

Building Equality Policy in Practice

May 2024





This guidance is designed to help contractors and subcontractors to better understand how to apply the Building Equality Policy on Big Build projects.

This guidance will cover:

- BEP Application
- Implementation and compliance
- Women's participation targets
- Gender Equality Action Plans
- Reporting

BEP Application

Came into effect on 1 January 2022

Applies to all publicly funded construction projects valued at \$20 million +

Where the project involves multiple packages of work, the total value of the activity is the combined value of all packages of work, and not the value of individual contracts.



Implementation and Compliance

Implementation

The BEP is implemented through the Social Procurement Framework (SPF) and incorporated in SPF contract clauses, and request for tender templates

Agencies are responsible for implementing the BEP into tender processes and contracts, and must ensure Contractors meet and report on their BEP commitments

a contractual obligation to ensure all subcontractors under the principal contract is contributing to the overall targets and requirements across the project

Compliance

From 1 July 2024, compliance is mandatory Adherence to BEP contractual requirements will be tracked and monitored by the Project Office

BEP – Actions

The BEP comprises of three actions which seek to address the structural and cultural barriers women face. Each action carries equal weighting. Suppliers must implement the following three actions:



Over the next, slides we'll talk about these actions in further detail and talk about what the supplier must do to meet these requirements.

Actions 1 and 2 – Women's Participation Targets

The Building Equality Policy (BEP) includes specific targets based on the following work categories:

Action 1

Aims to provide women with equal access to the diverse roles available onsite



Trade covered roles



Non-trade covered roles



Management, supervisory and specialist labour

Action 2 Aims to build a diverse pipeline of qualified women



Apprentices, trainees & cadets

Women who are employed directly by the contractor or indirectly by a subcontractor or supplier all contribute towards the project's women participation target.





ACTION 1 – Setting targets

The project's BEP target hours will be calculated based on the total number of labour hours estimated for each occupation. For example:

Occupation	Total Estimated Hours	BEP Target %	BEP Target Hours
Metal Fabricator	1,000	3% Trade	30
Road Traffic Controller	10,000	7% Non-trade	700
Civil Engineer	5,000	35% Management, supervisory and specialist	1,750

Contractors are required to provide estimated hours by Contract Award.

ACTION 1 – Tracking & monitoring

On Big Build projects, compliance will be tracked and monitored at the work category level. For example:

Non-trade Covered Labour				
Occupation	Total Estimated Hours	BEP Target %	BEP Target Hours	
Labourers	15,000	7% Non-trade	1,050	
Road Traffic Controller	10,000	7% Non-trade	700	
Truck Driver	5,000	7% Non-trade	350	
Non-trade Covered Labour Target	30,000	7%	2,100	

In this example, the project's Non-trade BEP target hours are 2,100. Contractor's performance will be tracked and assessed against the category figure, rather than at the occupation level.

Each work category is assessed separately. Below is an example of how this would be tracked on a project:

	Trade	Non-trade	Management, supervisory and specialist
Total Estimated Hours	10,000	50,000	30,000
BEP Target %	3%	7%	35%
BEP Target Hours	300	3,500	10,500
Hour worked by women on the project	400	6,000	12,000
Women's participation result	4%	12%	40%

Management, supervisory and specialist staff must be working specifically on the project to count towards the contractor's women participation target. For example, a women Payroll Officer would not count as they are not working specifically on one project.

ACTION 2 – Women apprentices, trainees & cadets

For women apprentices, trainees, and cadets, the 4% target is based on the MPSG Deemed Hours formula. For example:

1	Contract Value (excl. GST)	\$100,000,000
2	Deemed Labour Ratio (15%)	\$15,000,000
3	Deemed Project Hours	157,895
4	MPSG Deemed Hours (10%)	15,789
5	MPSG hours to be worked by women (4% of Deemed Projects Hours)	6,316

If the MPSG target for the project is 15,789 hours, then 6,316 hours must be worked by women apprentices, trainees and cadets.





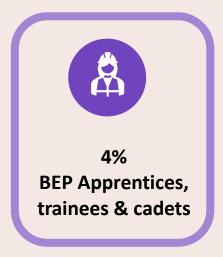


ACTION 2 – Women apprentices, trainees & cadets

Hours worked by women apprentices, trainees and cadets will contribute to their relevant work categories, the 4% apprentice, trainee & cadet target, AND the overall MPSG target.

For example, hours worked by a woman carpentry apprentice would count towards:











Action 1 & 2 Reporting – Definitions

BEP data is captured and categorised by different groups:

Group	Definition	Example
Role	Also referred to as 'Job title' which is specific to an organisation or project	Peggy or Leading Hand.
Occupation	Describes the function or purpose that an individual fulfills within an organisation or group. The ICN VMC requires BEP data to be reported by Occupation. Occupations are mapped to ANZCO codes.	Labourers nfd, Construction Project Manager
ANZSCO Code	Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations. ANZSCO is used in ABS and Stats NZ censuses and surveys where occupation data are collected.	331212 Carpenter
Work Category	Aligned to Action 1 of the BEP – used to set occupational targets. On Big Build projects, compliance is measured against work categories.	Trade covered labour, Non-trade covered labour, Management Supervisory & Specialist staff

The next slide will demonstrate how these should be reported in the VMC employment template.

