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West Gate Tunnel Project

Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Validated Report

1st March 2018 - 31st March 2018

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DAT13092



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Table of Contents

C	ustomer	r Details	2
R	evision I	History	2
Т	able of C	Contents	3
Li	ist of Fig	ures	4
Li	ist of Tak	bles	5
Exe	cutive Su	ummary	7
Intr	oduction	١	8
1.0	Mon	itoring and Data Collection	8
1	.1. Sit	ting Details	8
1	.2. M	onitored Parameters	10
1	.3. Da	ata Collection Methods	11
	1.3.1.	NATA Endorsement and Compliance with Standards	13
	1.3.2.	Data Acquisition (Continuous Monitoring)	13
	1.3.3.	Sampling and analysis for BTEX	13
1	.4. Da	ata Validation and Reporting	14
	1.4.1.	Validation	14
	1.4.2.	Reporting	14
2.0	Air Q	Quality Standards and Goals	15
3.0	Calib	orations and Maintenance	18
3	.1. Ur	nits and Uncertainties	18
3.2.	Auto	omatic calibration checks	19
3.3.	Main	ntenance	19

DAT13092



3.3.	3.1. Maintenance notes	19		
3.3.	2.2. Calibration & Maintenance Summary Tables	19		
4.0	Results	22		
4.1.	. Valid Data Capture	22		
4.2.	. Air Quality Monthly Summary	23		
4.3.	BTEX Analytical Results Summary	25		
4.4.	Graphic Representations	27		
5.0	Valid Data Exception Table	38		
6.0	Report Summary	40		
Apper	ndix 1 - Definitions & Abbreviations	41		
Apper	ndix 2 - Explanation of Exception Table	42		
Apper	ndix 3 – BTEX Analytical Results	44		
List o	of Figures			
Figure	e 1: Monitoring Station Location	10		
Figure	e 2: WGTP PM ₁₀ 1-day Averages for March 2018	27		
Figure	e 3: WGTP PM _{2.5} 1-day Averages for March 2018	27		
Figure	e 4: Station 1 PM ₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018	28		
Figure	e 5: Station 1 PM _{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018	28		
Figure	Figure 6: Station 1 Monthly Wind Rose for March 201829			
Figure 7: Station 2 PM ₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 201829				
Figure	e 8: Station 2 PM _{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018	30		
Figure	e 9: Station 2 Monthly Wind Rose for March 2018	30		





Figure 10: Station 3 PM ₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018	1
Figure 11: Station 3 PM _{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 20183	1
Figure 12: Station 3 Monthly Wind Rose for March 20183	2
Figure 13: Station 4 PM ₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 20183	2
Figure 14: Station 4 PM _{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 20183	3
Figure 15: Station 4 CO 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 20183	3
Figure 16: Station 4 NO ₂ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 20183	4
Figure 17: Station 4 CO 1-hour Averages for March 20183	4
Figure 18: Station 4 NO ₂ 1-hour Averages for March 20183	5
Figure 19: Station 4 Monthly Wind Rose for March 20183	5
Figure 20: Station 5 PM ₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 20183	6
Figure 21: Station 5 PM _{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 20183	6
Figure 22: Station 5 Monthly Wind Rose for March 20183	7
List of Tables	
Table 1: WGTP network monitoring locations	8
Table 2: Parameters measured at the WGTP monitoring stations	10
Table 3: Methods	11
Table 4: Air Quality Standards for Station 1	15
Table 5: Air Quality Standards and Air Toxic NEPM Goals for Station 2, Station 3, Station 4 and S	
Table 6: Units and Uncertainties	18
Table 7: Automatic Span/Zero and Background Check Times	19
Table 8: Station 1 Maintenance Table March 2018	19





Table 9: Station 2 Maintenance Table March 20182	20
Table 10: Station 3 Maintenance Table March 2018	20
Table 11: Station 4 Maintenance Table March 20182	21
Table 12: Station 5 Maintenance Table March 2018	21
Table 13: WGTP network Monthly Data Capture for March 2018	23
Table 14: Station 1 Exceedances recorded for March 2018	23
Table 15: Station 2 Exceedances recorded for March 2018	24
Table 16: Station 3 Exceedances recorded for March 2018	24
Table 17: Station 4 Exceedances recorded for March 2018	24
Table 18: Station 4 readings above Monitoring Investigation Level recorded for March 2018 2	25
Table 19: Station 5 Exceedances recorded for March 2018	25
Table 20: Station 4 BTEX Analytical Results for March 2018	26
Table 21: Station 1 Valid Data Exception Table	38
Table 22: Station 2 Valid Data Exception Table	38
Table 23: Station 3 Valid Data Exception Table	38
Table 24: Station 4 Valid Data Exception Table	38
Table 25: Station 5 Valid Data Exception Table	40

DAT13092



Executive Summary

Ecotech Pty Ltd is an independent company, contracted by Transurban Limited (Principal) to undertake continuous ambient air quality monitoring (AAQM) at a network of sites in Yarraville, Victoria, Australia. Monitoring is being conducted to inform environmental compliance requirements of the West Gate Tunnel Project.

The West Gate Tunnel Project consists of five AAQM stations. Ecotech commissioned the stations as following:

- Station 1 on 19th July 2016.
- Station 2 on 26th August 2016.
- Station 4 on 3rd November 2016. BTEX sampling at WD4 commenced on 21st November 2016.
- Station 5 on 17th January 2017.
- Station 6 on 25th January 2017.

This report presents the data for March 2018.

- The percentage of valid data capture for most of parameters at WGTP network was above 85% for the reporting month, with the exception of BTEX at Station 4.
- One recorded PM₁₀ readings at Station 4 on 17th March 2018 was exceeded the SEPP(AQM) Schedule B intervention levels.

DAT13092



Introduction

Ecotech Pty Ltd was commissioned by Transurban Limited to provide monitoring and data reporting for the WGTP network ambient air quality monitoring stations, located as detailed in Table 1. Ecotech commenced data collection at the Station 1 on the 19th July 2016, at Station 2 on the 26th August 2016, and at Station 4 on the 3rd November 2016. BTEX sampling at Station 4 commenced on 21st of November 2016. Monitoring commenced at Station 5 and Station 3 on the 17th and 25th of January 2017 respectively.

This report presents the data for March 2018.

The data presented in this report:

- Describes air quality measurements;
- Compares monitoring results;
- Has been quality assured;
- Complies with NATA accreditation requirements, where applicable.

1.0 Monitoring and Data Collection

1.1. Siting Details

The West Gate Tunnel Project network consists of five ambient air quality monitoring stations. The station's location and siting details are described below.

Table 1: WGTP network monitoring locations

Site Name	Street Address	Geographical Coordinates	Height Above Sea Level (m)	
Station 1	Barbara Beyer Reserve,	37°48'43.20"S	10m	
Station 1	2 Harris St, Yarraville	144°54'0.00"E		
Station 2	51-53 Francis Street,	37°49'15.59"S	12m	
Station 2	Yarraville	144°53'38.41"E	12111	





Site Name	Street Address	Geographical Coordinates	Height Above Sea Level (m)	
Station 3	Railway Reserve,	37°48'50.40"S	17m	
Stations	Woods St, Yarraville	144°53'27.60"E		
Station 4	Primula Ave, Brooklyn	37°49'27.28"S	23m	
Station 4	Primula Ave, Brooklyn	144°50'45.72"E	23111	
Station 5	Donald McLean	37°49'35.28"S	6m	
	Reserve, Spotswood	144°52'55.25"E	OIII	

Siting audits were conducted to assess for compliance with AS/NZS 3580.1.1:2016 "Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air – guide to siting air monitoring equipment".

Siting audits performed at WGTP network as follows:

- Station 1 on 31st July 2017.
- Station 2 on 22nd September 2017.
- Station 3 on 4th February 2018.
- Station 4 on 1st November 2017.
- Station 5 on 8th February 2018.

The siting audits of these stations showed general compliance with the guidelines in AS/NZS 3580.1.1:2016. These stations are classified as peak stations according to AS/NZS 3580.1.1:2016. Please see details of any non-compliance in Section 1.3.1.

The meteorological monitoring siting audits were completed at WGTP network as follows:

- Station 1 on 31st July 2017.
- Station 2 on 22nd September 2017.
- Station 3 on 1st February 2018.
- Station 4 on 1st November 2017.
- Station 5 on 2nd February 2018.

DAT13092





Figure 1: WGTP Monitoring Station Locations

1.2. Monitored Parameters

Table 2 below details the parameters monitored and the instruments used at WGTP monitoring stations. Appendix 1 defines any abbreviated parameter names used throughout the report.

Sampling of all parameters is continuous, with the exception of BTEX. BTEX sampling is typically conducted by Ecotech on a one in six-day cycle at Station 4. BTEX samples are collected from 12:30 AM to 11:30 PM on the sampling day.

For meteorological sensors, the elevation given in the table on the next page is the height above ground level at the monitoring station.

Table 2: Parameters measured at the WGTP monitoring stations

Station	Parameter Measured	Instrument and Measurement Technique
1, 2, 3, 4 & 5	PM ₁₀	Rupprecht & Patashnick / Thermo – TEOM (Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance)
	PM _{2.5}	Met One BAM 1020 – Beta ray attenuation





Station	Parameter Measured	Instrument and Measurement Technique
	Wind Speed (horizontal, elevation 10m)	Vaisala WS425 – ultrasonic
	Wind Direction (elevation 10m)	Vaisala WS425 – ultrasonic
4	Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl benzene, Xylene (BTEX)	Collected In Specially-Prepared Canisters And Analysed By Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)
	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Ecotech EC9841 – gas phase chemiluminescence
	СО	Ecotech EC9830 – NDIR gas filter correlation infrared photometry

1.3. Data Collection Methods

Table 3 below shows the methods used for data collection. Any deviations from the stated methods are detailed in sections 1.3.1. and 1.3.3.

Table 3: Methods

Parameter Measured	Data Collection Methods Used	Description of Method
NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	AS/NZS 3580.5.1- 2011	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 5.1: Determination of oxides of nitrogen – chemiluminescence method
	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 6.1 Oxides of nitrogen by chemiluminescence
СО	AS/NZS 3580.7.1- 2011	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 7.1: Determination of carbon monoxide - direct reading instrumental method
	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 6.3 Carbon monoxide by gas filter correlation spectrophotometry





Parameter Measured	Data Collection Methods Used	Description of Method
BTEX (Sampling only)	US EPA TO-15	Method TO-15 Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Toxic Organic Compounds in Ambient Air Second Edition. Compendium Method TO-15 Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) In Air Collected In Specially-Prepared Canisters And Analysed By Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)
	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 6.9 Volatile organic compounds in air collected in specially prepared canisters and analysed by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry
PM ₁₀ (TEOM)	AS/NZ 3580.9.8- 2008	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 9.8: Determination of suspended particulate matter - PM_{10} continuous direct mass method using a tapered element oscillating microbalance analyser.
	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 7.3- Particulates - PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀ by TEOM
PM _{2.5} (BAM 1020)	AS/NZS 3580.9.12 - 2013	Methods of sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 9.12: Determination of suspended particulate matter – PM _{2.5} beta attenuation monitors
	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 7.5 – Measurement of PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} and TSP using Beta Attenuation Monitor.
Vector Wind Speed	AS/NZS 3580.14 2014	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 14: Meteorological monitoring for ambient air quality monitoring applications
(Horizontal)	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 8.1 Wind speed (Horizontal) by anemometer
Vector Wind Direction	AS/NZS 3580.14 2014	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 14: Meteorological monitoring for ambient air quality monitoring applications
vector wind Direction	Ecotech Laboratory Manual	In-house method 8.3 Wind direction by anemometer

DAT13092



1.3.1. NATA Endorsement and Compliance with Standards

Unless stated below, parameters are monitored at the WGTP network according to the methods detailed in Table 3 above.

