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Proposed
C177mona

SCHEDULE 8 TO CLAUSE 43.06 BUILT FORM OVERLAY

Shown on the planning scheme map as **BFO8**

GLEN WAVERLEY SUBURBAN RAIL LOOP EAST STRUCTURE PLAN AREA CENTRAL CORE AND CENTRAL FLANKS

1.0 Development objectives

To support high-rise built form in a predominantly podium-tower form that contributes to an architecturally interesting skyline.

To enhance the pedestrian experience and promote human scale through increased activation at street edges, commercial activity at lower levels and street wall heights that respond to street widths.

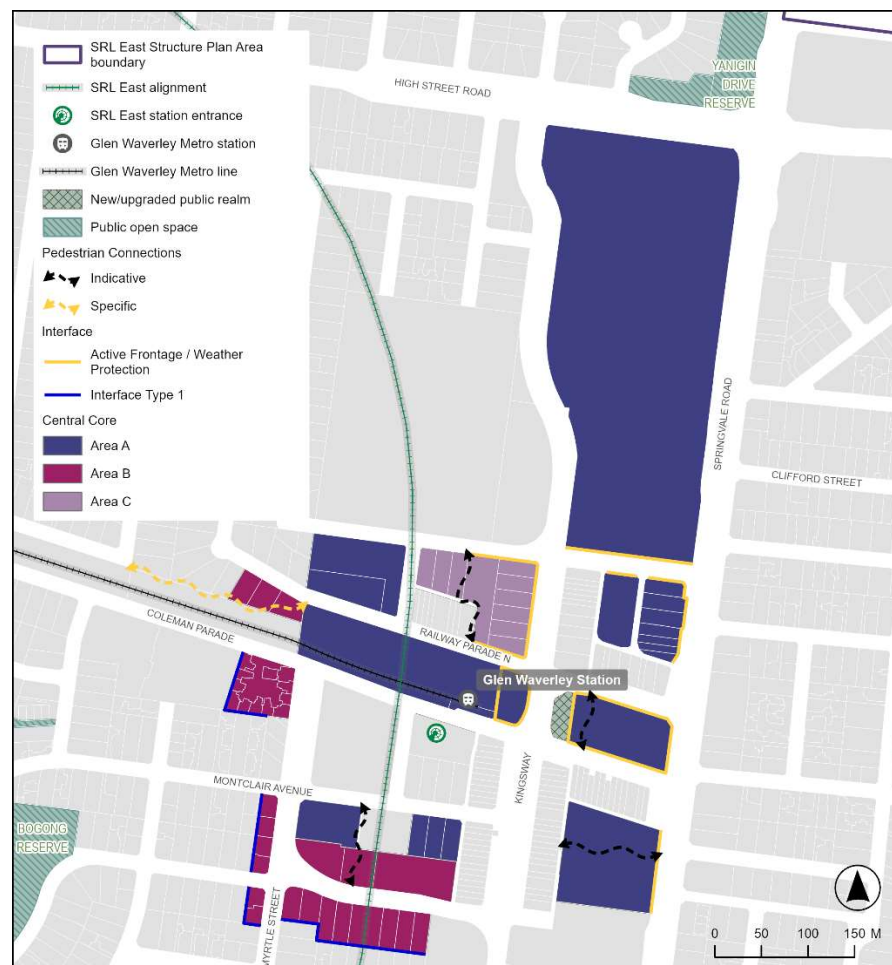
To ensure development achieves good urban design outcomes and contributes to a high-quality public realm, through solar access to identified public open spaces and footpaths, providing sky views between tower buildings and facilitate comfortable wind conditions.

To create a precinct which is an exemplar for design excellence.

To increase permeability and connectivity for pedestrians and cyclists, with the creation of through-block pedestrian connections for a fine-grain street and laneway network.

2.0 Development framework

Map 1 to Schedule 8 to Clause 43.06: Development framework



3.0 Master plan requirements**Land to which the master plan requirements apply**

None specified.

Requirement before a permit is granted

None specified.

Requirements for a master plan

None specified.

4.0 Public benefit uplift framework

None specified.

5.0 Buildings and works**Permit requirement**

None specified.

