables 20 - 24 below detail all changes made to the raw data set during the validation process. An explanation of reasons given in the table can be found in Appendix 2.

Table 20: Station 1 Valid Data Exception Table

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
05/01/18 11:00	05/01/18 12:00	Scheduled 3 monthly maintenance - BAM tape replaced, flow audit and leak test performed.	PM _{2.5}	DL	19/02/18
05/01/18 12:30	05/01/18 14:15	Scheduled monthly maintenance - TEOM flow audit, leak test performed and filter changed.	PM ₁₀	DL	19/02/18

Table 21: Station 2 Valid Data Exception Table

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
09/01/18 11:00	09/01/18 12:00	Scheduled monthly maintenance - Flow audit and leak test performed.	PM _{2.5}	DL	19/02/18
09/01/18 12:10	09/01/18 16:15	Scheduled 6 monthly maintenance - TEOM calibration and filter changed	PM ₁₀	DL	19/02/18
28/01/18 14:50	31/01/18 10:40	Intermittent logger faults - Only BAM and TEOM data can be recovered from the instruments	WS & WD	DL	19/02/18
29/01/18 11:55	29/01/18 12:20	Non-scheduled maintenance - Logger reset	WS, WD, PM ₁₀	DL	19/02/18
31/01/18 03:40	31/01/18 03:40	Data affected by logger fault	PM ₁₀	DL	19/02/18
31/01/18 10:45	31/01/18 10:50	Logger reset	WS, WD, PM ₁₀	DL	19/02/18

Table 22: Station 3 Valid Data Exception Table

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
04/01/18 09:00	05/01/18 11:05	Scheduled yearly maintenance - BAM and TEOM calibrations and zero checked performed. TEOM filter changed	PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀	DL	19/02/18
04/01/18 13:55	04/01/18 14:20	Scheduled yearly maintenance - Wind sensor zero check performed.	WS, WD	DL	19/02/18
05/01/18 11:10	05/01/18 11:55	Scheduled yearly maintenance - Zero filter removed	PM ₁₀	DL	19/02/18
08/01/18 20:55	08/01/18 21:10	Unrealistic data - Possible moisture interference	PM ₁₀	DL	19/02/18

Table 23: Station 4 Valid Data Exception Table

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
01/01/18 01:30	31/01/18 01:50	Additional instrument stabilisation following the automatic span checks	CO	DL	19/02/18
03/01/18 13:45	03/01/18 15:05	Scheduled monthly maintenance - Flow audit and leak test performed. TEOM filter changed. BTX TO-15 Canister changed over	PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀	DL	19/02/18
04/01/18 00:30	04/01/18 23:30	Sample C4981 flow final vacuum was low. Sample flow may have decreased towards the end of the 24 hours sampling period. Therefore, the reported result may not be fully representative of the 24 hours average concentration	BTX TO-15	DL	19/02/18
08/01/18 09:40	08/01/18 09:40	Data transmission error	CO, NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	DL	19/02/18
08/01/18 12:00	08/01/18 12:00	Scheduled weekly maintenance - BTX TO-15 Canister changed over	No data affected	DL	19/02/18
09/01/18 00:30	09/01/18 23:30	Sample C4992 flow final vacuum was low. Sample flow may have decreased towards the end of the 24 hours sampling period. Therefore, the reported result may not be fully representative of the 24 hours average concentration	BTX TO-15	DL	19/02/18
09/01/18 13:20	09/01/18 14:10	Scheduled 3 monthly maintenance - CO & NO _x calibrations	CO, NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	DL	19/02/18
11/01/18 11:35	11/01/18 12:00	Scheduled weekly maintenance - BTX TO-15 Canister changed over and Data logger analog Input check	CO, WS & WD	DL	19/02/18
11/01/18 12:55	11/01/18 13:55	Data intermittently affected by maintenance	CO	DL	19/02/18
12/01/18 01:00	12/01/18 01:55	Brief power interruption and subsequent instrument stabilisation	PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀ , CO, NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	DL	19/02/18

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
15/01/18 00:30	15/01/18 23:30	Sample C4740 flow final vacuum was low. Sample flow may have decreased towards the end of the 24 hours sampling period. Therefore, the reported result may not be fully representative of the 24 hours average concentration	BTX TO-15	DL	19/02/18
17/01/18 15:00	17/01/18 15:15	Scheduled weekly maintenance - BTX TO-15 Canister changed over	No data affected	DL	19/02/18
21/01/18 00:30	21/01/18 23:30	Sample C4988 flow final vacuum was low. Sample flow may have decreased towards the end of the 24 hours sampling period. Therefore, the reported result may not be fully representative of the 24 hours average concentration	BTX TO-15	DL	19/02/18
23/01/18 15:00	23/01/18 15:30	Scheduled weekly maintenance - BTX TO-15 Canister changed over	No data affected	DL	19/02/18
27/01/18 00:30	27/01/18 23:30	Sample 4982 flow final vacuum was low. Sample flow may have decreased towards the end of the 24 hours sampling period. Therefore, the reported result may not be fully representative of the 24 hours average concentration	BTX TO-15	DL	19/02/18
29/01/18 14:30	29/01/18 14:45	Scheduled weekly maintenance - BTX TO-15 Canister removed	No data affected	DL	19/02/18
30/01/18 13:05	30/01/18 15:25	Scheduled monthly maintenance & BTX TO-15 Canister installed	PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀ , CO, NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	DL	19/02/18

Table 24: Station 5 Valid Data Exception Table

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
08/01/18 10:00	09/01/18 09:55	Scheduled yearly maintenance - BAM and TEOM calibrations and zero checked performed. TEOM filter changed	PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀	DL	19/02/18

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
09/01/18 10:00	09/01/18 10:20	Scheduled yearly maintenance - Zero filter removed and TEOM PM ₁₀ AT shield replaced/upgraded	PM ₁₀	DL	19/02/18
11/01/18 06:00	18/01/18 06:15	Intermittent unrealistic data - WS spikes	WS & WD	DL	19/02/18
11/01/18 09:55	11/01/18 11:45	Non-scheduled maintenance - TEOM Amplifier Board Tuning re-check	PM ₁₀	DL	19/02/18
12/01/18 14:00	28/01/18 23:00	Intermittent unrealistic data - Data affected by interference from sample humidity due to shelter conditions	PM _{2.5}	DL	19/02/18
19/01/18 14:20	19/01/18 18:35	Non-scheduled maintenance - TEOM sensor unit replaced due to yearly amplifier tuning test failed during previous maintenance visits	PM ₁₀	DL	19/02/18
19/01/18 14:30	19/01/18 14:35	Data affected by maintenance	WS & WD	DL	19/02/18
22/01/18 14:00	30/01/18 00:00	Intermittent unrealistic data - Readings out of instrument range	PM _{2.5}	DL	19/02/18
30/01/18 11:00	30/01/18 11:00	Non-scheduled maintenance - Aircon temperature adjusted and BAM 1020 heater setpoint changed from 35% to 30%	PM _{2.5}	DL	19/02/18

6.0 Report Summary

- The percentage of valid data capture for most of parameters at WGTP network was above 85% for the reporting month.
- The flow final vacuums of all canisters sampled during January 2018 were low. The sample flow may have decreased towards the end of the 24 hours sampling period. Therefore, the reported results may not be fully representative of the 24-hour average concentration.
- There was one recorded PM₁₀ readings over the exceedance limits at Station 4 during the reporting month. Refer to Table 16 for more details.
- There were three recorded PM₁₀ readings over the exceedance limits at stations 2, 4 and 5 during the year of 2017 according to the State Environment Protection Policy. Refer to Tables 14, 16 and 18 for more details.

- There was one recorded PM_{2.5} readings over the exceedance limits at Station 3 during the year of 2017. Refer to Table 15 for more details.

-----END OF REPORT-----

Appendix 1 - Definitions & Abbreviations

$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	Micrograms per cubic metre at standard temperature and pressure (0°C and 101.3 kPa)
BTEX	Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl Benzene and Xylene <i>ortho</i> -, <i>meta</i> - and <i>para</i> -isomers
calm	Wind conditions where the wind speed is below the operating range of the wind sensor
CO	Carbon monoxide
deg	Degrees (True North)
m/s	Metres per second
NO	Nitric oxide
NO ₂	Nitrogen dioxide
NO _x	Oxides of nitrogen
PM ₁₀	Particulate less than 10 microns in equivalent aerodynamic diameter
PM _{2.5}	Particulate less than 2.5 microns in equivalent aerodynamic diameter
ppb	Parts per billion
ppm	Parts per million
Sigma	Sigma Theta is the standard deviation of the horizontal wind direction fluctuations over the averaging period.
WD	Vector Wind Direction
WS	Vector Wind Speed

Appendix 2 - Explanation of Exception Table

Automatic background check refers to when analyser samples zero air and measures the level of the concentration voltage. This voltage is taken as the zero signal level and this value is subtracted from any subsequent readings as an active zero compensation. This is the analyser's fine zero measurement.