- Siting of all WGTP stations may not fully comply with the guidelines in *AS 3580.14- 2014* "Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air Meteorological monitoring for ambient air quality monitoring applications guidelines", due to possible air flow disturbances caused by nearby trees. Locating monitoring stations in urban areas often requires compromise due to a lack of clear space areas without obstructions as well as the availability of usable power supplies. Given the location, the site is fit for purpose while not fully compliant.
- AS/NZS 3580.1.1:2007 recommends a minimum distance between inlets and the roof of the supporting structure of 1.0m. However, all WGTP stations have inlets less than 1.0m above the roof. It is not thought this small difference will have any impact on measured concentrations.
- Ecotech's NATA scope of accreditation covers sampling only for BTEX parameters. Analysis and canister preparation is conducted by NATA accredited laboratories ALS as outlined in 1.3.3 below.
- Wind sensor at Station 3 was out of wind tunnel calibration from 18th January 2018. Ecotech will try to arrange the wind tunnel calibration at the next suitable maintenance visit.

1.3.2. Data Acquisition (Continuous Monitoring)

Data acquisition is performed using a PC based WinAQMS logger (using WinAQMS® Version 2.0) situated at each of the monitoring sites. Each logger is equipped with a 3G modem for remote data collection. The recorded data is remotely collected from the AQMS loggers on a daily basis (using AirodisTM version 5.1) and stored at Ecotech's Environmental Reporting Services (ERS) department in Melbourne, Australia. Data samples are logged in 5-minute intervals.

1.3.3. Sampling and analysis for BTEX

BTEX canister sampling was conducted by Ecotech field service technicians. ALS (NATA Accreditation No. 825) provided the canisters and laboratory analysis services according to method US EPA TO-15.

DAT13092



1.4. Data Validation and Reporting

1.4.1. Validation

The Ecotech ERS department performs daily data checks on continuously monitored parameters to ensure maximum data capture rates are maintained. Any equipment failures are communicated to the responsible field engineers for urgent rectification. Ecotech ERS maintains two distinct databases containing non-validated and validated data respectively.

The validated database is created by duplicating the non-validated database and then flagging data affected by instrument faults, calibrations and other maintenance activities. The data validation software requires the analyst to supply a valid reason (e.g. backed by maintenance notes, calibration sheets etc.) in the database for flagging any data as invalid.

Details of all invalid or missing data are recorded in the Valid Data Exception Tables.

Validation is performed by the analyst, and the validation is reviewed. Graphs and tables are generated based on the validated 5-minute data, while PM_{2.5} is based on validated 1-hour data.

1.4.2. Reporting

The reported data for continuously monitored parameters is in a Microsoft Excel format file named "Monthly Data Report March 2018.xls".

The Excel file consists of 5 Excel worksheets:

- 1. Cover
- 2. 5 Minute Data
- 3. 1 Hour Data
- 4. 1 Day Data
- 5. Valid Data Exception Table

The data contained in this report is based on Australian Eastern Standard Time.

Averages are based on a minimum of 75% valid readings within the averaging period. All averages are calculated from the 5-minute data, while $PM_{2.5}$ averages are calculated from 1-hour data.

Averaging periods of eight hours or less are reported for the end of the period, i.e. the hourly average 02:00am is for the data collected from 1:00am to 2:00am. For the purposes of calculating and reporting 4 and 8-hour averages, the first rolling average in a calendar day ends at 1.00 am, and includes hours from the previous calendar day. One-hour averages are calculated based on a clock hour. One day and one-year averages are calculated based on calendar days.

DAT13092



Wind Data Reporting

Wind speed and wind direction data associated with calm wind conditions are reported in accordance with the requirements of AS 3580.14-2014. Calm wind conditions are defined as wind speeds below the starting threshold of the wind speed / direction sensors. Sensor starting thresholds are given in Table 5 under "Measurement Range".

BTEX Reporting

Results will be provided to Ecotech by the analytical laboratory and summarised within this report. Full analytical results will be included as an Appendix 3 at the end of this report.

2.0 Air Quality Standards and Goals

The air quality standards for pollutants monitored at the WGTP monitoring network are based on

- State Environmental Protection Policy (Ambient Air Quality) Environmental Quality Objectives
 (SEPP (AAQ) EQO) for Station 1 (Yarraville Gardens) monitoring station, and
- State Environmental Protection Policy (Air Quality Management (AQM)) Schedule B for the remaining WGTP monitoring stations.

The air quality goals are shown in Tables 4 and 5 below.

Table 4: Air Quality Standards for Station 1

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Units	Maximum allowable exceedances
DNA	1 day	F0		None
PM ₁₀	1 day	50	μg/m³	(see note)
PM ₁₀	1 year	20	μg/m³	None
PM _{2.5}	1 day	25	μg/m³	None
1 1112.5	1 day	23	μ6/ …	(see note)
PM _{2.5}	1 year	8	μg/m³	None

Note:

DAT13092



Exceptional events are excluded from this standard. As per the Ambient Air Quality NEPM, *Exceptional event* means a fire or dust occurrence that adversely affects air quality at a particular location and causes an exceedance of 1-day average standards in excess of normal historical fluctuations and background levels and is directly related to: bushfire; jurisdiction authorised hazard reduction burning; or continental scale windblown dust.

Ecotech will include any valid data identified as being associated with an exceptional event in all report tables and graphic representations. However, 1-day averages associated with exceptional events will not be counted as exceedances of the Air Quality standard.

DAT13092



Table 5: Air Quality Standards and Air Toxic NEPM Goals for Stations 2, 3, 4 and 5

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Units	Maximum allowable exceedances
СО	1 hour	29.0	ppm	-
NO ₂	1 hour	140	ppb	-
Benzene ¹	1 year (based on 1-day averages)	0.003	ppm	8-year goal is to gather sufficient data nationally to facilitate development of a standard.
	1 day	1	ppm	8-year goal is to gather
Toluene ¹	1 year (based on 1-day averages)	0.1	ppm	sufficient data nationally to facilitate development of a standard.
	1 day	0.25	ppm	8-year goal is to gather
Xylene ¹	1 year (based on 1-day averages)	0.2	ppm	sufficient data nationally to facilitate development of a standard.
PM ₁₀	1 day	60	μg/m³	-
PM _{2.5}	1 day	36	μg/m³	-

Note:

State Environmental Protection Policy (Air Quality Management (AQM)) Schedule B – Intervention levels for Class 1, 2 and 3 indicators:

Intervention levels are used to assess the air quality monitoring data to determine whether the beneficial uses set out in Clause 9 of this Policy are being protected. Intervention levels are not used

¹ This value is monitoring investigation level of air pollution only, not limits according to Legislation F2011C00855 - National Environment Protection (Air Toxic) Measure 2011.

DAT13092



in the assessment of the design of individual sources. An intervention level is numerically greater than the design criteria for a given pollutant as it does not apply to an individual source but to all sources of the pollutant within a defined area.

3.0 Calibrations and Maintenance

3.1. Units and Uncertainties

The uncertainties for each parameter have been determined by the manufacturer's tolerance limits of the equipment's parameters, and by the data collection standard method.

The reported uncertainties are expanded uncertainties, calculated using coverage factors which give a level of confidence of approximately 95%.

Table 6: Units and Uncertainties

Parameter	Units	Resolution	Uncertainty	Measurement Range ²
NO, NO _x (EC9841)	ppb	1 ppb	± 13 ppb or 10% of reading K factor of 2.0	0 ppb to 500 ppb
NO ₂ (EC9841)	ppb	1 ppb	± 17 ppb K factor of 2.0	0 ppb to 500 ppb
CO (EC9830)	ppm	0.1 ppm	± 1 ppm or 10% of reading, K factor of 2.0	0 ppm to 50 ppm
PM ₁₀ (TEOM)	μg/m³	0.1 μg/m³	$\pm 5.0~\mu g/m^3$ or 3.6% of reading, K factor of 2.0	0 μg/m³ to 1 g/m³
PM _{2.5} (BAM 1020)	μg/m³	1 μg/m³	$\pm 5.0 \mu g/m^3 + 5.4\%$ of reading, K factor of 2.0	5 to 1000 μg/m³
Vector Wind Speed	m/s	0.1 m/s	±0.4 m/s or 2.0% of reading, K factor of 2.0	0 m/s to 30 m/s
Vector Wind Direction	Deg	1 deg	±4 deg K factor of 2.0	0 deg to 360 deg Starting threshold: 0 m/s

 $^{^2}$ Uncertainties may not be calculated based on the full measurement range. Uncertainty for CO by EC9830 is calculated based on a range of 0-10 ppm. Uncertainty for NO, NO₂ and NO_x by EC 9841 are calculated based on a measurement range of 0-125 ppb.





3.2. Automatic calibration checks

Automatic span, zero and background checks occur each night for continuously monitored gaseous parameters. Data associated with these checks is invalidated and is not specifically referred to in the valid data exception reports. Table 7 displays the times for when these checks occur.

Table 7: Automatic Span/Zero and Background Check Times

Parameter	Span/Zero	Background	
СО	01:00 to 01:25	23:45 to 23:55	
NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	01:00 to 01:25	-	

3.3. Maintenance

3.3.1. Maintenance notes

3.3.2. Calibration & Maintenance Summary Tables

The last calibrations for the following parameters were performed on the indicated dates. Data supplied after this time is subject to further validation, to be performed at the next calibration cycle.

Note: Maintenance and calibration dates may differ, as calibrations may be less frequent than scheduled maintenance visits.

Tables 8 - 12 on the next pages indicate when the particulate, gas and meteorological equipment were last maintained / calibrated.

Table 8: Station 1 Maintenance Table March 2018

Parameter	Date of Last Maintenance	Maintenance Type	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
PM ₁₀	07/03/18	Monthly	02/02/18	6-Monthly
PM _{2.5}	07/03/18	Monthly	07/03/18	Yearly

DAT13092



Parameter	Date of Last Maintenance	Maintenance Type	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
Wind Speed	07/03/18	Monthly	04/05/16 ³	2-Yearly
Wind Direction	07/03/18	Monthly	04/05/164	2-Yearly

Table 9: Station 2 Maintenance Table March 2018

Parameter	Date of Last Maintenance	Maintenance Type	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
PM ₁₀	07/03/18	Monthly	01/02/18	6-Monthly
PM _{2.5}	07/03/18	6 Monthly	07/03/18	Yearly
Wind Speed	07/03/18	6 Monthly	24/05/16 ⁴	2-Yearly
Wind Direction	07/03/18	6 Monthly	24/05/16 ⁵	2-Yearly

Table 10: Station 3 Maintenance Table March 2018

Parameter	Date of Last	Maintenance	Date of Last	Calibration
	Maintenance	Type	Calibration	Cycle
PM ₁₀	07/03/18	Monthly	01/02/18	6-Monthly

³ Wind tunnel calibration performed on 04/05/2016 and installed at Station 1 on 22/07/2016. ⁴ Wind tunnel calibration performed on 24/05/2016 and installed at Station 2 on 12/09/2016.