6.0 Outcomes and standards

The outcomes and standards in this overlay and this schedule prevail over clause 58.03-5 and clause 58.04-1 in this planning scheme.

6.1 Outcomes that do not apply

The outcomes in clauses 43.06-7.1 and 43.06-7.3 and 43.06-7.13 do not apply.

6.2 Standards

Any standard specified in this schedule is in addition to any standard in clause 43.06-7 for the corresponding outcome, unless specified otherwise below.

Table 1 specifies standards for the corresponding building form outcomes, standards and their operation.

Table 1 – Building Form

Overlay reference	Standard	Operation
Clause 43.06-7.2 – Building heights (BF02)	Maximum building height: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Area A and Area C: 84 metres. Area B: 33 metres. 	This is a discretionary standard.
Clause 43.06.7.4 – Overshadowing of open space or public realm (BF04)	Buildings should not cast any additional shadow to public open spaces shown on the Development framework (Map 1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Glen Waverley Central Car Park public open space, at 46 Kingsway, between 11am and 2pm on September 22. 	This is a discretionary standard.

<p>Clause 43.06.7.5 – Front setbacks, street wall heights, setbacks above the street wall and landscaped setbacks (BF05)</p>	<p>Maximum street wall heights:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Area A and Area B: 17 metres, except lots in Area A fronting Springvale Road and High Street Road where it is 21 metres. Area C: 12 metres. <p>Minimum front setback above the maximum street wall height:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Area A and Area C: 5 metres. Area B: 3 metres plus additional 0.6 metres per metre in height above 33 metres. <p>Adopt the same front setback for at least 75% of the height of the upper levels above the street wall to avoid repetitive stepped built form outcomes.</p>	<p>This is a discretionary standard.</p>
<p>Clause 43.06-7.6 – Side and rear setbacks and building separation within a site (BF06)</p>	<p>Minimum side setback below the maximum street wall height for all areas:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 metres; or 4.5 metres for a habitable room window measured from a lot boundary or the centreline of a laneway. <p>Minimum side and rear setback above the maximum street wall height:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Area A and Area C: 6 metres, or 10% of the total building height, whichever is the greater. <p>Minimum side setback above the maximum street wall height:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Area B: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4.5 metres up to a building height of 27 metres. 6 metres up to a building height of 41 metres. <p>Minimum rear setback:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Area B: 6 metres, except in locations nominated as interface type 1 on the Development framework (Map 1) that should provide an additional 0.6 metres per metre of height above 17 metres. 	<p>This is a discretionary standard.</p>
	<p>Minimum separation within a site above the maximum street wall height:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Area A, and Area C: 12 metres, or 10% of the combined building height, whichever is the greater. Area B: 9 metres, or 10% of the total combined building height, whichever is the greater. 	

Table 2 specifies standards for the corresponding building layout outcomes, standards and their operation.

Table 2 – Building Layout

Overlay reference	Standard	Operation
Clause 43.06.7.7– Building layout	Standard BF07 does not apply.	This is a variation to standard BF07

and adaptability (BF07)		of clause 43.06-7.7.
Clause 43.06.7.8 – Wind effects on the public realm (BF08)	This standard is required for development equal to or greater than 20 metres.	This is a variation to standard BF08 of clause 43.06-7.8. This is a discretionary standard.

Table 3 specifies standards for the corresponding public interfaces outcomes, standards and their operation.