Beta count failure refers to a fault in the functioning of the beta attenuation monitor.

Calibration check outside tolerance refers to when the calibration values are outside the tolerance limits set for the precision check.

Calibration correction factor applied to data refers to an offset or multiplier applied to the data. This operation may be performed for a number of reasons including: (a) when a clear trend / drift outside the tolerance limit can be demonstrated by repeated operation precision checks, (b) when a correction is required on previously logged data due to a calibration check being outside the allowable tolerance.

Commissioning refers to the initial setup and calibration of the instrument when it is first installed. For some instruments there may be a stabilisation period before normal operation commences.

Data affected by environmental conditions – wind speed spike refers to when a one-off high reading occurs due to a natural occurrence such as a bird sitting on the wind sensor, or some other event causing the readings to spike.

Data transmission error refers to a period of time when the instrument could not transmit data. This may be due to interference, or a problem with the phone line or modem.

Equipment malfunction/instrument fault refers to a period of time when the instrument was not in the normal operating mode and did not measure a representative value of the existing conditions.

Gap in data/data not available refers to a period of time when either data has been lost or could not be collected.

Instrument Alarm refers to an alarm produced by the instrument. A range of alarms can be produced depending on how operation of the instrument is being affected.

Instrument out of service refers to a lack of data due to an instrument being shut down for repair, maintenance, or factory calibration.

Linear offset or multiplier refers to when an offset or multiplier has been applied between two points where the values of the offset or multiplier are different and the correction is interpolated between the two points.

Logger error refers to when an error occurs and instrument readings are not correctly recorded by the logger.

Maintenance refers to a period of time when the logger / instrument was switched off due to maintenance.

Overnight span/zero out of tolerance refers to when the span/zero reading measured by the analyser during an automatic precision check falls outside of the expected concentration limits.

Overnight zero out of tolerance refers to when the automatic zero reading measured by the analyser falls outside the expected limits.

Power Interruption refers to no power to the station therefore no data was collected at this time.

Remote Calibration refers to when a technician remotely connects to the station and manually performs a span check.

Static offset or multiplier refers to when a single offset or multiplier has been applied to the data between two points either to increase or decrease the measured value.

Tape break refers to the breaking of the beta attenuation monitor sample tape during operation.

Warm up after power interruption refers to the start up period of an instrument after power has been restored.

Appendix 3 – BTEX Analytical Results

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : **EN1801147**
Client : **ECOTECH PTY LTD**
Contact : **LARA NICHOLAS**
Address : **1492 FERNTREE GULLY ROAD**
KNOXFIELD VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA 3180
Telephone : **+61 03 9730 7800**
Project : **WD4 PRIMULA AVE**
Order number : **234215**
C-O-C number : **----**
Sampler : **Daniel Raymond**
Site : **----**
Quote number : **NE/070/17**
No. of samples received : **2**
No. of samples analysed : **2**

Page : 1 of 4
Laboratory : Environmental Division Newcastle
Contact : Hayley Withers
Address : 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West NSW Australia 2304
Telephone : +612 4014 2500
Date Samples Received : 12-Jan-2018 08:45
Date Analysis Commenced : 12-Jan-2018
Issue Date : 16-Jan-2018 13:26



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Surrogate Control Limits

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Dale Semple	Analyst	Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW
Daniel Junek	Senior Air Analyst	Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW
Daniel Junek	Senior Air Analyst	Newcastle, Mayfield West, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key : CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

Ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.

~ = Indicates an estimated value.

- EP101: Results reported in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ are calculated from PPBV results based on a temperature of 25°C and atmospheric pressure of 101.3 kPa.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure - As Received are measured under controlled conditions using calibrated laboratory gauges. These results are expressed as an Absolute Pressure. Equivalent gauge pressures may be calculated by subtracting the Pressure - Laboratory Atmosphere taken at the time of measurement.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure - Gauge as Received are obtained from uncalibrated field gauges and are indicative only. These results may not precisely match calibrated gauge readings and may vary from field measurements due to changes in temperature and pressure



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: AIR (Matrix: AIR)				Client sample ID		301217 C4985_S2824	040118 C4981_S2856	----	----	----
Client sampling date / time				30-Dec-2017 00:00		04-Jan-2018 00:00		----	----	----
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EN1801147-001	EN1801147-002	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Result				Result	Result	----	----	----	----	----
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15 (Calculated Concentration)										
Benzene	71-43-2	1.6	µg/m³	<1.6	<1.6	----	----	----	----	----
Toluene	108-88-3	1.9	µg/m³	3.0	11.3	----	----	----	----	----
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	2.2	µg/m³	<2.2	<2.2	----	----	----	----	----
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	4.3	µg/m³	<4.3	<4.3	----	----	----	----	----
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	2.2	µg/m³	<2.2	<2.2	----	----	----	----	----
Naphthalene	91-20-3	2.6	µg/m³	<2.6	<2.6	----	----	----	----	----
Total Xylenes	----	6.6	µg/m³	<6.6	<6.6	----	----	----	----	----
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r										
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	----	----	----	----	----
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	0.8	3.0	----	----	----	----	----
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	----	----	----	----	----
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	1.0	ppbv	<1.0	<1.0	----	----	----	----	----
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	----	----	----	----	----
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	----	----	----	----	----
Total Xylenes	----	1.5	ppbv	<1.5	<1.5	----	----	----	----	----
Sampling Quality Assurance										
Pressure - As received	PRESSURE	0.1	kPaa	89.0	100	----	----	----	----	----
Pressure - Gauge as Received	----	1	Inches Hg	-4	-1	----	----	----	----	----
Pressure - Laboratory Atmosphere	----	0.1	kPaa	101	101	----	----	----	----	----
Temperature as Received	----	0.1	°C	22.0	22.0	----	----	----	----	----
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Surrogates										
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.5	%	98.7	102	----	----	----	----	----

Page : 4 of 4
Work Order : EN1801147
Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Surrogate Control Limits

Sub-Matrix: **AIR**

		Recovery Limits (%)	
Compound	CAS Number	Low	High
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Surrogates			
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	60	140

QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

Work Order	: EN1801147	Page	: 1 of 3
Client	: ECOTECH PTY LTD	Laboratory	: Environmental Division Newcastle
Contact	: LARA NICHOLAS	Contact	: Hayley Withers
Address	: 1492 FERNTREE GULLY ROAD KNOXFIELD VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA 3180	Address	: 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West NSW Australia 2304
Telephone	: +61 03 9730 7800	Telephone	: +612 4014 2500
Project	: WD4 PRIMULA AVE	Date Samples Received	: 12-Jan-2018
Order number	: 234215	Date Analysis Commenced	: 12-Jan-2018
C-O-C number	: ----	Issue Date	: 16-Jan-2018
Sampler	: Daniel Raymond		
Site	: ----		
Quote number	: NE/070/17		
No. of samples received	: 2		
No. of samples analysed	: 2		



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report; Relative Percentage Difference (RPD) and Acceptance Limits
- Method Blank (MB), Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits
- Matrix Spike (MS) and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

<i>Signatories</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Accreditation Category</i>
Dale Semple	Analyst	Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW
Daniel Juneke	Senior Air Analyst	Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW
Daniel Juneke	Senior Air Analyst	Newcastle, Mayfield West, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis. Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high

Key :
 Anonymous = Refers to samples which are not specifically part of this work order but formed part of the QC process lot
 CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.
 LOR = Limit of reporting
 RPD = Relative Percentage Difference
 # = Indicates failed QC

Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

The quality control term Laboratory Duplicate refers to a randomly selected intralaboratory split. Laboratory duplicates provide information regarding method precision and sample heterogeneity. The permitted ranges for the Relative Percent Deviation (RPD) of Laboratory Duplicates are specified in ALS Method QWI-EN/38 and are dependent on the magnitude of results in comparison to the level of reporting: Result < 10 times LOR: No Limit; Result between 10 and 20 times LOR: 0% - 50%; Result > 20 times LOR: 0% - 20%.