Parameter	Date of Last Maintenance	Maintenance Type	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
PM _{2.5}	07/03/18	Monthly	07/03/18	Yearly
Wind Speed	07/03/18	Monthly	18/01/16 ⁵	2-Yearly
Wind Direction	07/03/18	Monthly	18/01/166	2-Yearly

Table 11: Station 4 Maintenance Table March 2018

Parameter	Date of Last Maintenance	Maintenance Type	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
PM ₁₀	07/03/18	Monthly	30/01/18	6-Monthly
PM _{2.5}	07/03/18	Monthly	07/03/18	Yearly
СО	07/03/18	Monthly	07/03/18	Monthly
NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	07/03/18	Monthly	07/03/18	Monthly
ВТЕХ	29/03/18	Weekly	Every sample	On supply of flow controller ⁶
Wind Speed	07/03/18	Monthly	21/10/16 ⁷	2-Yearly
Wind Direction	07/03/18	Monthly	21/10/168	2-Yearly

Table 12: Station 5 Maintenance Table March 2018

 $^{^{5}}$ Wind tunnel calibration performed on 18/01/2016 and installed at Station 3 on 06/02/2017.

⁶ Sampling flow orifice checks and calibrations performed by ALS for each orifice mass flow controller supplied. Records are held by Ecotech and available on request.

⁷ Wind tunnel calibration performed on 21/10/2016 and installed at Station 4 on 22/11/2016.

DAT13092



Parameter	Date of Last Maintenance	Maintenance Type	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
PM ₁₀	07/03/18	3 Monthly	07/03/18	6-Monthly
PM _{2.5}	07/03/18	Monthly	07/03/17	Yearly
Wind Speed	07/03/18	Monthly	15/04/168	2-Yearly
Wind Direction	07/03/18	Monthly	15/04/16 ⁹	2-Yearly

4.0 Results

4.1. Valid Data Capture

Valid data capture refers to the amount of valid data collected during the report period. It is based on 5-minute data for all continuously monitored parameters, with the exception of $PM_{2.5}$. The $PM_{2.5}$ data is based on 1-hour data.

The percentage of valid data captured is calculated using the following equation:

Percentage Valid Data capture = (Reported air quality data / Total data) x 100%

Where:

• Reported air quality data = Number of samples (instrument readings) which have been

• Total data = Total number of samples (instrument readings) expected for the sampling period. Total data is calculated based on the same averaging period as "reported air quality data" and the duration of the corresponding report period. e.g. for 5-minute data collected over a month of 31 days, the total data would be equal to 12 (5-minute samples in an hour) x 24 (hours in a day) x 31 (days in a month) = 8928 samples.

due to calibration, equipment failures, planned and unplanned maintenance.

validated through a quality assured process and excludes all data errors, zero data collection

⁸ Wind tunnel calibration performed on 15/04/2016 and installed at Station 5 on 27/01/2017.

DAT13092



Table 13 on below displays data capture statistics for March 2018. **Bold** values in the table indicates the of percentage valid data capture below 85%.

Table 13: WGTP network Monthly Data Capture for March 2018

Parameter	Station 1 (%)	Station 2 (%)	Station 3 (%)	Station 4 (%)	Station 5 (%)
PM ₁₀	99.7	99.6	99.5	99.8	99.7
PM _{2.5}	99.7	99.9	99.6	97.4	99.6
WS, WD	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9
СО	-	-	-	97.0	-
NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	-	-	-	97.8	-
BTEX	-	-	-	80.0	-

4.2. Air Quality Monthly Summary

Tables 14 - 19 below include a summary of any air quality exceedances recorded at WGTP network during the report period.

Table 14: Station 1 Exceedances recorded for March 2018

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
PM ₁₀	1 day	50 μg/m³	None recorded	-	-
PM _{2.5}	1 day	25 μg/m³	None recorded	-	-
PM ₁₀	1 year	20 μg/m³	None recorded	-	-
PM _{2.5}	1 year	8 μg/m³	None recorded	-	-

DAT13092



Table 15: Station 2 Exceedances recorded for March 2018

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
PM ₁₀	1 day	60 μg/m³	None recorded	-	-
PM _{2.5}	1 day	36 μg/m³	None recorded	-	-

Table 16: Station 3 Exceedances recorded for March 2018

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
PM ₁₀	1 day	60 μg/m³	None recorded	-	-
PM _{2.5}	1 day	36 μg/m³	None recorded	-	-

Table 17: Station 4 Exceedances recorded for March 2018

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
PM ₁₀	1 day	60 μg/m³	1	60.3 μg/m³	17/03/18
PM _{2.5}	1 day	36 μg/m³	None recorded	-	-
СО	1 hour	29 ppm	None recorded	-	-
NO ₂	1 hour	140 ppb	None recorded	-	-





Table 18: Station 4 readings above Monitoring Investigation Level recorded for March 2018

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
Toluene	1 day	1 ppm	None recorded	-	-
Xylenes	1 day	0.25 ppm	None recorded	-	-

Table 19: Station 5 Exceedances recorded for March 2018

Parameter	Time Period	Exceedance Level	Number of exceedances	Value of Exceedance	End Date/Time of Exceedance
PM ₁₀	1 day	60 μg/m³	None recorded	-	-
PM _{2.5}	1 day	36 μg/m³	None recorded	-	-

4.3. BTEX Analytical Results Summary

Table 20 on the next page displays a summary of the analytical results for BTEX during the reporting period. Full analysis reports from ALS are included in Appendix 3. Results displayed as "<x ppb" indicated a reading below the lower detectable limit.

DAT13092

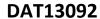


Table 20: Station 4 BTEX Analytical Results for March 2018

Parameter	NEMP MIL	Units	Samples				
Canister Number			C4987	C4737	C12642	C4759†	C12641†
Sample Date			07/03/18	10/03/18	16/03/18	22/03/18	28/03/18
Final Vacuum		inHg	0	6	6	2	2
Benzene	3 (1 year)	ppb	*	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Toluene	1000 (1 day) 100 (1 Year)	ppb	*	3.4	1.9	1.8	<0.5
Ethyl benzene	-	ppb	*	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
m,p-xylenes	250 (1 day)	ppb	*	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
o-xylene	200 (1 Year)	ppb	*	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5

[†]Sample flow may have decreased towards the end of the 24 hours sampling period. Therefore, the reported result may not be fully representative of the 24-hour average concentration.

^{*}Invalid dataset





4.4. Graphic Representations

Validated 5-minute data for NO, NO₂, NO_x, CO and PM₁₀, and validated 1-hour data for PM_{2.5} were used to construct the following monthly graphic representations.

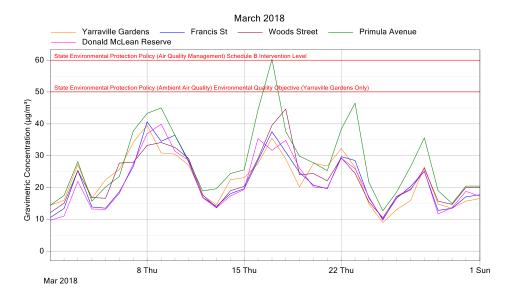


Figure 2: WGTP PM₁₀ 1-day Averages for March 2018

WD - PM_{2.5} 1-day average

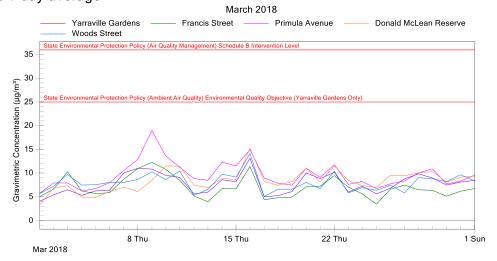


Figure 3: WGTP PM_{2.5} 1-day Averages for March 2018







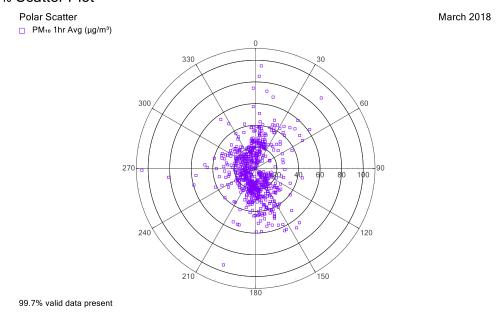


Figure 4: Station 1 PM₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018

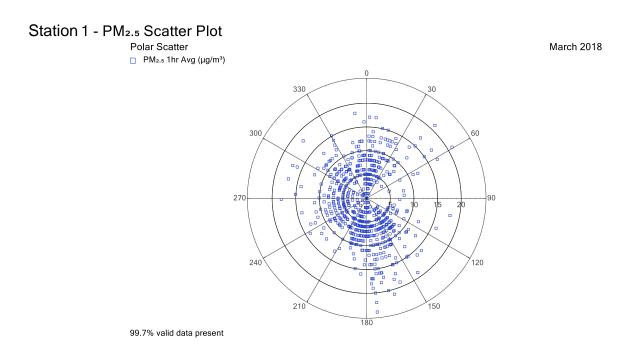


Figure 5: Station 1 PM_{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018





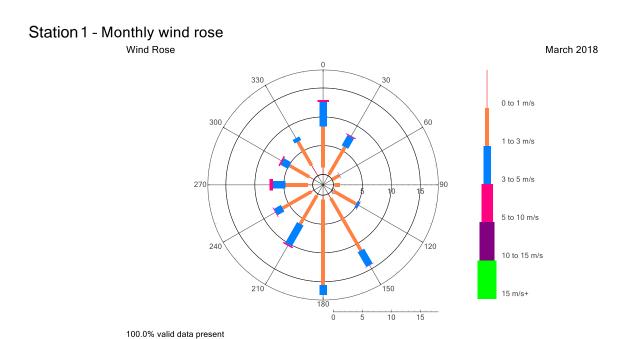


Figure 6: Station 1 Monthly Wind Rose for March 2018

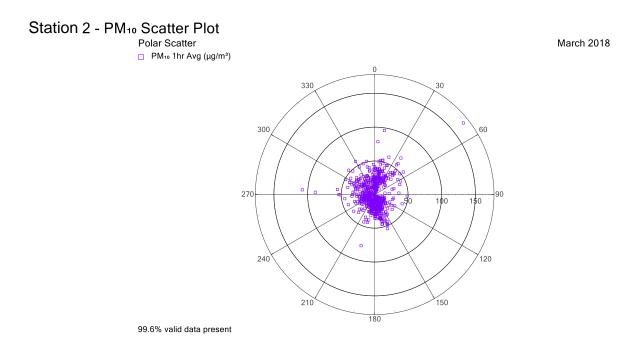


Figure 7: Station 2 PM₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018





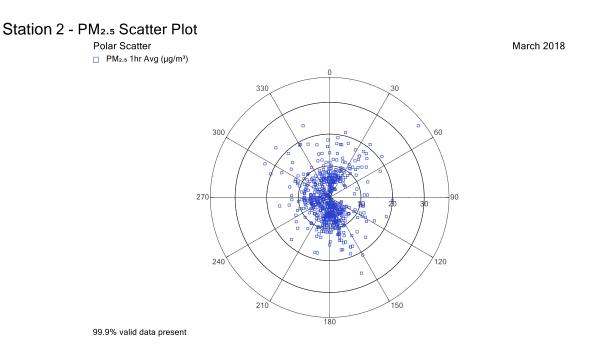


Figure 8: Station 2 PM_{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018

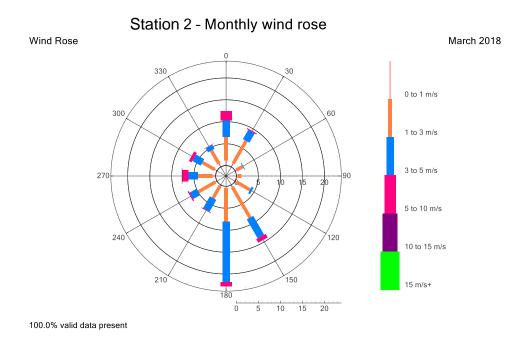


Figure 9: Station 2 Monthly Wind Rose for March 2018





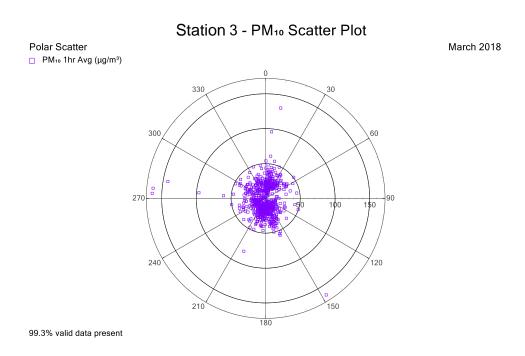


Figure 10: Station 3 PM₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018

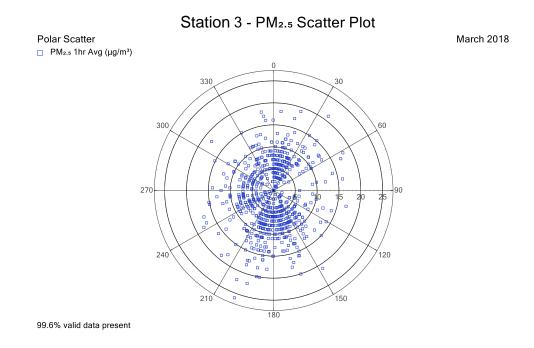


Figure 11: Station 3 PM_{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018