Table 3 – Public Interfaces

Overlay reference	Standard	Operation																
Clause 43.06.7.9 – Active frontages (BF09)	Minimum percentage of clear glazing or entries at ground level in the location identified on the Development framework (Map 1): <ul style="list-style-type: none">Active frontage: 80%.	This is a discretionary standard.																
Clause 43.06.7.10 – Pedestrian connections (BF10)	Provide a pedestrian connection in the indicative location identified on the Development framework (Map 1). A pedestrian connection should have a minimum width of 6 metres.	This is a discretionary standard.																
Clause 43.06.7.11 – Weather protection (BF11)	In the locations identified on the Development framework (Map 1).	This is a discretionary standard.																
Clause 43.06.7.12 – Landscaping and fencing (BF12)	<p>In Area B:</p> <p>A development should meet the following landscaping requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A minimum deep soil area of 10% of the total site area.Canopy trees provided in accordance with Tables 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3. <p>Table 3.1 Canopy Tree Requirements:</p> <table><tr><th>Deep Soil Area</th><th>Canopy tree</th></tr><tr><td>50 square metres or less</td><td>At Least 1 Type A tree</td></tr><tr><td>51 - 100 square metres</td><td>At least 1 Type B tree</td></tr><tr><td>101 - 200 square metres</td><td>At least 2 Type B trees</td></tr><tr><td>201 square metres or more</td><td>At least 3 Type B trees</td></tr></table> <p>Table 3.2 Soil Requirements for Trees:</p> <table><tr><th>Tree Type</th><th>Area of Deep Soil</th><th>Minimum Plan Dimension</th></tr><tr><td>Type A</td><td>12 square metres</td><td>2.5 metres</td></tr></table>	Deep Soil Area	Canopy tree	50 square metres or less	At Least 1 Type A tree	51 - 100 square metres	At least 1 Type B tree	101 - 200 square metres	At least 2 Type B trees	201 square metres or more	At least 3 Type B trees	Tree Type	Area of Deep Soil	Minimum Plan Dimension	Type A	12 square metres	2.5 metres	This is a discretionary standard.
Deep Soil Area	Canopy tree																	
50 square metres or less	At Least 1 Type A tree																	
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201 square metres or more	At least 3 Type B trees																	
Tree Type	Area of Deep Soil	Minimum Plan Dimension																
Type A	12 square metres	2.5 metres																

Type B	49 square metres	4.5 metres
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Table 3.3 Tree Types:

Tree Type	Minimum Canopy diameter at maturity	Minimum height at maturity
Type A	4 metres	6 metres
Type B	8 metres	8 metres

6.3 Other outcomes and standards

None specified.

7.0 Subdivision

Permit requirements

None specified.

Subdivision requirements

None specified.

8.0 Application requirements

The following application requirements apply to an application for a permit under clause 43.06 in addition to those specified in clause 43.06-9 and elsewhere in the scheme, and must accompany an application, as appropriate, to the satisfaction of the responsible authority:

Urban Context Report

A written and illustrated Urban Context Report which must:

- Explain the key planning, design and contextual considerations and influence on the proposed buildings and works.
- Describe the urban context of the area in which the proposed buildings and works are to be located.
- Provide streetscape elevations showing the development in the context of adjacent buildings. Explain how the proposed buildings and works relate to their urban context including:
 - Architectural elements and materials in the surrounding streetscape including any heritage elements.
 - The relationship between the proposal and adjacent buildings (including likely adjacent equitable development envelopes) and open space.
 - Identify the key opportunities and constraints supporting the design response, including opportunities for new pedestrian connections.
- Explain how the design response addresses the development objectives, outcomes and standards of this schedule including how the development:
 - Will achieve the relevant development objectives if the outcomes and standards are not met.
 - Will provide high-quality public realm outcomes and ameliorate shadow and wind effects.
- Illustrate the following:
 - Concept plans, elevations and section drawings (minimum 1:50) describing the design of the lower levels of the building including entries, shop front design,

service doors or cabinets, weather protection canopies and integrated signage elements.

- A concept landscape plan for any publicly or communally accessible areas including podium or rooftop spaces detailing proposed hard and soft landscape elements, plant schedule, plant container details and maintenance and irrigation systems.
- Where car parking is proposed above ground level, demonstration of appropriate sleeving car parking from view from the public realm.
- Shadow diagrams showing hourly diagrams between the control period specified at Standard BF04 of this schedule.

Design Excellence

An application for a permit must be accompanied by a report that demonstrates how the proposal achieves high-quality design. The report must:

- Explain how the application provides high-quality architecture, landscape architecture and urban design which demonstrates function, liveability, sustainability and public contribution to buildings and urban spaces.
- Explain how the application responds to the standards of this schedule.
- Describe how the development addresses and provides high-quality public realm outcomes, and appropriately ameliorates shadow and wind effects to adjacent public realm.
- Where an application seeks to depart from the preferred standards of this schedule, it must explain how the outcomes are achieved, and the alternative response demonstrates appropriate built form outcomes having regard to the decision guidelines of this schedule.