Sub-Matrix: **AIR**

				Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report					
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r (QC Lot: 1368357)									
EN1801147-001	301217 C4985_S2824	EP101-H: Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP101-H: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	0.8	0.8	0.00	No Limit
		EP101-H: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP101-H: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP101-H: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	1	ppbv	<1.0	<1.0	0.00	No Limit



Method Blank (MB), Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report

The quality control term Method / Laboratory Blank refers to an analyte free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in standard sample preparation. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential laboratory contamination. The quality control terms Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) and Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate (DCS) refers to certified reference materials, or known interference free matrices spiked with target analytes. The purpose of these QC parameters are to monitor method precision and accuracy independent of sample matrix. Dynamic Recovery Limits are based on statistical evaluation of processed LCS and DCS.

Sub-Matrix: AIR		Method Blank (MB) Report			Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report						
		LOR	Unit	Result	Spike Concentration	Spike Recovery (%)		Recovery Limits (%)		RPDs (%)	
						LCS	DCS	Low	High	Value	Control Limit
Method: Compound	CAS Number										
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r (QCLot: 1368357)											
EP101-H: Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	97.4	98.1	77	114	25	25
EP101-H: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	99.6	103	78	115	25	25
EP101-H: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	106	105	82	121	25	25
EP101-H: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	1	ppbv	<1.0	200 ppbv	100	100	82	122	25	25
	106-42-3										
EP101-H: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	103	100	83	122	25	25

- No Matrix Spike (MS) or Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) Results are required to be reported.

QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review

Work Order	: EN1801147	Page	: 1 of 4
Client	: ECOTECH PTY LTD	Laboratory	: Environmental Division Newcastle
Contact	: LARA NICHOLAS	Telephone	: +612 4014 2500
Project	: WD4 PRIMULA AVE	Date Samples Received	: 12-Jan-2018
Site	: ----	Issue Date	: 16-Jan-2018
Sampler	: Daniel Raymond	No. of samples received	: 2
Order number	: 234215	No. of samples analysed	: 2

This report is automatically generated by the ALS LIMS through interpretation of the ALS Quality Control Report and several Quality Assurance parameters measured by ALS. This automated reporting highlights any non-conformances, facilitates faster and more accurate data validation and is designed to assist internal expert and external Auditor review. Many components of this report contribute to the overall DQO assessment and reporting for guideline compliance.

Brief method summaries and references are also provided to assist in traceability.

Summary of Outliers

Outliers : Quality Control Samples

This report highlights outliers flagged in the Quality Control (QC) Report.

- **NO** Method Blank value outliers occur.
- **NO** Duplicate outliers occur.
- **NO** Laboratory Control outliers occur.
- **NO** Matrix Spike outliers occur.
- For all regular sample matrices, **NO** surrogate recovery outliers occur.

Outliers : Analysis Holding Time Compliance

- **NO** Analysis Holding Time Outliers exist.

Outliers : Frequency of Quality Control Samples

- **NO** Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers exist.



Analysis Holding Time Compliance

If samples are identified below as having been analysed or extracted outside of recommended holding times, this should be taken into consideration when interpreting results.

This report summarizes extraction / preparation and analysis times and compares each with ALS recommended holding times (referencing USEPA SW 846, APHA, AS and NEPM) based on the sample container provided. Dates reported represent first date of extraction or analysis and preclude subsequent dilutions and reruns. A listing of breaches (if any) is provided herein.

Holding time for leachate methods (e.g. TCLP) vary according to the analytes reported. Assessment compares the leach date with the shortest analyte holding time for the equivalent soil method. These are: organics 14 days, mercury 28 days & other metals 180 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all non-volatile parameters.

Holding times for VOC in soils vary according to analytes of interest. Vinyl Chloride and Styrene holding time is 7 days; others 14 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all VOC analytes and should be verified in case the reported breach is a false positive or Vinyl Chloride and Styrene are not key analytes of interest/concern.

Matrix: **AIR**

Evaluation: ✖ = Holding time breach ; ✔ = Within holding time.

Method	Sample Date	Extraction / Preparation			Analysis		
Container / Client Sample ID(s)		Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r							
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (EP101-H) 040118 - C4981_S2856	04-Jan-2018	----	----	----	15-Jan-2018	03-Feb-2018	✓
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (EP101-H) 301217 - C4985_S2824	30-Dec-2017	----	----	----	15-Jan-2018	29-Jan-2018	✓
Sampling Quality Assurance							
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (CAN-001) 040118 - C4981_S2856	04-Jan-2018	----	----	----	12-Jan-2018	04-Jan-2019	✓
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (CAN-001) 301217 - C4985_S2824	30-Dec-2017	----	----	----	12-Jan-2018	30-Dec-2018	✓



Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance

The following report summarises the frequency of laboratory QC samples analysed within the analytical lot(s) in which the submitted sample(s) was(were) processed. Actual rate should be greater than or equal to the expected rate. A listing of breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

Matrix: **AIR**

Evaluation: ✖ = Quality Control frequency not within specification ; ✔ = Quality Control frequency within specification.

Quality Control Sample Type		Count		Rate (%)			Quality Control Specification
Analytical Methods	Method	QC	Regular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation	
Duplicate Control Samples (DCS)							
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	3	33.33	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Laboratory Duplicates (DUP)							
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	3	33.33	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Laboratory Control Samples (LCS)							
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	3	33.33	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Method Blanks (MB)							
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	3	33.33	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard



Brief Method Summaries

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the US EPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request. The following report provides brief descriptions of the analytical procedures employed for results reported in the Certificate of Analysis. Sources from which ALS methods have been developed are provided within the Method Descriptions.

Analytical Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Canister Sampling - Field Data	CAN-001	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO14 / TO15
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO15r Volatile Organic Compounds in Air by USEPA TO15. Aliphatic and Aromatic Hydrocarbons
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15 (mass/volume)	EP101-H-MV	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO15r Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15 (Calculated Concentration)



If sourced from an ALS Laboratory: please tick →

Client Supplied Canister(s)? Y / N

TABLE 20.21 Summary of the results of the analysis of variance for the data in Table 20.19

3395841E 25yth Street Stafford QLD 4053
Ph: 07 3340 7222 E: namyia.brown@sths.qcaa.qld.edu.au

200 LADSTONE 48 Calaverita Drive Canyon GLD 4180
 Tel: 916 747 5521 • ladstone@ladstone.com

SHAWKAY 36 Harbour Road, Mackay, QLD 4740
Ph: 07 4941 0177 E. mackay@shawglobal.com

MELBURN 242 24 Westall Road Springvale VIC 3171
Ph. 05562 9900 E samples.melbourne@bris.gov.au

■MUGGER 129 Sydney Road Mudgee NSW 2858
Ph: 02 65721573 E: muggers.mudgee@nsw.gov.au

NEWCASTLE 6565 Holborn Road, Newcastle, NSW 2304
Ph: 02 4041 1808. E: enquiries@newcastleflorist.com.au

INQVIRA 612 Geary Pkwy North Haven NSW 2541
Ph: 02 4423 2003 E: north@iqvira.com

QUEST - 10 Mod May Biology 11th E300
Ph: 662-20 1656 E: sarah@earthlink.net

OSWALDY 177-285 Vineland Road Southold NY 11964
Tel: 02 8754 8865 E-mail: oswald@attglobal.net

OTTUMPSVILLE 14-18 Niagara Court Suite 4018
 PH: (87 4796) 0600 E: ottumpsville@ottumpsville.com

CHILLONGONG 34 Kenny Street Wokingham NSW 2406
Dr. GUYTON JAMES B. gujames@chillongong.com.au

Toll: Axm 2000116

[illegible]



AIR SAMPLING EQUIPMENT

DISPATCH RECORD

Inquiries: Client Services - Newcastle Phone: +61 (02) 4014 2500

E-mail: samples.newcastle@alsenviro.com

Dispatch to:		ALS Use ONLY	
Client / Office:	ECOTECH	Request Received By:	HW
Contact:	Lara Nicholas	Deliver By:	asap
Telephone:	03 9730 7800	Dispatched By:	asap
ALS Quotation:	NE/070/17	Workorder:	
Delivery Address:	1492 Ferntree Gully Rd Knoxfield, VIC 3180	Agreed Rent Free Period:	14 days

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Air Sampling Equipment Request

CANISTERS

No.	Canister Type	Size	Gauge	Valve	Cap	Rental ¹
2	Entech Silonite Canister (Summa™)	6L	Yes	S	Yes	\$200 ea