DAT13092



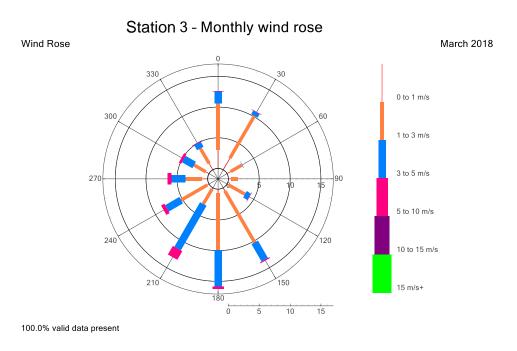


Figure 12: Station 3 Monthly Wind Rose for March 2018

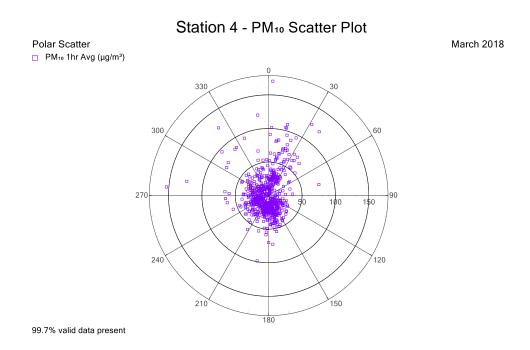


Figure 13: Station 4 PM₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018





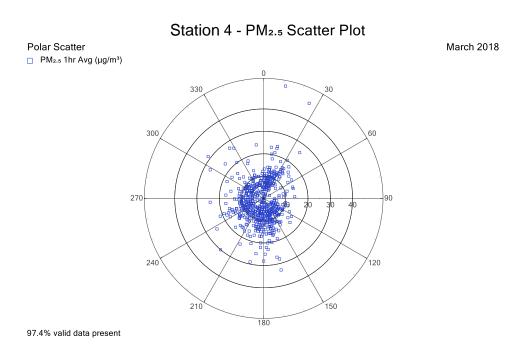


Figure 14: Station 4 PM_{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018

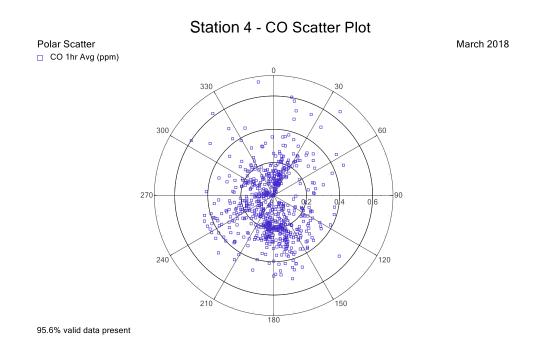
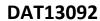


Figure 15: Station 4 CO 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018





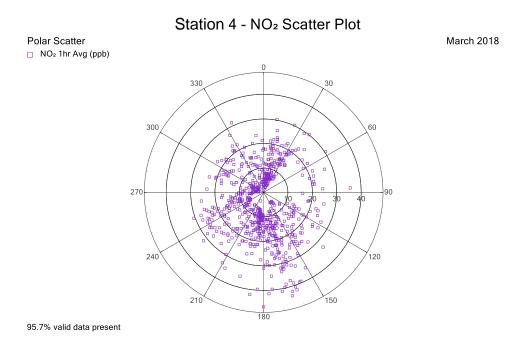


Figure 16: Station 4 NO₂ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018

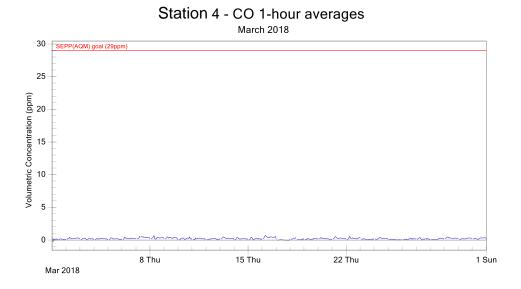


Figure 17: Station 4 CO 1-hour Averages for March 2018





Station 4 - NO₂ 1-hour rolling averages

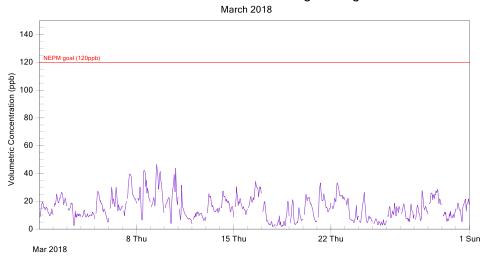


Figure 18: Station 4 NO₂ 1-hour Averages for March 2018

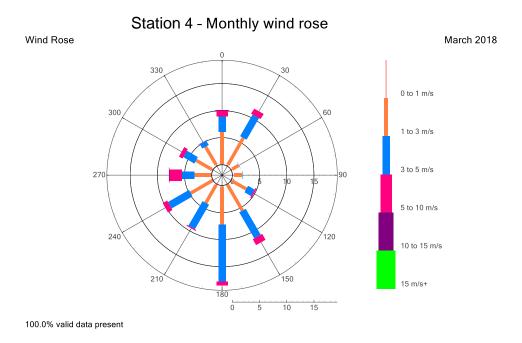


Figure 19: Station 4 Monthly Wind Rose for March 2018





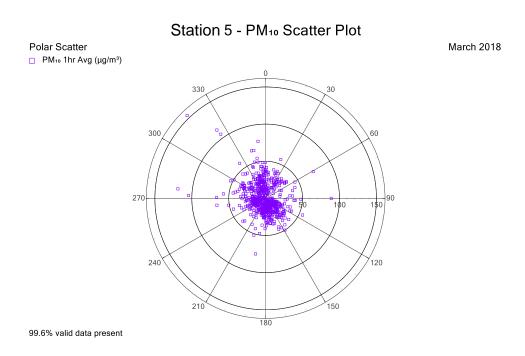


Figure 20: Station 5 PM₁₀ 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018

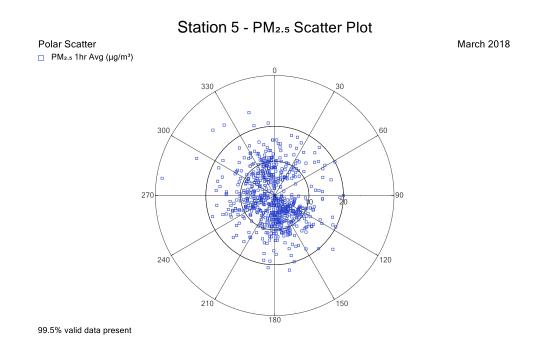
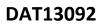


Figure 21: Station 5 PM_{2.5} 1-hour Averages scatter plot for March 2018





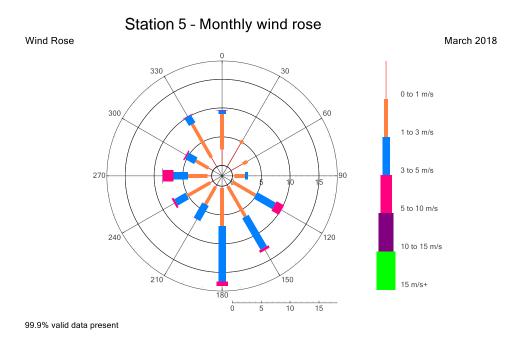


Figure 22: Station 5 Monthly Wind Rose for March 2018

DAT13092



5.0 Valid Data Exception Table

Tables 20 - 24 below detail all changes made to the raw data set during the validation process. An explanation of reasons given in the table can be found in Appendix 2.

Table 21: Station 1 Valid Data Exception Table

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
07/03/18 12:00	07/03/18 15:10	Scheduled monthly maintenance	PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀	DL	20/04/18

Table 22: Station 2 Valid Data Exception Table

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
07/03/18 12:00	07/03/18 15:10	Scheduled 6 monthly maintenance	PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀	DL	20/04/18

Table 23: Station 3 Valid Data Exception Table

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
07/03/18 13:00	07/03/18 16:15	Scheduled monthly maintenance	PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀	DL	20/04/18
26/03/18 00:25	31/03/18 00:20	Intermittent power interruptions and subsequent instrument stabilisations	All parameters	DL	20/04/18

Table 24: Station 4 Valid Data Exception Table

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
01/03/18 21:00	23/03/18 20:00	Intermittent unrealistic data - Readings below the instrument range and high level of noise	PM _{2.5}	DL	20/04/18
03/03/18 01:30	31/03/18 01:30	Additional instrument stabilisation following the automatic span checks	СО	DL	20/04/18

DAT13092



Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
07/03/18 00:30	07/03/18 23:30	Sample C4987 invalid due to canister final vacuum check too low indicating a leak. The analytical results have been included in the appendix for reference.	BTX TO-15	DL	20/04/18
07/03/18 07:45	07/03/18 09:20	Scheduled monthly maintenance	PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀ , CO, NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	DL	20/04/18
09/03/18 12:00	09/03/18 12:15	Scheduled weekly maintenance - BTX TO-15 Canister changed over	No data affected	DL	20/04/18
14/03/18 09:30	14/03/18 10:00	Scheduled weekly maintenance - BTX TO-15 Canister changed over	No data affected	DL	20/04/18
18/03/18 11:00	18/03/18 11:35	Brief power interruption and subsequent instrument stabilisation	PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀ , CO, NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	DL	20/04/18
19/03/18 12:00	19/03/18 12:00	Scheduled weekly maintenance - BTX TO-15 Canister changed over	No data affected	DL	20/04/18
22/03/18 00:30	22/03/18 23:30	Sample C4759 flow final vacuum was low. Sample flow may have decreased towards the end of the 24 hours sampling period. Therefore, the reported result may not be fully representative of the 24 hours average concentration	BTX TO-15	DL	20/04/18
24/03/18 23:50	28/03/18 00:10	Additional instrument stabilisation following the automatic background checks	со	DL	20/04/18
27/03/18 18:00	27/03/18 18:00	Scheduled weekly maintenance - BTX TO-15 Canister changed over	No data affected	DL	20/04/18
28/03/18 00:30	28/03/18 23:30	Sample C12641 flow final vacuum was low. Sample flow may have decreased towards the end of the 24 hours sampling period. Therefore, the reported result may not be fully representative of the 24 hours average concentration	BTX TO-15	DL	20/04/18
29/03/18 17:00	29/03/18 17:00	Scheduled weekly maintenance - BTX TO-15 Canister removed	No data affected	DL	20/04/18

DAT13092



Table 25: Station 5 Valid Data Exception Table

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
07/03/18 10:00	07/03/18 13:05	Scheduled monthly maintenance	PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀	DL	20/04/18
09/03/18 06:25	24/03/18 13:55	Intermittent unrealistic data - WS spikes	WS & WD	DL	20/04/18
16/03/18 22:00	16/03/18 23:00	Unrealistic data - Readings below the instrument range	PM _{2.5}	DL	20/04/18

6.0 Report Summary

- The percentage of valid data capture for most of parameters at WGTP network was above 85% for the reporting month, with the exception of BTEX at Station 4.
- Canister C4987 sampled on the 7th March 2018 was invalid due to canister final vacuum check was too low - indicating a leak. The analytical results have been included in the appendix for reference.
- The flow final vacuums of two canisters sampled during March 2018 were low. The sample flow may have decreased towards the end of the 24 hours sampling period. Therefore, the reported results may not be fully representative of the 24-hour average concentration. Refer to Table 20 for more details
- One recorded 24-hour PM₁₀ reading at Station 4 on 17th March 2018 exceeded the SEPP(AQM)
 Schedule B intervention levels.