Any application which departs from the preferred setback, street wall height or building height by more than 20 per cent may be subject to an independent design review where required by the responsible authority.

Urban Greening Plan

An application to construct a building must be accompanied by an Urban Greening Plan that addresses:

- Measures to achieve the targeted green cover across the site area (or equivalent vertical area), which may comprise canopy trees, green roofs, landscaped podiums, green walls, etc.
- Strategies to retain and enhance existing site vegetation where possible.
- The use of a locally common and climate adaptive landscape palette and vegetation selection.
- A maintenance plan for the proposed green cover.
- Any measures to improve the public realm interfaces adjacent to the site.

Wind Impact Report

A development must be accompanied by a report prepared by a suitable qualified person to consider wind impacts and in the form of assessment as follows:

- A wind impact assessment for a development equal to or greater than 20 metres in height; or
- A wind tunnel modelling study for a development which meets one of the following:
 - The building height is equal to or greater than 60 metres.
 - The building height is greater than 40 metres and is exposed to an area open from the north, west or south (open areas typically include major arterial roads, highways, parks, large water bodies or parcels of open land larger than 40 metres by 40 metres).
 - The building height is greater than 40 metres and there is more than one building on the site.

The respective wind impact assessment report or wind tunnel modelling study must:

- Explain the effect of the proposed development on the wind conditions in publicly accessible areas within a distance equal to half the longest width of the building, measured from all façades, or half the total height of the building, whichever is greater.
- At a minimum, model the wind effects of the proposed development and its surrounding buildings (existing and proposed) using wind tunnel testing.
- Identify the principal role of each portion of the publicly accessible areas for sitting, standing or walking purposes.

3D digital model of buildings and works

An application to construct a building greater than 11 metres in height must be accompanied by a 3D digital model of the proposed buildings and works in a format to the satisfaction of the responsible authority. The model may be used for assessing overshadowing and visual impacts caused by the proposal and for general archive, research and public information purposes.

9.0 Exemption from notice and review

An application under any provision of this planning scheme is exempt from the notice requirements of section 52(1)(a), (b) and (d), the decision requirements of section 64(1), (2) and (3) and the review rights of section 82(1) of the Act.

10.0 Decision guidelines

The following decision guidelines apply to an application for a permit under clause 43.06, in addition to those specified in clause 43.06-11 and elsewhere in the scheme which must be considered, as appropriate, by the responsible authority:

General

- Whether the development meets the development objectives and requirements of this schedule.
- Whether development achieves housing and employment at the scale and intensity sought by the development outcomes of this schedule.
- Whether the development contributes to a building typology that supports a range of uses, including non-residential.

Building Form

- Whether building form contributes to a varied and architecturally interesting skyline.
- Demonstration of design excellence through high-quality architecture, landscape architecture and urban design for the site as supported, where required, by an independent design review that endorses the proposed outcomes for the site.
- Whether the street wall height and setbacks provide a human scale to the public realm.
- Whether front setbacks above the street wall are sufficient to distinguish upper levels.
- The relationship between the proposed building setbacks and anticipated building setbacks within a site or adjacent properties to provide equitable access to privacy, daylight and outlook having regard to the proposed internal uses and the height of existing or proposed adjoining built form.
- The extent of building articulation, visual interest and variety of materials for a building.
- Whether the development avoids repetitive stepped forms.
- Development should not unreasonably reduce sunlight on identified public open spaces. Where shadows increase, consider the following:
 - The extent of shadows cast by adjacent buildings.
 - The nature and use of the space.
 - The relative area that will remain in sunlight.

Public interfaces and landscaping

- Whether there are reasonable opportunities to contribute to and fulfil the completion of a through-block pedestrian connection on adjacent land over time.
- The extent to which the landscape and design response contributes to a biodiverse, greener environment to public and private realm interfaces and reduces urban heat.
- The opportunity to use shade structures and canopy trees or vines on trellis structures to shade outdoor areas exposed to summer sun.

11.0 Mandatory permit conditions

None specified.

12.0 Signs

None specified.

13.0 Transitional provisions

None specified.