No. Returned

Leak Checked

Certified OK

Analyte Intake & Date

6/8 6/12/17

CONNECTORS AND FLOW CONTROL DEVICES

No.	Equipment Type	Duration	Flow	Piece	Gauge	Certified	Sealed / Vacuum	Connection	No. Returned	Rental ¹
2	Passive Sampler - TWA	24hr	-	No	Yes	Yes	Yes / No	S		Incl Above
	1/4" Swagelok connectors and ferrules (spares)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		\$5 ea. Replacement

2 Other (specify) CLIENT SAMPLERS (CLEANED)

¹ Refer to Acceptance of Terms



ALS use only:	
Sampling Guide Included (Y/N):	Packed by: <i>LS</i>
Number of Boxes:	Dispatch Time / Date: <i>1/8 6/12/17</i>
Courier / Dispatcher:	Consignment Note Number: <i>ECN009561412</i>
	Consignment Dispatched by: <i>KAP</i>

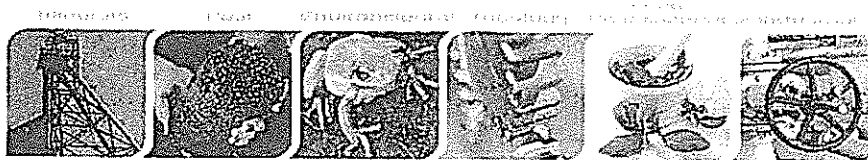


AIR SAMPLING EQUIPMENT

DISPATCH RECORD

ALS SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT

Item	Quantity	Item Description	Serial Nos
	2	6L Silonite Summa™ canister	4981 ✓ 4985 ✓
	2	Passive Sampler - TWA - 24hr	2824 ✓ 2856 ✓



Canister Verification Report

Canister No: 4985 - Sample on 30/12/17

Specified Purpose:	USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite) Ambient Air	Verification Date:	29-Nov-2017
		Valid To (At least):	27-Dec-2017
		Verification File:	171129_07.D

Canister Type:	Entech Silonite - Summa Style	Last Stability Check:	03-Jul-2017
Canister Size:	6L	Next Check Scheduled:	03-Jul-2019
Valve Type:	TOV2	Analyst:	K. Gelderman
Dispatch Pressure:	<0.01 psia	Approved for Dispatch by:	<i>rs 6/12/17</i>

Canister Verification Process

Canisters are verified for use for the requested analyses and applications of known. For most applications, canisters are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to valves. Stability checks are performed after 5 years or if damage to the canister is suspected, then every two years, within the designated holding time to ensure each canister is capable of holding the target chemicals without significant degradation.

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Verification	
			Goal (<)	Result
			ppbv	ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene		0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane		0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene		0.2	<0.2

Qualifiers - F: Fails Stability Check, V: Fails Verification

ALIENT SOLUTIONS

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Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Verification	Result
			Goal (<) ppbv	
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene		0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane		0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane		0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene		0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone		0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene		0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2		0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane			0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester		0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol		0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE		0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane			0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane			0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester		0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	α-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol		0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide		0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal		0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA		0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene		0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE		0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME		0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA		0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride		0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene		0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene		0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane		0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene			0.2	<0.2

Qualifiers - F: Fails Stability Check, V: Fails Verification

QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES

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Sampler Verification Report

Sampler No: 2824

Specified Purpose: USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite) **Verification Date:** 29-Nov-2017
LORs Required: Ambient Air **Valid To (At least):** 27-Dec-2017
Sampler Type: Passive Sampler **Verification File:** 171129_14.D

Flow Rate Calibrated at: 3.5 ml/min **Analyst:** K. Gelderman

Calibrated by: kg 30/11/17 **Approved for Dispatch by:** kg 6/12/17

Sampler Verification Protocol

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to ppbv	Result ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene	0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene	0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane	0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene	0.2	<0.2

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Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to ppbv	Result ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
m- & p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene	0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane	0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane	0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene	0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone	0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene	0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2	0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane		0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester	0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol	0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE	0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane		0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane		0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester	0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	α-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol	0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide	0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal	0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA	0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE	0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME	0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA	0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride	0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene	0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene	0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane	0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene		0.2	<0.2

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Canister Verification Report

Canister No: 4981 - Sampled on 4/11/18

Specified Purpose:	USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite) Ambient Air	Verification Date:	29-Nov-2017
		Valid To (At least):	27-Dec-2017
		Verification File:	171129_06.D
Canister Type:	Entech Silonite - Summa Style	Last Stability Check:	22-Sep-2016
Canister Size:	6L	Next Check Scheduled:	22-Sep-2018
Valve Type:	Nupro	Analyst:	K. Gelderman
Dispatch Pressure:	<0.01 psia	Approved for Dispatch by:	<u>KS 6/12/17</u>

Canisters are verified "fit for purpose" for the requested analyses and applications (if known). For most applications, canisters are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to valves. Stability checks are performed after 5 years or if damage to the canister is suspected, then every two years, within the designated holding time to ensure each canister is capable of holding the target chemicals without significant degradation.

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Verification	Result
			Goal (<) ppbv	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene		0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane		0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene		0.2	<0.2

Qualifiers - F: Fails Stability Check, V: Fails Verification

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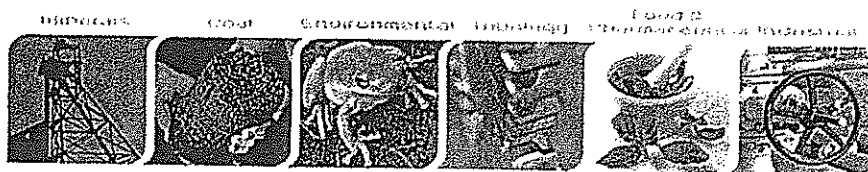
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Verification	Result
			Goal (<) ppbv	
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
m- & p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene		0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane		0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane		0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene		0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone		0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene		0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2		0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane			0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester		0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol		0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE		0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane			0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane			0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester		0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	α-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol		0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide		0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal		0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA		0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene		0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE		0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME		0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA		0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride		0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene		0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene		0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane		0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene			0.2	<0.2

Qualifiers - F: Fails Stability Check, V: Fails Verification

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Sampler Verification Report

Sampler No: 2856

Specified Purpose: USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)
LORs Required: Ambient Air
Sampler Type: Passive Sampler

Verification Date: 05-Dec-2017
Valid To (At least): 02-Jan-2018
Verification File: 171205_06.D

Flow Rate Calibrated at: 3-5 ml/min

Analyst: K. Gelderman

Calibrated by: *kg 5/12/17*

Approved for Dispatch by: *kg 6/12/17*

Sampler Verification Protocol

Sample collection and analysis must be conducted in accordance with the relevant standards and protocols. The results of the verification must be reported in the verification report.

The results of the verification must be reported in the verification report.

Target Compound

Alt. Name

Verified to

Result

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to	Result
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform	ppbv	ppbv
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene	0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene	0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane	0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene	0.2	<0.2

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Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to ppbv	Result ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene	0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane	0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane	0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene	0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone	0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene	0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2	0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane		0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester	0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol	0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE	0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane		0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane		0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester	0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	o-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol	0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide	0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal	0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA	0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE	0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME	0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA	0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride	0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene	0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene	0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane	0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene		0.2	<0.2

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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order	: EN1801287	Page	: 1 of 4
Amendment	: 2		
Client	: ECOTECH PTY LTD	Laboratory	: Environmental Division Newcastle
Contact	: LARA NICHOLAS	Contact	: Hayley Withers
Address	: 1492 FERNTREE GULLY ROAD KNOXFIELD VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA 3180	Address	: 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West NSW Australia 2304
Telephone	: +61 03 9730 7800	Telephone	: +612 4014 2500
Project	: WD4 PRIMULA AVE	Date Samples Received	: 23-Jan-2018 11:10
Order number	: 234215	Date Analysis Commenced	: 29-Jan-2018
C-O-C number	: ----	Issue Date	: 14-Feb-2018 11:44
Sampler	: Daniel Raymond		
Site	: ----		
Quote number	: NE/070/17		
No. of samples received	: 3		
No. of samples analysed	: 3		



Accreditation No. 825
Accredited for compliance with
ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Surrogate Control Limits

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

<i>Signatories</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Accreditation Category</i>
Dale Semple	Analyst	Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW
Daniel Juneke	Senior Air Analyst	Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW
Daniel Juneke	Senior Air Analyst	Newcastle, Mayfield West, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key : CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.
LOR = Limit of reporting
^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
~ = Indicates an estimated value.