END OF REPORT
2115 01 1121 0111

DAT13092



Appendix 1 - Definitions & Abbreviations

Micrograms per cubic metre at standard temperature and pressure (0°C and 101.3

μg/m³ kPa)

BTEX Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl Benzene and Xylene *ortho-, meta-* and *para-*isomers

Wind conditions where the wind speed is below the operating range of the wind

calm sensor

CO Carbon monoxide

deg Degrees (True North)

m/s Metres per second

NO Nitric oxide

NO₂ Nitrogen dioxide

NO_x Oxides of nitrogen

PM₁₀ Particulate less than 10 microns in equivalent aerodynamic diameter

PM_{2.5} Particulate less than 2.5 microns in equivalent aerodynamic diameter

ppb Parts per billion

ppm Parts per million

Sigma Theta is the standard deviation of the horizontal wind direction fluctuations

Sigma over the averaging period.

WD Vector Wind Direction

WS Vector Wind Speed

DAT13092



Appendix 2 - Explanation of Exception Table

Automatic background check refers to when analyser samples zero air and measures the level of the concentration voltage. This voltage is taken as the zero signal level and this value is subtracted from any subsequent readings as an active zero compensation. This is the analyser's fine zero measurement.

Beta count failure refers to a fault in the functioning of the beta attenuation monitor.

Calibration check outside tolerance refers to when the calibration values are outside the tolerance limits set for the precision check.

Calibration correction factor applied to data refers to an offset or multiplier applied to the data. This operation may be performed for a number of reasons including: (a) when a clear trend / drift outside the tolerance limit can be demonstrated by repeated operation precision checks, (b) when a correction is required on previously logged data due to a calibration check being outside the allowable tolerance.

Commissioning refers to the initial setup and calibration of the instrument when it is first installed. For some instruments there may be a stabilisation period before normal operation commences.

Data affected by environmental conditions – wind speed spike refers to when a one-off high reading occurs due to a natural occurrence such as a bird sitting on the wind sensor, or some other event causing the readings to spike.

Data transmission error refers to a period of time when the instrument could not transmit data. This may be due to interference, or a problem with the phone line or modem.

Equipment malfunction/instrument fault refers to a period of time when the instrument was not in the normal operating mode and did not measure a representative value of the existing conditions.

Gap in data/data not available refers to a period of time when either data has been lost or could not be collected.

Instrument Alarm refers to an alarm produced by the instrument. A range of alarms can be produced depending on how operation of the instrument is being affected.

Instrument out of service refers to a lack of data due to an instrument being shut down for repair, maintenance, or factory calibration.

DAT13092



Linear offset or multiplier refers to when an offset or multiplier has been applied between two points where the values of the offset or multiplier are different and the correction is interpolated between the two points.

Logger error refers to when an error occurs and instrument readings are not correctly recorded by the logger.

Maintenance refers to a period of time when the logger / instrument was switched off due to maintenance.

Overnight span/zero out of tolerance refers to when the span/zero reading measured by the analyser during an automatic precision check falls outside of the expected concentration limits.

Overnight zero out of tolerance refers to when the automatic zero reading measured by the analyser falls outside the expected limits.

Power Interruption refers to no power to the station therefore no data was collected at this time.

Remote Calibration refers to when a technician remotely connects to the station and manually performs a span check.

Static offset or multiplier refers to when a single offset or multiplier has been applied to the data between two points either to increase or decrease the measured value.

Tape break refers to the breaking of the beta attenuation monitor sample tape during operation.

Warm up after power interruption refers to the start up period of an instrument after power has been restored.

DAT13092



Appendix 3 – BTEX Analytical Results



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : **EN1802096** Page : 1 of 4

Amendment : 1

Client : **ECOTECH PTY LTD** Laboratory : Environmental Division Newcastle

Contact : LARA NICHOLAS Contact : Hayley Withers

Address : 1492 FERNTREE GULLY ROAD Address : 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West NSW Australia 2304

KNOXFIELD VICTORIA. AUSTRALIA 3180

 Telephone
 : +61 03 9730 7800
 Telephone
 : +612 4014 2500

 Project
 : WD4 PRIMULA AVE
 Date Samples Received
 : 16-Mar-2018 09:20

Order number : 234215 Date Analysis Commenced : 21-Mar-2018

C-O-C number : ---- Issue Date : 26-Mar-2018 13:21 Sampler : DANIEL RAYMOND

Site ----

Quote number : NE/070/17

No. of samples received : 2

No. of samples analysed : 2

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Surrogate Control Limits

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Accreditation No. 825

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Daniel Junek Senior Air Analyst Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW

Daniel Junek Senior Air Analyst Newcastle, Mayfield West, NSW

Page : 2 of 4

 Work Order
 : EN1802096 Amendment 1

 Client
 : ECOTECH PTY LTD

 Project
 : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- Amendment (26/03/2017): This report has been amended as a result of incorrect sampling dates being listed. All analysis results are as per the previous report
- EP101: Results reported in µg/m³ are calculated from PPBV results based on a temperature of 25°C and atmospheric pressure of 101.3 kPa.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure As Received are measured under controlled conditions using calibrated laboratory gauges. These results are expressed as an Absolute Pressure. Equivalent gauge pressures may be calculated by subtracting the Pressure Laboratory Atmosphere taken at the time of measurement.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure Gauge as Received are obtained from uncalibrated field gauges and are indicative only. These results may not precisely match calibrated gauge readings and may vary from field measurements due to changes in temperature and pressure

Page

3 of 4 EN1802096 Amendment 1 Work Order : ECOTECH PTY LTD Client Project WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: AIR (Matrix: AIR)		Clie	ent sample ID	260218 C4778_S2820	070318 C4987_S1621	 	
	CI	ient sampli	ng date / time	26-Feb-2018 00:00	07-Mar-2018 00:00	 	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EN1802096-001	EN1802096-002	 	
				Result	Result	 	
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO	15 (Calculated Conce	entration)					
Benzene	71-43-2	1.6	μg/m³	<1.6	<1.6	 	
Toluene	108-88-3	1.9	μg/m³	2.6	<1.9	 	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	2.2	μg/m³	3.5	<2.2	 	
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	4.3	μg/m³	5.2	<4.3	 	
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	2.2	μg/m³	<2.2	<2.2	 	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	2.6	μg/m³	<2.6	<2.6	 	
Total Xylenes		6.6	μg/m³	<6.6	<6.6	 	
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO	15r						
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	0.7	<0.5	 	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	0.8	<0.5	 	
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	1.0	ppbv	1.2	<1.0	 	
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Total Xylenes		1.5	ppbv	<1.5	<1.5	 	
Sampling Quality Assurance							
Pressure - As received	PRESSURE	0.1	kPaa	88.2	100	 	
Pressure - Gauge as Received		1	Inches Hg	-4	0	 	
Pressure - Laboratory Atmosphere		0.1	kPaa	102	102	 	
Temperature as Received		0.1	°C	21.0	21.0	 	
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Su	ırrogates						
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.5	%	105	103	 	

Page

: 4 of 4 : EN1802096 Amendment 1 Work Order Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD WD4 PRIMULA AVE Project



Surrogate Control Limits

Sub-Matrix: AIR	Recovery Limits (%)			
Compound	Low	High		
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Surrogates				
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	60	140	



QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

Work Order : **EN1802096** Page : 1 of 3

Amendment : 1

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD Laboratory : Environmental Division Newcastle

Contact : LARA NICHOLAS Contact : Hayley Withers

Address : 1492 FERNTREE GULLY ROAD Address : 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West NSW Australia 2304

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Telephone : +61 03 9730 7800 Telephone
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE Date Samples Received

Order number : 234215
C-O-C number : ----

Sampler · DANIEL RAYMOND

Site · ----

Quote number : NE/070/17

No. of samples received : 2
No. of samples analysed : 2

Date Samples Received : 16-Mar-2018
Date Analysis Commenced : 21-Mar-2018
Issue Date : 26-Mar-2018

Accreditation No. 825

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

: +612 4014 2500

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full. This Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report; Relative Percentage Difference (RPD) and Acceptance Limits
- Method Blank (MB), Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits
- Matrix Spike (MS) and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Daniel Junek Senior Air Analyst Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW

Daniel Junek Senior Air Analyst Newcastle, Mayfield West, NSW

Page : 2 of 3

Work Order : EN1802096 Amendment 1
Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis. Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high

Key: Anonymous = Refers to samples which are not specifically part of this work order but formed part of the QC process lot

CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

RPD = Relative Percentage Difference

= Indicates failed QC

Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

The quality control term Laboratory Duplicate refers to a randomly selected intralaboratory split. Laboratory duplicates provide information regarding method precision and sample heterogeneity. The permitted ranges for the Relative Percent Deviation (RPD) of Laboratory Duplicates are specified in ALS Method QWI-EN/38 and are dependent on the magnitude of results in comparison to the level of reporting: Result < 10 times LOR: No Limit: Result between 10 and 20 times LOR: 0% - 50%: Result > 20 times LOR: 0% - 20%.

Sub-Matrix: AIR	Sub-Matrix: AIR			Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report					
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	er LOR Unit Original Result Duplicate Result RPD (%) Rec				Recovery Limits (%)	
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r (QC Lot: 1512425)									
EN1802096-001	260218 C4778_S2820	EP101-H: Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP101-H: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	0.7	0.6	0.00	No Limit
		EP101-H: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	0.8	0.7	0.00	No Limit
		EP101-H: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit
		EP101-H: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	1	ppbv	1.2	1.1	0.00	No Limit
			106-42-3						

Page : 3 of 3

Work Order : EN1802096 Amendment 1
Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Method Blank (MB), Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report

The quality control term Method / Laboratory Blank refers to an analyte free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in standard sample preparation. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential laboratory contamination. The quality control terms Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) and Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate (DCS) refers to certified reference materials, or known interference free matrices spiked with target analytes. The purpose of these QC parameters are to monitor method precision and accuracy independent of sample matrix. Dynamic Recovery Limits are based on statistical evaluation of processed LCS and DCS.

Sub-Matrix: AIR			Method Blank (MI	B) Report		Laboratory Control S	Spike (LCS) and Laborat	atory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report					
					Spike	Spike Re	covery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)	RPL	RPDs (%)		
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	DCS	Low	High	Value	Control Limit		
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r	(QCLot: 1512425)												
EP101-H: Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	94.8	94.9	77	114	25	25		
EP101-H: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	# 117	# 118	78	115	25	25		
EP101-H: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	108	109	82	121	25	25		
EP101-H: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	1	ppbv	<1.0	200 ppbv	108	108	82	122	25	25		
	106-42-3												
EP101-H: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	111	112	83	122	25	25		

[•] No Matrix Spike (MS) or Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) Results are required to be reported.



QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review

Work Order : **EN1802096** Page : 1 of 4

Amendment : 1

Client : **ECOTECH PTY LTD** Laboratory : Environmental Division Newcastle

 Contact
 : LARA NICHOLAS
 Telephone
 : +612 4014 2500

 Project
 : WD4 PRIMULA AVE
 Date Samples Received
 : 16-Mar-2018

 Site
 : --- Issue Date
 : 26-Mar-2018

Sampler : DANIEL RAYMOND No. of samples received : 2
Order number : 234215 No. of samples analysed : 2

This report is automatically generated by the ALS LIMS through interpretation of the ALS Quality Control Report and several Quality Assurance parameters measured by ALS. This automated reporting highlights any non-conformances, facilitates faster and more accurate data validation and is designed to assist internal expert and external Auditor review. Many components of this report contribute to the overall DQO assessment and reporting for guideline compliance.

Brief method summaries and references are also provided to assist in traceability.

Summary of Outliers

Outliers: Quality Control Samples

This report highlights outliers flagged in the Quality Control (QC) Report.

- NO Method Blank value outliers occur.
- NO Duplicate outliers occur.
- NO Matrix Spike outliers occur.
- Laboratory Control outliers exist please see following pages for full details.
- For all regular sample matrices, NO surrogate recovery outliers occur.

Outliers: Analysis Holding Time Compliance

NO Analysis Holding Time Outliers exist.

Outliers : Frequency of Quality Control Samples

• NO Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers exist.

Page : 2 of 4

Work Order : EN1802096 Amendment 1
Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Outliers: Quality Control Samples

Duplicates, Method Blanks, Laboratory Control Samples and Matrix Spikes

Matrix: AIR

Compound Group Name	Laboratory Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Analyte	CAS Number	Data	Limits	Comment
Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Recoveries							
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r	QC-1512425-002		Toluene	108-88-3	117 %	78-115%	Recovery greater than upper control
							limit
Duplicate Control Spike (DCS) Recoveries							
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r	QC-1512425-003		Toluene	108-88-3	118 %	78-115%	Recovery greater than upper control
							limit

Analysis Holding Time Compliance

If samples are identified below as having been analysed or extracted outside of recommended holding times, this should be taken into consideration when interpreting results.

This report summarizes extraction / preparation and analysis times and compares each with ALS recommended holding times (referencing USEPA SW 846, APHA, AS and NEPM) based on the sample container provided. Dates reported represent first date of extraction or analysis and preclude subsequent dilutions and reruns. A listing of breaches (if any) is provided herein.

Holding time for leachate methods (e.g. TCLP) vary according to the analytes reported. Assessment compares the leach date with the shortest analyte holding time for the equivalent soil method. These are: organics 14 days, mercury 28 days & other metals 180 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all non-volatile parameters.

Holding times for <u>VOC in soils</u> vary according to analytes of interest. Vinyl Chloride and Styrene holding time is 7 days; others 14 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all VOC analytes and should be verified in case the reported breach is a false positive <u>or</u> Vinyl Chloride and Styrene are not key analytes of interest/concern.

Matrix: AIR

Evaluation:		- Holding	timo	broach :	/ -	\\/ithin	holding time	
Evaluation	~		IIIII II II II	preach	v =	UVIIIIIIII	HORDING IIIIE	٥.

Evaluation: A - Holding time bleach, V - Within Holding time.								
Method	Sample Date	Ex	traction / Preparation		Analysis			
Container / Client Sample ID(s)		Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation	
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r								
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (EP101-H) 070318 - C4987_S1621	07-Mar-2018				21-Mar-2018	06-Apr-2018	✓	
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (EP101-H) 260218 - C4778_S2820	26-Feb-2018				21-Mar-2018	28-Mar-2018	✓	
Sampling Quality Assurance								
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (CAN-001) 070318 - C4987_S1621	07-Mar-2018				21-Mar-2018	07-Mar-2019	✓	
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (CAN-001) 260218 - C4778_S2820	26-Feb-2018				21-Mar-2018	26-Feb-2019	✓	

Page : 3 of 4

Work Order EN1802096 Amendment 1 Client ECOTECH PTY LTD WD4 PRIMULA AVE Project



Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance

The following report summarises the frequency of laboratory QC samples analysed within the analytical lot(s) in which the submitted sample(s) was(were) processed. Actual rate should be greater than or equal to the expected rate. A listing of breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

Matrix: AIR Evaluation: x = Quality Control frequency not within specification; ✓ = Quality Control frequency within specification										
Quality Control Sample Type		C	ount		Rate (%)		Quality Control Specification			
Analytical Methods	Method	OC	Regular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation				
Duplicate Control Samples (DCS)										
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	3	33.33	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard			
Laboratory Duplicates (DUP)										
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	3	33.33	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard			
Laboratory Control Samples (LCS)										
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	3	33.33	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard			
Method Blanks (MB)										
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	3	33.33	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard			

Page : 4 of 4

Work Order : EN1802096 Amendment 1
Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Brief Method Summaries

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the US EPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request. The following report provides brief descriptions of the analytical procedures employed for results reported in the Certificate of Analysis. Sources from which ALS methods have been developed are provided within the Method Descriptions.

Analytical Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Canister Sampling - Field Data	CAN-001	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO14 / TO15
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO15r Volatile Organic Compounds in Air by USEPA TO15. Aliphatic and Aromatic Hydrocarbons
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15 (mass/volume)	EP101-H-MV	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO15r Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15 (Calculated Concentration)

AIR CANISTER CHAIN OF CUSTODY

If sourced from an ALS Laboratory: please tick →

Y/N

Client Supplied Canister(s)?

□BRISBANE 2 Byth Street Stafford QLD 4053 Ph: 07 3243 7222 E: samples.brisbane@alsglobal.com □GLADSTONE 46 Callemondah Drive Clinton QLD 4680 Ph: 07 7471 5600 E: gladstone@alsglobal.com

DADELAIDE 21 Burma Road Pooraka SA 5095 Ph: 08 8359 0890 E: adelaide@alsglobal.com

DMACKAY 78 Harbour Road Mackay QLD 4740 Ph: 07 4944 0177 E: mackay@alsglobal.com

DMELBOURNE 2-4 Westall Road Springvale VIC 3171 Ph: 03 8549 9600 E: samples.melbourne@alsglobal.com DMUDGEE 1/29 Sydney Road Mudgee NSW 2850 Ph: 02 6372 6735 E: mudgee.mail@alsglobal.com

□NEWCASTLE 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West NSW 2304 Ph: 02 4014 2500 E: samples.newcastle@alsglobal.com DNOWRA 4/13 Geary Place North Nowra NSW 2541 Ph: 02 4423 2063 E: nowra@alsglobal.com

□PERTH 10 Hod Way Malaga WA 6090 Ph: 08 9209 7655 E: samples.perth@alsglobal.com

DSYDNEY 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW 2164 Ph: 02 8784 8555 E: samples.sydney@alsglobal.com

DTOWNSVILLE 14-15 Desma Court Bohle QLD 4818
Ph: 07 4796 0600 E: townesville.environmental@alsglobal.com

DWOLLONGONG 99 Kenny Street Wollongong NSW 2500 Ph: 02 4225 3125 E: wollongong@aisglobal.com

CLIENT: ECOTECH		TURNAROUND REQUIREMENTS:	☐ Standard TAT (Lis	t due date	e date):							LABORATORY USE ONLY (Circle) Receiver to initial and date/tim			le/time	
OFFICE: 1492 Ferntree Gully Rd, KNOXI	FIELD VIC	(Standard TAT may be extended for multiple sequential analysis suites)	' I I Non Standard or urgant T			t due (date):					Custody Seal Inta	act? Rec I	Lab Y / N NE Y /	N	N/A
PROJECT: WD4 PRIMULA AVE		ALS QUOTE NO.: NE/070/17				coc s	EQUEN	CE NUI	/IBER	(Circle)		Valves closed on Receipt?	Rec I	Lab Y / N NE Y /	N	N/A
PURCHASE ORDER NO 234215		COUNTRY OF ORIGIN:		C	oc:	1	2	3 4	5	6	7	Canister/Sample	Complete ar	nd Not Damaged	Yes	No
PROJECT MANAGER: Lara Nicholas		CONTACT PH: 03 9370 7845 0417351053		o	OF:	1	2	3 4	. 5	6	7	Other comment:		Temperature	°C	
SAMPLER:	Daniel Raymond	SAMPLER MOBILE: 0419424932	RELINQUISHED BY:		F	RELIN	QUISH	ED BY	:		RELI	INQUISHED BY	:	RELINQUISHE	D BY:	
COC Emailed to ALS? (YES / NO)		EDD FORMAT (or default):		Signature and dat	ite/time				Signatu	re and date/lim	e		Signature and date/time		Signature and o	date/time
Email Reports to (will default to PM if no of	ther addresses are listed): lara.nicholas@ecotech.com, daniel	.raymond@ecotech.com	RECEIVED BY:		F	RECE	VED B	Y:			REC	EIVED BY:		RECEIVED BY:		
Email Invoice to (will default to PM if no oth	ner addresses are listed): naomi.dans@ecotech.com			Signature and dat	ite/time				Signatu	re and date/lim	e		Signature and date/time		Signature and o	date/time
COMMENTS/SPECIAL HANDLING/PERI																

		GAS SAMPLE	CONTAINER INFORMA	TION		Canister Gauge Pressures (PSI)		Refer to Canister Verification Reports and COAs for pressures measured by the Lab				ANALYSES R	Additional Information			
LS USE ONLY			CANISTER / SAMPLE DETAILS					Reportin	g Requirem	ents	Su	ite Codes must be liste	ed to attract	suite price		
LAB ID	CANISTER SERIAL NO.	FLOW CONTROLLER SERIAL NO.	CLIENT SAMPLE ID	DATE /TIME SAMPLE ID DATE /TIME (eg Air, Soil Gas) DATE /TIME (soil Gas) Pre-sampling Post Sampling Ambient Soil Gas (NEPM) In (NEPM			ppmv,	VI-V1 BTEXN				Comments on LORs required, potential hazards, likely contaminant levels, or samp requiring specific QC analysis etc. (LOR default routine method LOR after dilution)				
	4778	2820	260218	26/02/18 00:30 - 23:30	AIR	30	4	х	х		х					
	4987	1621	070318	07/03/18 00:30 - 23:30	AIR	30	1	х	х		х					
			,													



Specified Purpose:

Canister Type:

Canister Size:

Valve Type:







03-Feb-2018 /



Gelais (Saidleanilain) agistisia (Gelais)

Canister No:

USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)

Ambient Air

Verification Date:

4778

Valid To (At least): 03-Mar-2018 /

Verification File: 180202 24.D

Entech Silonite - Summa Style Last Stability Check: 01-Nov-2016 Next Check Scheduled: 01-Nov-2018 Nupro K. Gelderman

Analyst:

Dispatch Pressure: <0.01 psia Approved for Dispatch by:

Canister Verification Protocol Sensies are verified this: purpose for the requested analyses and applications of known). Estimost applications cartisties are varified clean according to the requirements of USEPA enothed TO is:

Lach restlication excesses a check for contemination, leaks and damage provinces. Statility checks are performed after 5 years or if Gamage to the carlister in suspected, then except two years, within the besignated holding time to the are each careers as capable of holding the target carmicals without significant sugraduation.