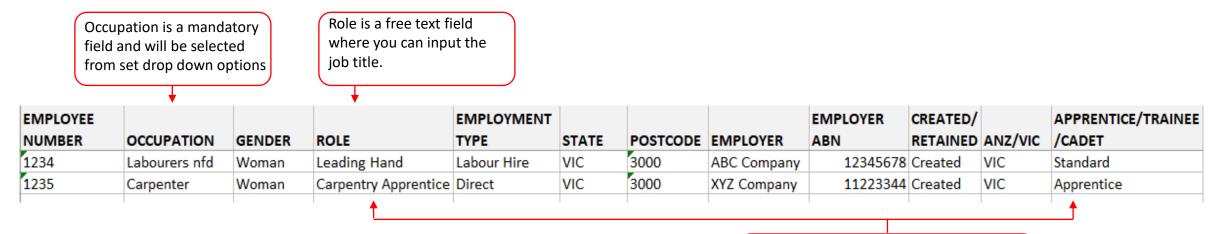






Action 1 & 2 Reporting - Example

Below is an example of how occupations and roles would be entered into the employment template.



When reporting on apprentices, trainees & cadets (ATCs), select the most relevant occupation and identify them as an ATC in the 'Role' and 'ATC' fields.

Work categories and ANZSCO codes will automatically be determined by the entered occupation.







Action 1 & 2 Reporting – ANZSCO Codes & Occupations

In general, the greater the range and complexity of tasks involved, the greater the amount of formal education and training, previous experience and on-the-job training required to competently perform the set of tasks for that occupation.

Major Group	Sub-Major Groups	Minor Groups	Unit Groups	Occupations
1 Managers	4	11	39	103
2 Professionals	7	23	99	334
3 Technicians and Trades Workers	7	22	70	205
4 Community and Personal Service Workers	5	9	36	105
5 Clerical and Administrative Workers	7	12	33	80
6 Sales Workers	3	5	19	37
7 Machinery Operators and Drivers	4	7	22	77
8 Labourers	6	10	46	135

 Group		_							
Sub-M	lajor Group	ajor Group Minor Group							
	Minor								
		Unit Group							
Occupation					Skill Level				
82	82 Construction and Mining Labourers								
	821	821 Construction and Mining Labourers							
		8211	Building a	and Plumbing Labourers					
			821111	Builder's Labourer	5				
	1		821112	Drainage, Sewerage and Stormwater Labourer	5				
			821113	Earthmoving Labourer	5				
			821114	Plumber's Assistant	5				

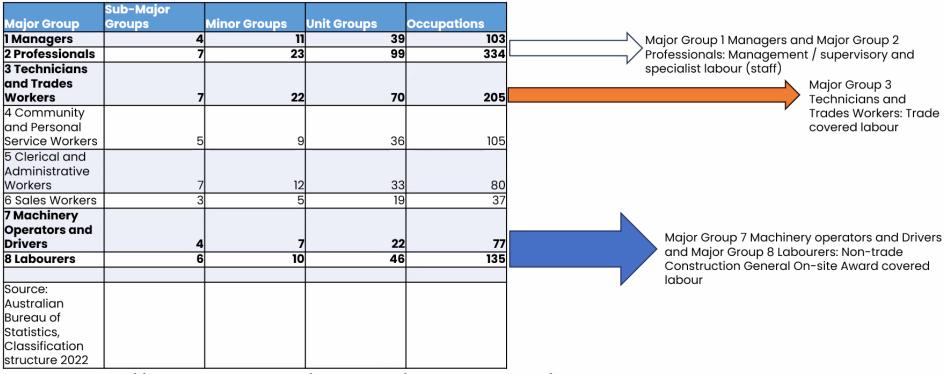






Action 1 & 2 Reporting – Applying ANZCO to the BEP

The BEP work categories and subsequent occupations are based on the ANZSCO Major Groups and Occupations.



Source: https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/classifications/anzsco-australian-and-new-zealand-standard-classification-occupations/2022/classification-structure







Here are some examples of occupations which are included in each BEP work category:

Trade Covered Roles	Non-trade Covered Roles	Management, Supervisory and Specialist Labour
 Arborist Bricklayers Building Inspectors Carpenters Construction Estimators Electricians Electrical Linesworkers Gasfitters Glaziers Joiners Painters Plasterers Plumbers Locksmiths Roof tilers Sprinkler fitters Wall and floor tilers 	 Accounts Clerks Clerical and Administrative Workers Commercial Cleaners Concreters Contract Administrators Crane, Hoist or Lift Operators Drillers Earthmoving Plant Operators Excavator Operators Forklift Drivers Labourers Line Markers Machine and Stationary Plant Operator Program or Project Administrators Road Traffic Controllers Scaffolders Steel fixers Truck Drivers 	 Accountants Architects Civil Engineers Construction Project Managers Electrical Engineers Environmental Engineers Occupational Health and Safety Advisors Quantity Surveyors Sales, Marketing and Public Relations Professionals Specialist Managers

^{*}Click here for an exhaustive list







Action 3 - Gender Equality Action Plans (GEAPs)

The Gender Equality Action Plans (GEAP) contains the contractor's strategies and measures for promoting gender equality at an <u>organisation</u> and <u>project</u> level.

To inform the Org Wide GEAP, contractors are required to undertake a workplace gender audit.

This means there are <u>four actions</u> which must be completed:

- Org Wide Workplace Gender Audit
- Org Wide GEAP
- Project Specific GEAP
- Project Gender Audit

The implementation of the Action 1 and 2 targets in the BEP will be supported by Action 3 – GEAPs, and the actions in the Women in Construction Strategy.









There are six (6) workplace gender equality indicators which must be included in the GEAP:

1 Workplace prevention and responses

4 Diverse and representative workforce

2 Inclusive and respectful workplace

Improve leadership, representation and accountability

3 Flexible and empowering workplace

Collect a report data about gender equality and gender pay gap

Contractors are required to prepare an Organisation GEAP, and a Project GEAP which is specific to the project staff, project site and women's participation commitments for the project.