- Amendment (14/02/2018): This report has been amended as a result of misinterpretation of sample identification numbers (IDs). All analysis results are as per the previous report
- Amendment (06/02/2018): This report has been amended to correct sampling dates. All analysis results are as per the previous report.
- EP101: Results reported in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ are calculated from PPBV results based on a temperature of 25°C and atmospheric pressure of 101.3 kPa.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure - As Received are measured under controlled conditions using calibrated laboratory gauges. These results are expressed as an Absolute Pressure. Equivalent gauge pressures may be calculated by subtracting the Pressure - Laboratory Atmosphere taken at the time of measurement.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure - Gauge as Received are obtained from uncalibrated field gauges and are indicative only. These results may not precisely match calibrated gauge readings and may vary from field measurements due to changes in temperature and pressure



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: AIR (Matrix: AIR)				Client sample ID		221217 C4768_S2856	090118 C4992_S1620	150118 C4740_S9318	----	----	
Client sampling date / time						22-Dec-2017 23:30	09-Jan-2018 23:30	15-Jan-2018 23:30	----	----	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EN1801287-001		EN1801287-002		EN1801287-003		-----	-----
				Result		Result		Result		----	----
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15 (Calculated Concentration)											
Benzene	71-43-2	1.6	µg/m³	<1.6		<1.6		<1.6		----	----
Toluene	108-88-3	1.9	µg/m³	4.1		<1.9		2.2		----	----
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	2.2	µg/m³	<2.2		<2.2		<2.2		----	----
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	4.3	µg/m³	<4.3		<4.3		<4.3		----	----
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	2.2	µg/m³	<2.2		<2.2		<2.2		----	----
Naphthalene	91-20-3	2.6	µg/m³	<2.6		<2.6		<2.6		----	----
Total Xylenes	----	6.6	µg/m³	<6.6		<6.6		<6.6		----	----
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r											
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		----	----
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	1.1		0.5		0.6		----	----
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		----	----
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	1.0	ppbv	<1.0		<1.0		<1.0		----	----
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		----	----
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	ppbv	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		----	----
Total Xylenes	----	1.5	ppbv	<1.5		<1.5		<1.5		----	----
Sampling Quality Assurance											
Pressure - As received	PRESSURE	0.1	kPaa	98.7		102		97.2		----	----
Pressure - Gauge as Received	----	1	Inches Hg	-2		-1		-2		----	----
Pressure - Laboratory Atmosphere	----	0.1	kPaa	101		101		101		----	----
Temperature as Received	----	0.1	°C	22.0		22.0		22.0		----	----
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Surrogates											
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.5	%	110		110		111		----	----




Surrogate Control Limits

Sub-Matrix: AIR		Recovery Limits (%)	
Compound	CAS Number	Low	High
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Surrogates			
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	60	140



If sourced from an ALS Laboratory: please tick →

Client Supplied Canister(s)? Y / N

 **McGraw-Hill** 21 Burnside Road, Scarborough, SA 5005
 Ph. 08 8359 0099 E: enquiries@mcgraw-hill.com

DARISSANE 2 Byth Street Stafford QLD 4052
 Ph: 07 3243 7222 E: samples@highspeedglobal.com

COLADSTONE 48 Colerenden Drive Minter QLD 4880
Ph: 07 7471 5606 E: coladstone@coladstone.com

MACKEY: 75 Harbour Road Mackay QLD 4740
Ph: 07 4944 0477 E: mackey@macglobal.com

MELBOURNE 2-4 WINDFALL Road Springvale VIC 3171
Ph. 03 8549 9600 E. gm@melbourne2.org.au

 MUDGEE 1/29 Sydney Road Mudgee NSW 2854
 Ph: 02 8072 8735 E: mudgee@mudgeematerials.com

NEWCASTLE 6426 Madras Road, Mayfield NSW 2304
Ph: 02 4914 2500 E: sam@ke.newcastlemediajournal.com

CHOWRA, 4113 Gary Place North Hollywood 454 7541
PH: 323 4423 2001 E: novyn@261scolor.com

PERTH 10 hrs Wey Major W4 H000
P: 06 4203 7895 E: enquiries@edwardmitchell.com.au

230 0687 277-280 Redoubt Road Sanfield 4 010 2164
 277-280 Redoubt Road Sanfield 4 010 2164

WTC/MSVLE 14-15 Dennis Court Suite 4012
Ph: 02-4760 0600 E: info@msvle.com.au

QWOLLONGONG 48 Penny Street Wollongong NSW 2500
Ph. 02 4225 1125 E: info@wollongong.com.au

ENFM (201A/2)



AIR SAMPLING EQUIPMENT

Inquiries: Client Services - Newcastle Phone: +61 (02) 4014 2500 E-mail: samples.newcastle@alsenviro.com

Dispatch to:		ALS Use ONLY	
Client / Office:	ECOTECH	Request Received By:	HW
Contact:	Lara Nicholas	Deliver By:	asap
Telephone:	03 9730 7800	Dispatched By:	asap
ALS Quotation:	NE/070/17	Workorder:	
Delivery Address:	1492 Ferntree Gully Rd Knoxfield VIC 3180	Agreed Rent Free Period:	14 days

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Air Sampling Equipment Request

CANISTERS

No.	Canister type	Size	Gauge	Valve	Cap	Rental	Leak Checked	Certified OK
2	Entech Silonite Canister (Summa™)	6L	Yes	S	Yes	\$200 ea	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	22/12/17

CONNECTORS AND FLOW CONTROL DEVICES

No.	Equipment type	Duration	Flow	Temp	Gauge	Certified	Sealed / Vacuum	Connection	No. Returned	Rental
2	Passive Sampler - TWA	24hr			No	Yes	Yes	S		Incl Above
	1/4" Swagelok connectors and ferrules (spares)						Yes / No			\$5 ea. Replacement

Other (specify) 2x Ecotech cleaned samples

¹ Refer to Acceptance of Terms

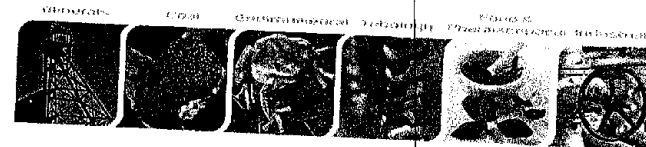
ALS use only	
Sampling Guide Included (Y/N)	Packed by:
Number of Boxes:	Dispatch Time / Date
Courier / Dispatcher:	Consignment Note Number: TWAP003018
	Consignment Dispatched by: KH

* Please return the plugs + nuts from the Ecotech samplers. They are owned by ALS

ENFMCDR1.1 11-05-11

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AIR SAMPLING EQUIPMENT

DISPATCH RECORD

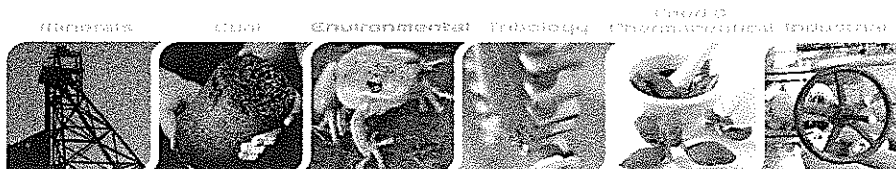
ALS SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT

Item	Quantity	Item Description	Serial Nos
	2	6L Silonite Summa™ canister	4992 ✓ 4740 ✓
	2	Passive Sampler - TWA - 24hr 3.5mL/min	2831 1834

ENFMCDR1.1 11-05-11

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Canister Verification Report

Canister No: 4992

Sampled on 9/11/18

Specified Purpose: USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)
Ambient Air

Verification Date: 13-Dec-2017
Valid To (At least): 10-Jan-2018
Verification File: 171212_23.D

Canister Type: Entech Silonite - Summa Style
Canister Size: 6L
Valve Type: Nupro
Dispatch Pressure: <0.01 psia

Last Stability Check: 17-Jul-2017
Next Check Scheduled: 17-Jul-2019
Analyst: K. Gelderman
Approved for Dispatch by: *kg 22/12/17*

Canister Verification Method

Canisters are verified fit for purpose for the requested analyses and applications in legend. For most applications, canisters are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to valves. Stability checks are performed after 3 years or if damage to the canister is suspected, then every two years, within the designated holding time to ensure each canister is capable of holding the target chemicals without significant degradation.