Section 1			Verification						
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Goal (<)	Result					
			ppbv	ppbv					
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform		0.2	<0.2					
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2					
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride		0.2	<0.2					
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2					
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2					
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride		0.2	<0.2					
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene		0.2	<0.2					
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide		0.2	<0.2					
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2					
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride		0.2	<0.2					
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene		0.2	<0.2					
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2					
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2					
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene		0.2	<0.2					
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide		0.2	<0.2					
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2					
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride		0.2	<0.2					
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride		0.2	<0.2					
Chloroform	Trichloromethane		0.2	<0.2					
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride		0.2	<0.2					
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2					
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2					
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane		0.2	<0.2					
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane		0.2	<0.2					
30n 11	Trichlorofluoromethane		0.2	<0.2					
reon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		0.2	<0.2					
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		0.2	<0.2					
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene		0.2	<0.2					





			$\hat{\boldsymbol{y}} = \hat{\boldsymbol{y}} \cdot \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}$	
Control was reported to the control and co			Verification	
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Goal (<)	Result
	·		ppbv	ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene		0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchlorethylene		0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	· <0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane		0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane		0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene		0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone		0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene		0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	. Tribromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2		0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane	Chile we difference at the		0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester		0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol		0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	МТВЕ		0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane n-Hexane			0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene		0.2 0.2	<0.2 <0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THE		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester		0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	a-Chlorotoluene		. 0,2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol		0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide		0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal		0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA		0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene		0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE		0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME		0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	мма		0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride		0.2	<0.2
İsopropyibenzene	Cumene		0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyitoluene	o-Cymene		0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane		0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene			0.2	<0.2





2820

-7: [44] 0] [:19] 4: [41] [6] 2: [4] [6] 2: [4] [6] 2: [6] [6] 3: [6] 6] 6] 6]

Sampler No:

Specified Purpose: USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)

LORs Required: Ambient Air Sampler Type: Passive Sampler

Flow Rate Calibrated at:

Calibrated by:

Verification Date: Valid To (At least): Verification File:

Analyst:

Approved for Dispatch by:

29-Jan-2018 26-Feb-2018 180129_01.D

K. Gelderman

6/2/15

Sample's are generally verified hit for purposal for the requested analysis and applications samples are verified countactording to the requirements of USDA earliest TOTs.

Each with Califor Involves a Chica IGC containment on Teaks and damage to Instruct

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to	Result	
		vdqq	ppbv	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform	0.2	<0.2	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride	0.2	<0.2	
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2	
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2	
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride	0.2	<0.2	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene	0.2	<0.2	
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide	0.2	< 0.2	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2	
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride	0.2	<0.2	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene	0.2	<0.2	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene	0,2	<0.2	
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene	0.2	<0.2	
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide	0.2	<0.2	
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2	
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride	0.2	<0.2	
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride	0.2	<0.2	
Chloroform	Trichloromethane	0.2	<0.2	
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride	0.2	<0.2	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2	
thylbenzene	Phenyl ethane	0.2	<0.2	
ceon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.2	<0.2	
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2	<0.2	
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	0.2	<0.2	
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	0.2	<0.2	
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene	0.2	<0.2	

AIGHT SOLUTIONS PIGHT PARTNER





Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to	Result
		ppbv	ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene	0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchlorethylene	0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene	0.2	. <0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane	0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane	0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene	0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone	0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene	0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2	0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester	0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol	0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE	0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane		0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane Propene	Describes	0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	Propylene THF	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2 0.2	<0.2 <0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester	0.2	<0.2 <0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	o-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2 <0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol	0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide	0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal	0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenal	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA	0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBÉ	0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME	0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA	0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride	0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene	0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene	0.2	<0.2
	· ·		
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane	0.2	<0.2





Canister Verification Report

Canister No: 4987

USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite) **Specified Purpose:**

Ambient Air

Verification Date: Valid To (At least):

Last Stability Check:

13-Feb-2018 13-Mar-2018

Verification File:

180213 04.D

Canister Type:

Dispatch Pressure:

Entech Silonite - Summa Style

Canister Size: Valve Type:

Nupro <0.01 psia **Next Check Scheduled:** Analyst:

05-Jan-2017 05-Jan-2019

Verification

Approved for Dispatch by:

K. Gelderman / 2/18

Canister Verification Protocol

Canisters are verified 'fit for purpose' for the requested analyses and applications (if known). For most applications, canisters are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to valves. Stability checks are performed after 5 years or if damage to the canister in suspected, then every two years, within the designated holding time to ensure each canister is capable of holding the target chemicals without significant degradation.

ALS METHOD CODE: EPI 01

REFERENCE METHOD: Compendium Method TO-15. Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in air collected in specially-prepared Canisters and analysed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) ALS METHOD CODE: EPION

			vernication	
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Goal (<)	Result
			ppbv	ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	< 0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride		0.2	< 0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	< 0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene		0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane		0.2	< 0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene		0.2	<0.2





			Varification	-
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Verification	ъ "
raiget compound	Ait. Name	Qualifiers	Goal (<)	Result
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride		ppbv 0.2	ppbv <0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene		0.4	<0.2 <0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene		0.2	<0.4
Styrene	Vinyl benzene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchlorethylene		0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		•	0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane		0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane		0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene		0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone		0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene		0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2		0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane			0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester		0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol		0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE		0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane			0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane			0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THE		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester		0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	a-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol		0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide		0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal		0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA		0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene		0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE		0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME		0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA		0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride		0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene		0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene		0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane		0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene			0.2	<0.2



Sampler Verification Report

Sampler No:

1621

Specified Purpose:

USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)

LORs Required: Sampler Type:

Ambient Air

Passive Sampler

Verification Date: Valid To (At least):

02-Feb-2018 02-Mar-2018

Verification File:

180202 19.D

Flow Rate Calibrated at:

3.5

ml/min

Analyst:

K. Gelderman

Calibrated by:

13 5/2/18

Approved for Dispatch by:

Sampler Verification Protocol

Samplers are generally verified 'fit for purpose' for the requested analyses and applications. For most applications, samplers are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to fittings.

ALS METHOD CODE: EP101
REFERENCE METHOD. Compendium Method TO-15: Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in air collected in specially-prepared Canisters and analysed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) http://www.epa.gov/ttn/amtic/files/ambient/airtox/to-15r.pdf

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to	Result
		ppbv	ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene	0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene	0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane	0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
-thylbenzene	Phenyl ethane	0.2	<0.2
reon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene	0.2	<0.2





Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to	Result
		ppbv	ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene	0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchlorethylene	0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	. Chloroethene	. 0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	Diathulana	0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane	0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane	0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene Acetone	p-Ethyltoluene	0.2 0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	2-Propanone 3-Chloropropene	0.2	<0.2 <0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2	0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane	032	0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester	0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol	0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE	0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane		0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane		0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester	0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	a-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol	0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide	0.2	< 0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal	0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA	0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE	0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME	0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA	0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride	0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene	0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene	0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane	0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene		0.2	<0.2



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : EN1802218

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD

Contact : LARA NICHOLAS

Address : 1492 FERNTREE GULLY ROAD

KNOXFIELD VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA 3180

Telephone : +61 03 9730 7800
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE

Order number : 234215

C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : DANIEL RAYMOND

Site : ---

Quote number : NE/070/17

No. of samples received : 2
No. of samples analysed : 2

Page : 1 of 4

Laboratory : Environmental Division Newcastle

Contact : Hayley Withers

Address : 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West NSW Australia 2304

Telephone : +612 4014 2500

Date Samples Received : 23-Mar-2018 13:41

Date Analysis Commenced : 28-Mar-2018

Issue Date • 29-Mar-2018 13:09



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Surrogate Control Limits

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

SignatoriesPositionAccreditation CategoryDale SempleAnalystNewcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSWDaniel JunekSenior Air AnalystNewcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSWDaniel JunekSenior Air AnalystNewcastle, Mayfield West, NSW

Page : 2 of 4
Work Order : EN1802218

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- EP101: Results reported in μg/m³ are calculated from PPBV results based on a temperature of 25°C and atmospheric pressure of 101.3 kPa.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure As Received are measured under controlled conditions using calibrated laboratory gauges. These results are expressed as an Absolute Pressure. Equivalent gauge pressures may be calculated by subtracting the Pressure Laboratory Atmosphere taken at the time of measurement.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure Gauge as Received are obtained from uncalibrated field gauges and are indicative only. These results may not precisely match calibrated gauge readings and may vary from field measurements due to changes in temperature and pressure

Page : 3 of 4
Work Order : EN1802218

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: AIR (Matrix: AIR)		Clie	ent sample ID	100318 C4737_S1833	160318 C12642_S2824	 	
	ent sampli	ng date / time	10-Mar-2018 23:30	16-Mar-2018 23:30	 		
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	EN1802218-001	EN1802218-002	 	
				Result	Result	 	
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO	15 (Calculated Conce	entration)					
Benzene	71-43-2	1.6	μg/m³	<1.6	<1.6	 	
Toluene	108-88-3	1.9	μg/m³	12.8	7.2	 	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	2.2	μg/m³	<2.2	<2.2	 	
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	4.3	μg/m³	<4.3	<4.3	 	
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	2.2	μg/m³	<2.2	<2.2	 	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	2.6	μg/m³	<2.6	<2.6	 	
Total Xylenes		6.6	μg/m³	<6.6	<6.6	 	
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO	15r						
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	3.4	1.9	 	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	 	
meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3 106-42-3	1.0	ppbv	<1.0	<1.0	 	
ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	 	
Total Xylenes		1.5	ppbv	<1.5	<1.5	 	
Sampling Quality Assurance							
Pressure - As received	PRESSURE	0.1	kPaa	84.4	90.4	 	
Pressure - Gauge as Received		1	Inches Hg	-6	-6	 	
Pressure - Laboratory Atmosphere		0.1	kPaa	102	102	 	
Temperature as Received		0.1	°C	21.0	21.0	 	
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Su	rrogates						
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	0.5	%	104	104	 	

Page : 4 of 4
Work Order : EN1802218

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Surrogate Control Limits

Sub-Matrix: AIR	Recovery	imits (%) High	
Compound	CAS Number	Low	High
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Surrogates			
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	60	140



QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

Page

Work Order : **EN1802218**

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD Laboratory : Environmental Division Newcastle

Contact : LARA NICHOLAS Contact : Hayley Withers

Address : 1492 FERNTREE GULLY ROAD Address : 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West NSW Australia 2304

KNOXFIELD VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA 3180

 Telephone
 : +61 03 9730 7800
 Telephone
 : +612 4

 Project
 : WD4 PRIMULA AVE
 Date Samples Received
 : 23-Mar

Order number : 234215 Date Analysis Co

C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : DANIEL RAYMOND

Site : ----

Quote number : NE/070/17

No. of samples received : 2
No. of samples analysed : 2

Telephone : +612 4014 2500

Date Samples Received : 23-Mar-2018

Date Analysis Commenced : 28-Mar-2018

Issue Date : 29-Mar-2018

: 1 of 3

Accreditation No. 825
Accredited for compliance with
ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full. This Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report; Relative Percentage Difference (RPD) and Acceptance Limits
- Method Blank (MB), Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits
- Matrix Spike (MS) and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Accreditation Category
Dale Semple	Analyst	Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW
Daniel Junek	Senior Air Analyst	Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW
Daniel Junek	Senior Air Analyst	Newcastle, Mayfield West, NSW

Page : 2 of 3
Work Order : EN1802218

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis. Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high

Key: Anonymous = Refers to samples which are not specifically part of this work order but formed part of the QC process lot

CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

RPD = Relative Percentage Difference

= Indicates failed QC

Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

The quality control term Laboratory Duplicate refers to a randomly selected intralaboratory split. Laboratory duplicates provide information regarding method precision and sample heterogeneity. The permitted ranges for the Relative Percent Deviation (RPD) of Laboratory Duplicates are specified in ALS Method QWI-EN/38 and are dependent on the magnitude of results in comparison to the level of reporting: Result < 10 times LOR: No Limit: Result between 10 and 20 times LOR: 0% - 50%: Result > 20 times LOR: 0% - 20%.