USEPA TO15 Method

USEPA TO15 Method is used to verify the canister is clean and suitable for the requested analyses and applications in legend. The canister is verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

ALS Method

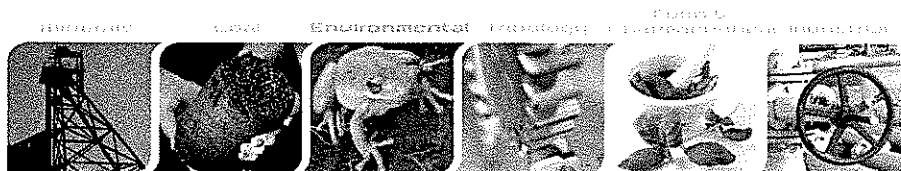
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Verification	Result
			Goal (<) ppbv	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene		0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane		0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene		0.2	<0.2

Qualifiers - F: Fails Stability Check, V: Fails Verification

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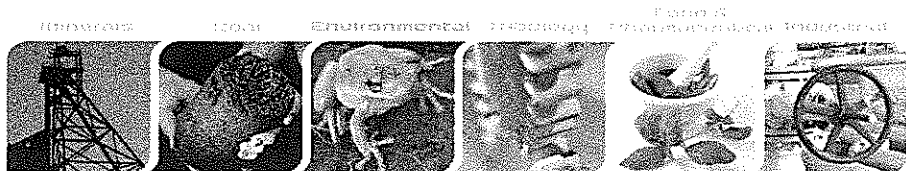
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Verification	Result
			Goal (<) ppbv	
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene		0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane		0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane		0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene		0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone		0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene		0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2		0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane			0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester		0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol		0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE		0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane			0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane			0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester		0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	α-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol		0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide		0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal		0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA		0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene		0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE		0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME		0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA		0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride		0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene		0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene		0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane		0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene			0.2	<0.2

Qualifiers - F: Fails Stability Check, V: Fails Verification

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Canister Verification Report

Canister No: 4740 *sampled on 15/11/18*

Specified Purpose: USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)
Ambient Air

Verification Date: 13-Dec-2017
Valid To (At least): 10-Jan-2018
Verification File: 171212_24.D

Canister Type: Entech Silonite - Summa Style

Last Stability Check: 07-Mar-2017

Canister Size: 6L

Next Check Scheduled: 07-Mar-2019

Valve Type: Nupro

Analyst: K. Gelderman

Dispatch Pressure: <0.01 psia

Approved for Dispatch by: *[Signature]* 22/12/17

Canister Verification Protocol

Canisters are verified 'fit for purpose' for the requested analytes and applications (if known). For most applications, canisters are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to valves. Stability checks are performed after 5 years or if damage to the canister is suspected, then every two years, within the designated holding time to ensure each canister is capable of holding the target chemicals without significant degradation.

ALS Accredited TO15

ALS is a member of the International Association of Certified Canister Manufacturers (IACCM) and is a member of the International Association of Certified Canister Manufacturers (IACCM) and is a member of the International Association of Certified Canister Manufacturers (IACCM).

ALS is a member of the International Association of Certified Canister Manufacturers (IACCM).

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Verification	
			Goal (<)	Result
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform		0.2 ppbv	<0.2 ppbv
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene		0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane		0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene		0.2	<0.2

Qualifiers - F: Fails Stability Check, V: Fails Verification

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Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Verification	Result
			Goal (<) ppbv	
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
m- & p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene		0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane		0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane		0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene		0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone		0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene		0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2		0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane			0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester		0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol		0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE		0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane			0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane			0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester		0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	α-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol		0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide		0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal		0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA		0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene		0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE		0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME		0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA		0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride		0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene		0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene		0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane		0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene			0.2	<0.2

Qualifiers - F: Fails Stability Check, V: Fails Verification

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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order	: EN1801399	Page	: 1 of 4
Amendment	: 2		
Client	: ECOTECH PTY LTD	Laboratory	: Environmental Division Newcastle
Contact	: LARA NICHOLAS	Contact	: Hayley Withers
Address	: 1492 FERNTREE GULLY ROAD	Address	: 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West NSW Australia 2304
	KNOXFIELD VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA 3180		
Telephone	: +61 03 9730 7800	Telephone	: +612 4014 2500
Project	: WD4 PRIMULA AVE	Date Samples Received	: 01-Feb-2018 09:00
Order number	: 234215	Date Analysis Commenced	: 01-Feb-2018
C-O-C number	: ----	Issue Date	: 22-Feb-2018 11:38
Sampler	: Daniel Raymond		
Site	: ----		
Quote number	: NE/070/17		
No. of samples received	: 2		
No. of samples analysed	: 2		



Accreditation No. 825
Accredited for compliance with
ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Surrogate Control Limits

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

<i>Signatories</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Accreditation Category</i>
Dale Semple	Analyst	Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW
Dale Semple	Analyst	Newcastle, Mayfield West, NSW
Daniel Juneke	Senior Air Analyst	Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key : CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting

Ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.

~ = Indicates an estimated value.

- Amendment (22/02/2018): This report has been amended as a result of a request to change sample dates received by ALS from Diep Lam on 22/02/18. All analysis results are as per the previous report.
- Amendment (21/02/2018): This report has been amended as a result of misinterpretation of sample identification numbers (IDs). All analysis results are as per the previous report
- EP101: Results reported in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ are calculated from PPBV results based on a temperature of 25°C and atmospheric pressure of 101.3 kPa.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure - As Received are measured under controlled conditions using calibrated laboratory gauges. These results are expressed as an Absolute Pressure. Equivalent gauge pressures may be calculated by subtracting the Pressure - Laboratory Atmosphere taken at the time of measurement.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure - Gauge as Received are obtained from uncalibrated field gauges and are indicative only. These results may not precisely match calibrated gauge readings and may vary from field measurements due to changes in temperature and pressure



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL GAS
 (Matrix: AIR)

Client sample ID

				270118 C4982 S1621	210118 C4988 S2831	----	----	----
Client sampling date / time				27-Jan-2018 00:00	21-Jan-2018 00:00	----	----	----
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EN1801399-001	EN1801399-002	-----	-----	-----
				Result	Result	----	----	----
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15 (Calculated Concentration)								
Benzene	71-43-2	1.6	µg/m³	<1.6	<1.6	----	----	----
Toluene	108-88-3	1.9	µg/m³	4.1	2.6	----	----	----
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	2.2	µg/m³	<2.2	<2.2	----	----	----
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	4.3	µg/m³	<4.3	<4.3	----	----	----
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	2.2	µg/m³	<2.2	<2.2	----	----	----
Naphthalene	91-20-3	2.6	µg/m³	<2.6	<2.6	----	----	----
Total Xylenes	----	6.6	µg/m³	<6.6	<6.6	----	----	----
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r								
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	----	----	----
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	1.1	0.7	----	----	----
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	----	----	----
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	1.0	ppbv	<1.0	<1.0	----	----	----
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	----	----	----
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	----	----	----
Total Xylenes	----	1.5	ppbv	<1.5	<1.5	----	----	----
Sampling Quality Assurance								
Pressure - As received	PRESSURE	0.1	kPaa	95.4	91.2	----	----	----
Pressure - Gauge as Received	----	1	Inches Hg	-2	-3	----	----	----
Pressure - Laboratory Atmosphere	----	0.1	kPaa	101	101	----	----	----
Temperature as Received	----	0.1	°C	21.0	21.0	----	----	----
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Surrogates								
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.5	%	108	110	----	----	----



Surrogate Control Limits

Sub-Matrix: **SOIL GAS**

		Recovery Limits (%)	
Compound	CAS Number	Low	High
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Surrogates			
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	60	140

QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

Work Order : **EN1801399**

Page : 1 of 3

Amendment : **2**

Client : **ECOTECH PTY LTD**

Contact : LARA NICHOLAS

Address : 1492 FERNTREE GULLY ROAD
KNOXFIELD VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA 3180

Telephone : +61 03 9730 7800

Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE

Order number : 234215

C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : Daniel Raymond

Site : ----

Quote number : NE/070/17

No. of samples received : 2

No. of samples analysed : 2

Laboratory : Environmental Division Newcastle

Contact : Hayley Withers

Address : 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West NSW Australia 2304

Telephone : +612 4014 2500

Date Samples Received : 01-Feb-2018

Date Analysis Commenced : 01-Feb-2018

Issue Date : 22-Feb-2018



Accreditation No. 825
Accredited for compliance with
ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report; Relative Percentage Difference (RPD) and Acceptance Limits
- Method Blank (MB), Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits
- Matrix Spike (MS) and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Dale Semple	Analyst	Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW
Dale Semple	Analyst	Newcastle, Mayfield West, NSW
Daniel Junek	Senior Air Analyst	Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis. Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high

Key :
 Anonymous = Refers to samples which are not specifically part of this work order but formed part of the QC process lot
 CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.
 LOR = Limit of reporting
 RPD = Relative Percentage Difference
 # = Indicates failed QC

Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

The quality control term Laboratory Duplicate refers to a randomly selected intralaboratory split. Laboratory duplicates provide information regarding method precision and sample heterogeneity. The permitted ranges for the Relative Percent Deviation (RPD) of Laboratory Duplicates are specified in ALS Method QWI-EN/38 and are dependent on the magnitude of results in comparison to the level of reporting: Result < 10 times LOR: No Limit; Result between 10 and 20 times LOR: 0% - 50%; Result > 20 times LOR: 0% - 20%.

Sub-Matrix: AIR				Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report					
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r (QC Lot: 1405229)									
EN1801399-001	270118 C4982 S1621	EP101-H: Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP101-H: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	1.1	1.1	0.00	No Limit
		EP101-H: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP101-H: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP101-H: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	1	ppbv	<1.0	<1.0	0.00	No Limit



Method Blank (MB), Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report

The quality control term Method / Laboratory Blank refers to an analyte free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in standard sample preparation. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential laboratory contamination. The quality control terms Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) and Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate (DCS) refers to certified reference materials, or known interference free matrices spiked with target analytes. The purpose of these QC parameters are to monitor method precision and accuracy independent of sample matrix. Dynamic Recovery Limits are based on statistical evaluation of processed LCS and DCS.

Sub-Matrix: AIR		Method Blank (MB) Report			Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report						
		LOR	Unit	Result	Spike Concentration	Spike Recovery (%)		Recovery Limits (%)		RPDs (%)	
						LCS	DCS	Low	High	Value	Control Limit
Method: Compound	CAS Number										
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r (QCLot: 1405229)											
EP101-H: Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	101	105	77	114	25	25
EP101-H: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	106	107	78	115	25	25
EP101-H: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	105	108	82	121	25	25
EP101-H: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	1	ppbv	<1.0	200 ppbv	112	114	82	122	25	25
	106-42-3										
EP101-H: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	109	110	83	122	25	25

- No Matrix Spike (MS) or Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) Results are required to be reported.

QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review

Work Order : EN1801399

Page : 1 of 4

Amendment : 2

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD

Contact : LARA NICHOLAS

Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE

Site : ----

Sampler : Daniel Raymond

Order number : 234215

Laboratory : Environmental Division Newcastle

Telephone : +612 4014 2500

Date Samples Received : 01-Feb-2018

Issue Date : 22-Feb-2018

No. of samples received : 2

No. of samples analysed : 2

This report is automatically generated by the ALS LIMS through interpretation of the ALS Quality Control Report and several Quality Assurance parameters measured by ALS. This automated reporting highlights any non-conformances, facilitates faster and more accurate data validation and is designed to assist internal expert and external Auditor review. Many components of this report contribute to the overall DQO assessment and reporting for guideline compliance.

Brief method summaries and references are also provided to assist in traceability.

Summary of Outliers

Outliers : Quality Control Samples

This report highlights outliers flagged in the Quality Control (QC) Report.

- **NO** Method Blank value outliers occur.
- **NO** Duplicate outliers occur.
- **NO** Laboratory Control outliers occur.
- **NO** Matrix Spike outliers occur.
- For all regular sample matrices, **NO** surrogate recovery outliers occur.

Outliers : Analysis Holding Time Compliance

- **NO** Analysis Holding Time Outliers exist.

Outliers : Frequency of Quality Control Samples

- **NO** Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers exist.



Analysis Holding Time Compliance

If samples are identified below as having been analysed or extracted outside of recommended holding times, this should be taken into consideration when interpreting results.

This report summarizes extraction / preparation and analysis times and compares each with ALS recommended holding times (referencing USEPA SW 846, APHA, AS and NEPM) based on the sample container provided. Dates reported represent first date of extraction or analysis and preclude subsequent dilutions and reruns. A listing of breaches (if any) is provided herein.

Holding time for leachate methods (e.g. TCLP) vary according to the analytes reported. Assessment compares the leach date with the shortest analyte holding time for the equivalent soil method. These are: organics 14 days, mercury 28 days & other metals 180 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all non-volatile parameters.

Holding times for VOC in soils vary according to analytes of interest. Vinyl Chloride and Styrene holding time is 7 days; others 14 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all VOC analytes and should be verified in case the reported breach is a false positive or Vinyl Chloride and Styrene are not key analytes of interest/concern.

Matrix: AIR

Evaluation: ✖ = Holding time breach ; ✔ = Within holding time.

Method	Sample Date	Extraction / Preparation			Analysis		
Container / Client Sample ID(s)		Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r							
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (EP101-H) 210118 - C4988 S2831	21-Jan-2018	----	----	----	01-Feb-2018	20-Feb-2018	✓
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (EP101-H) 270118 - C4982 S1621	27-Jan-2018	----	----	----	01-Feb-2018	26-Feb-2018	✓
Sampling Quality Assurance							
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (CAN-001) 210118 - C4988 S2831	21-Jan-2018	----	----	----	01-Feb-2018	21-Jan-2019	✓
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (CAN-001) 270118 - C4982 S1621	27-Jan-2018	----	----	----	01-Feb-2018	27-Jan-2019	✓



Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance

The following report summarises the frequency of laboratory QC samples analysed within the analytical lot(s) in which the submitted sample(s) was(were) processed. Actual rate should be greater than or equal to the expected rate. A listing of breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

Matrix: **AIR**

Evaluation: ✖ = Quality Control frequency not within specification ; ✔ = Quality Control frequency within specification.

Quality Control Sample Type		Count		Rate (%)		Quality Control Specification	
Analytical Methods	Method	QC	Regular	Actual	Expected		Evaluation
Duplicate Control Samples (DCS)							
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	2	50.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Laboratory Duplicates (DUP)							
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	2	50.00	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Laboratory Control Samples (LCS)							
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	2	50.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Method Blanks (MB)							
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	2	50.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard



Brief Method Summaries

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the US EPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request. The following report provides brief descriptions of the analytical procedures employed for results reported in the Certificate of Analysis. Sources from which ALS methods have been developed are provided within the Method Descriptions.

Analytical Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Canister Sampling - Field Data	CAN-001	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO14 / TO15
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO15r Volatile Organic Compounds in Air by USEPA TO15. Aliphatic and Aromatic Hydrocarbons
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15 (mass/volume)	EP101-H-MV	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO15r Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15 (Calculated Concentration)



Client Supplied Canister(s)? Y / N

GLADSTONE 46 Callemondah Drive Clinton QLD 4680
Ph: 07 7471 5600 E: gladstone@alsglobal.com

☐MUDGEES 1/29 Sydney Road Mudgee NSW 2850
Ph: 02 6372 6735 E: mudgee.mail@alsglobal.com

☐ PERTH 10 Hod Way Malaga WA 6090
 Ph: 08 9209 7655 E: samples.perth@alsglobal.com

WOLLONGONG 99 Kenny Street Wollongong NSW 2500
Ph: 02 4225 3125 E: wollongong@alsglobal.com

CLIENT: ECOTECH			TURNAROUND REQUIREMENTS : <input type="checkbox"/> Standard TAT (List due date):										LABORATORY USE ONLY (Circle) <i>Receiver to initial and date/time</i>														
OFFICE: 1492 Ferntree Gully Rd, KNOXFIELD VIC			(Standard TAT may be extended for multiple sequential analysis suites)					<input type="checkbox"/> Non Standard or urgent TAT (List due date):																			
PROJECT: WD4 PRIMULA AVE			ALS QUOTE NO.: NE/070/17					COC SEQUENCE NUMBER (Circle)										Custody Seal Intact? Rec Lab Y / N NE Y / N N/A									
PURCHASE ORDER NO 234215			COUNTRY OF ORIGIN:					COC: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7										Valves closed on Receipt? Rec Lab Y / N NE Y / N N/A									
PROJECT MANAGER: Lara Nicholas			CONTACT PH: 03 9370 7845 0417351053					OF: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7										Canister/Sampler Complete and Not Damaged Yes No									
SAMPLER: Daniel Raymond			SAMPLER MOBILE: 0419424932					RELINQUISHED BY: <i>Signature and date/time</i>					RELINQUISHED BY: <i>Signature and date/time</i>					RELINQUISHED BY: <i>Signature and date/time</i>					RELINQUISHED BY: <i>Signature and date/time</i>				
COC Emailed to ALS? (YES / NO)			EDD FORMAT (or default):																								
Email Reports to (will default to PM if no other addresses are listed): lara.nicholas@ecotech.com			RECEIVED BY: <i>Signature and date/time</i>					RECEIVED BY: <i>Signature and date/time</i>					RECEIVED BY: <i>Signature and date/time</i>					RECEIVED BY: <i>Signature and date/time</i>									
Email Invoice to (will default to PM if no other addresses are listed): naomi.dans@ecotech.com																											

[illegible]



Canister Verification Report

Canister No: 4988

Sampled on 21/11/18

Specified Purpose: USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)
Ambient Air

Verification Date: 29-Dec-2017
Valid To (At least): 26-Jan-2018
Verification File: 171229_02.D

Canister Type: Entech Silonite - Summa Style
Canister Size: 6L
Valve Type: Nupro
Dispatch Pressure: <0.01 psia

Last Stability Check: 31-May-2017
Next Check Scheduled: 31-May-2019
Analyst: K. Gelderman
Approved for Dispatch by: VF 21/1/18

Canister Verification Protocol

Canisters are verified fit for purpose for the requested analyses and applications of interest. For most applications, canisters are vented clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification includes a check for contamination, leaks and damage to valves. Stability checks are performed after 5 years or if damage to the canister is suspected, then every two years, within the designated holding time to ensure each canister is capable of holding the target chemicals without significant degradation.

Notes

Reference to the following documents is made:
1. USEPA Method TO15, Ambient Air Sampling and Analysis, EPA-821-R-97-010, EPA, Washington, DC, 1997.
2. EPA Method TO15, Ambient Air Sampling and Analysis, EPA-821-R-97-010, EPA, Washington, DC, 1997.
3. EPA Method TO15, Ambient Air Sampling and Analysis, EPA-821-R-97-010, EPA, Washington, DC, 1997.

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Verification	
			Goal (<)	Result
			ppbv	ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene		0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane		0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene		0.2	<0.2

Qualifiers - F: Fails Stability Check, V: Fails Verification

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Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Verification	Result
			Goal (<) ppbv	
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
m- & p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene		0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane		0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane		0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene		0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone		0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene		0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2		0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane			0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester		0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol		0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE		0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane			0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane			0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester		0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	o-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol		0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide		0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal		0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA		0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene		0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE		0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME		0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA		0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride		0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene		0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene		0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane		0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene			0.2	<0.2

Qualifiers - F: Fails Stability Check, V: Fails Verification

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Sampler Verification Report

Sampler No: 2831

Specified Purpose: USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)
LORs Required: Ambient Air
Sampler Type: Passive Sampler

Verification Date: 13-Dec-2017
Valid To (At least): 10-Jan-2018
Verification File: 171212_24.D

Flow Rate Calibrated at: 3.5 ml/min

Analyst: K. Gelderman

Calibrated by: 13/12/17

Approved for Dispatch by: VF 22/12/17

Sampler Verification Protocol

Samplers are generally verified 'fit for purpose' for the requested analyses and applications. For most applications, samplers are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO-15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to fittings.

ALS will not be held responsible for any contamination or damage to the sampler or its components. The user is responsible for ensuring the sampler is clean and free of contamination before use. The user is also responsible for ensuring the sampler is used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to ppbv	Result ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene	0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene	0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane	0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene	0.2	<0.2

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Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to ppbv	Result ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene	0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane	0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane	0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene	0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone	0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene	0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2	0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane		0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester	0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol	0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE	0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane		0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane		0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester	0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	o-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol	0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide	0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal	0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA	0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE	0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME	0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA	0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride	0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene	0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene	0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane	0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene		0.2	<0.2

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Canister Verification Report

Canister No:

4982

sampled on 29/11/18

Specified Purpose: USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)
Ambient Air

Verification Date: 29-Dec-2017
Valid To (At least): 26-Jan-2018
Verification File: 171229_11.D

Canister Type: Entech Silonite - Summa Style
Canister Size: 6L
Valve Type: Nupro
Dispatch Pressure: <0.01 psia

Last Stability Check: 10-Apr-2017
Next Check Scheduled: 10-Apr-2019
Analyst: K. Gelderman
Approved for Dispatch by: *[Signature]* 11/11/18

Canister Verification Protocol

Canisters are verified 'fit for purpose' for the requested analyses and applications (if known). For most applications, canisters are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to valves. Stability checks are performed after 2 years or if damage to the canister is suspected, then every two years, within the designated holding time to ensure each canister is capable of holding the target chemicals without significant degradation.

ALSO VERIFIED FOR:

USEPA Method TO15: 1,1,1-Trichloroethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,2-Trichloroethane, 1,1-Dichloroethane, 1,2-Dichloroethane, 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene, 1,2-Dibromoethane, 1,2-Dichlorobenzene, 1,2-Dichloropropane, 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene, 1,3-Dichlorobenzene, 1,4-Dichlorobenzene, Benzene, Bromomethane, Tetrachloromethane, Chlorobenzene, Chloroethane, Chloroform, Chloromethane, cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene, cis-1,3-Dichloropropene, Ethylbenzene, Freon 12, Freon 11, Freon 113, Freon 114, Hexachlorobutadiene.

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Verification	
			Goal (<)	Result
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform		ppbv	ppbv
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene		0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane		0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene		0.2	<0.2

Qualifiers - F: Fails Stability Check, V: Fails Verification

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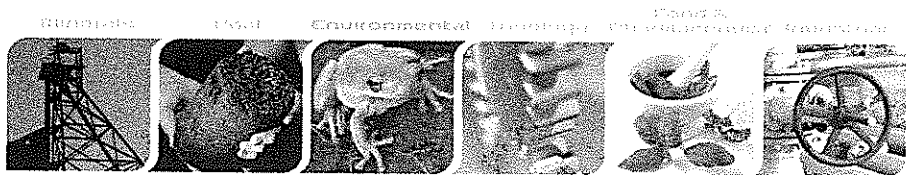
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Verification	Result
			Goal (<) ppbv	
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene		0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane		0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane		0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene		0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone		0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene		0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2		0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane			0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester		0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol		0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE		0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane			0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane			0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester		0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	α-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol		0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide		0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal		0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA		0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene		0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE		0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME		0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA		0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride		0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene		0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene		0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane		0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene			0.2	<0.2

Qualifiers - F: Fails Stability Check, V: Fails Verification

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Sampler Verification Report

Sampler No: 1621

Specified Purpose: USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite) **Verification Date:** 05-Jan-2018
LORs Required: Ambient Air **Valid To (At least):** 02-Feb-2018
Sampler Type: Passive Sampler **Verification File:** 180105_10.D

Flow Rate Calibrated at: ~~1.5~~ 3.5 ml/min **Analyst:** K. Gelderman

Calibrated by: 10/1/18 *us* **Approved for Dispatch by:** *[Signature]* 12/1/18

Sampler Verification Protocol

Samplers are generally verified fit for purpose for the requested analyses and applications. For most applications, samplers are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method 1015.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to fittings.

Verification Results

Results are provided in the table below. All results are within the required limits. The results are provided in the table below. All results are within the required limits. The results are provided in the table below. All results are within the required limits.

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to ppbv	Result ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene	0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene	0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane	0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene	0.2	<0.2

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Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to ppbv	Result ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene	0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane	0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane	0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene	0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone	0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene	0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2	0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane		0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chloradibromoethane	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester	0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol	0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE	0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane		0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane		0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester	0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	α-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol	0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide	0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal	0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA	0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE	0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME	0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA	0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride	0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene	0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene	0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane	0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene		0.2	<0.2