Sub-Matrix: AIR					Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report					
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound CAS Number		LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)	
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r (QC Lot: 1529166)										
EN1802218-001	100318 C4737_S1833	EP101-H: Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit	
		EP101-H: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	3.4	3.1	9.27	No Limit	
		EP101-H: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit	
		EP101-H: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit	
		EP101-H: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	1	ppbv	<1.0	<1.0	0.00	No Limit	
			106-42-3							

Page : 3 of 3 Work Order : EN1802218

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Method Blank (MB), Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report

The quality control term Method / Laboratory Blank refers to an analyte free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in standard sample preparation. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential laboratory contamination. The quality control terms Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) and Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate (DCS) refers to certified reference materials, or known interference free matrices spiked with target analytes. The purpose of these QC parameters are to monitor method precision and accuracy independent of sample matrix. Dynamic Recovery Limits are based on statistical evaluation of processed LCS and DCS.

Sub-Matrix: AIR			Method Blank (MB) Report			Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report					
					Spike	Spike Red	covery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)	RPD)s (%)
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	DCS	Low	High	Value	Control Limit
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r	EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r (QCLot: 1529166)										
EP101-H: Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	91.2	94.4	77	114	25	25
EP101-H: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	104	108	78	115	25	25
EP101-H: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	96.9	96.5	82	121	25	25
EP101-H: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	1	ppbv	<1.0	200 ppbv	98.9	97.4	82	122	25	25
	106-42-3										
EP101-H: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	93.4	89.2	83	122	25	25

[•] No Matrix Spike (MS) or Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) Results are required to be reported.



QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review

Work Order : **EN1802218** Page : 1 of 4

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD Laboratory : Environmental Division Newcastle

 Contact
 : LARA NICHOLAS
 Telephone
 : +612 4014 2500

 Project
 : WD4 PRIMULA AVE
 Date Samples Received
 : 23-Mar-2018

 Site
 : --- Issue Date
 : 29-Mar-2018

Sampler : DANIEL RAYMOND No. of samples received : 2
Order number : 234215 No. of samples analysed : 2

This report is automatically generated by the ALS LIMS through interpretation of the ALS Quality Control Report and several Quality Assurance parameters measured by ALS. This automated reporting highlights any non-conformances, facilitates faster and more accurate data validation and is designed to assist internal expert and external Auditor review. Many components of this report contribute to the overall DQO assessment and reporting for guideline compliance.

Brief method summaries and references are also provided to assist in traceability.

Summary of Outliers

Outliers: Quality Control Samples

This report highlights outliers flagged in the Quality Control (QC) Report.

- NO Method Blank value outliers occur.
- NO Duplicate outliers occur.
- NO Laboratory Control outliers occur.
- NO Matrix Spike outliers occur.
- For all regular sample matrices, NO surrogate recovery outliers occur.

Outliers: Analysis Holding Time Compliance

NO Analysis Holding Time Outliers exist.

Outliers : Frequency of Quality Control Samples

• NO Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers exist.

Page : 2 of 4
Work Order : EN1802218

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Analysis Holding Time Compliance

If samples are identified below as having been analysed or extracted outside of recommended holding times, this should be taken into consideration when interpreting results.

This report summarizes extraction / preparation and analysis times and compares each with ALS recommended holding times (referencing USEPA SW 846, APHA, AS and NEPM) based on the sample container provided. Dates reported represent first date of extraction or analysis and preclude subsequent dilutions and reruns. A listing of breaches (if any) is provided herein.

Holding time for leachate methods (e.g. TCLP) vary according to the analytes reported. Assessment compares the leach date with the shortest analyte holding time for the equivalent soil method. These are: organics 14 days, mercury 28 days & other metals 180 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all non-volatile parameters.

Holding times for <u>VOC in soils</u> vary according to analytes of interest. Vinyl Chloride and Styrene holding time is 7 days; others 14 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all VOC analytes and should be verified in case the reported breach is a false positive or Vinyl Chloride and Styrene are not key analytes of interest/concern.

Matrix: AIR

Evaluation: * = Holding time breach: \checkmark = Within holding time.

Method	Sample Date	Extraction / Preparation			Analysis		
Container / Client Sample ID(s)		Date extracted	Due for extraction	Evaluation	Date analysed	Due for analysis	Evaluation
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r							
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (EP101-H) 100318 - C4737_S1833	10-Mar-2018				28-Mar-2018	09-Apr-2018	✓
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (EP101-H) 160318 - C12642_S2824	16-Mar-2018				28-Mar-2018	15-Apr-2018	✓
Sampling Quality Assurance							
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (CAN-001) 100318 - C4737_S1833	10-Mar-2018				28-Mar-2018	10-Mar-2019	✓
Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (CAN-001) 160318 - C12642_S2824	16-Mar-2018				28-Mar-2018	16-Mar-2019	1

Page : 3 of 4 Work Order EN1802218

Client ECOTECH PTY LTD WD4 PRIMULA AVE Project



Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance

The following report summarises the frequency of laboratory QC samples analysed within the analytical lot(s) in which the submitted sample(s) was(were) processed. Actual rate should be greater than or equal to the expected rate. A listing of breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

atrix: AIR Evaluation: × = Quality Control frequency not within specification; ✓ = Quality Control frequency within specification							
Quality Control Sample Type		Co	Count Rate (%) Qua				Quality Control Specification
Analytical Methods	Method	QC	Reaular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation	
Duplicate Control Samples (DCS)							
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	2	50.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Laboratory Duplicates (DUP)							
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	2	50.00	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Laboratory Control Samples (LCS)							
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	2	50.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard
Method Blanks (MB)							
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	2	50.00	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard

Page : 4 of 4 Work Order : EN1802218

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Brief Method Summaries

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the US EPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request. The following report provides brief descriptions of the analytical procedures employed for results reported in the Certificate of Analysis. Sources from which ALS methods have been developed are provided within the Method Descriptions.

Analytical Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Canister Sampling - Field Data	CAN-001	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO14 / TO15
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO15r Volatile Organic Compounds in Air by USEPA TO15. Aliphatic and Aromatic Hydrocarbons
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15 (mass/volume)	EP101-H-MV	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO15r Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15 (Calculated Concentration)

ALS

AIR CANISTER CHAIN OF CUSTODY

N OF CUSTODY

GADELAIDE 23 thurma Road Promake SA \$935
Ph. 08 8359 0850 E. adelaide@asigiobal.co.nn

Client Supplied Canister(s)?

DBRISBANE 2 Byth Street Stafford QLD 4953
Ph. 07 3247 7222 E: pangles brisbane@playabal.com
If sourced from an ALS Laboratory: please tick → DGLADSTORE & Calemondain Drive Ciston QLD 4600
Ph. 07 747 5600 E: playabarene@playabarene

DMACKAY 78 Harbour Road Mackey OLD 4740 Rt; 07-4944 0477 E: mackey@ellogiobal.com

IMELBOURNE 2-4 Westst Road Springvale VIC 3171 Rt. 03 8549 9900 E. samples melbourne@esgisted com IMUDGEE 1/28 Sydney Road Mudgee NSW 2850 Rt. 02 8912 6736 E. mudgeg-misights to be to com

INEWCASTLE 5/585 Madiand Road Mayfield West NSW 2304 9b: 02 4014 2509 E: samples.newcastle@alsglobel.com INOWRA 4/13 Geory Piece North NewtonSW 2541 Ph: 02 4427 2869 E: nowro@alsglobalcom

CREATH 10 Hod Way Makings WA 6050 Phi: 08 9299 7656 E: semples perting elegional com OSYDNEY 277-265 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW 2164 Ptr 02 8764 8555 E samples sydney@piselcom

OTOWNSVELE 14-55 Desma Court Bonie GLD 4818
Pix 07 4796 0000 E Immensille environmentalignissistations

DWGLLONGONG 99 Kenny Street Wollongong NSW 2590 Ph: 92 <225 3125 E wellongong@elbylobal.com

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		i		CANISTER / SAMPLE DETAILS					Rep	porting Red	quirem	nents	Su	ite Code	s must be li	sted to attrac	t suite pric	e]		
		ISTER	FLOW CONTROLLER	CLIENT SAMPLE ID	DATE / TIME	MATRIX	Pre- Sampling	Post Sampling		LORs	Ur	nits	VI-V1							ents on LORs require ikely contaminant lev	
	SER	AL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CLIENT SAMPLE ID	SAMPLED	(eg Air, Soil Gas)			Ambient Air	Soil Gas Other (NEPM) Indoo	ppbv,	ppmv, mg/m³	BTEXN							pecific QC analysis of routine method LOR after di	tc. (LOR defaults to
100 04 - 1	4	737	1833	100318	10/03/18 00:30 - 23:30	AIR	30	4	х		х		х								
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Canister Verification Report

Canister No:

4737

Specified Purpose:

Dispatch Pressure:

USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)

Ambient Air

Verification Date: Valid To (At least): 13-Feb-2018 13-Mar-2018

Verification File:

180213_06.D

Canister Type:

Entech Silonite - Summa Style

Canister Size: Valve Type:

Nupro <0.01 psia **Last Stability Check: Next Check Scheduled:** 01-Dec-2017 01-Dec-2019

Analyst:

Approved for Dispatch by:

K. Gelderman

Canister Verification Protocol

Canisters are verified 'fit for purpose' for the requested analyses and applications (if known). For most applications, canisters are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to valves. Stability checks are performed after 5 years or if damage to the canister in suspected, then every two years, within the designated holding time to ensure each canister is capable of holding the target chemicals without significant degradation.

ALS METHOD CODE: EPTOT

REFERENCE METHOD: Compendium Method TO-15: Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in air collected in specially-prepared Canisters and analysed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) ALS METHOD CODE, EP104

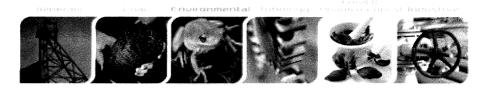
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Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Goal (<)	Result
			ppbv	ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene		0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane		0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	< 0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane	•	0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane		0.2	< 0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene		0.2	<0.2





Target Compound	Alf No		Verification	
rarget compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Goal (<)	Result
Dichloromethane	Mothydono oklasida		ppbv	ppbv
m -& p-Xylene	Methylene chloride 1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene		0.4	<0.4
Styrene	Vinyl benzene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchlorethylene		0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	Chlorocthene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane		0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane		0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene		0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone		0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene		0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2		0.2 0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane	002			<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester		0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol		0.2 0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE		0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane			0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane				<0.2
Propene	Propylene		0.2 0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2 <0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester		0.2	<0.2 <0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	a-Chlorotoluene		0.2	
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol		0.2	<0.2 <0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide		0.2	<0.2 <0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal		0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA		0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene		0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE		0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME		0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA		0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride		0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene		0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene		0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane		0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene	-		0.2	<0.2
				٠٠.2





Sampler Verification Report

Sampler No: 1833

Specified Purpose:

Flow Rate Calibrated at:

USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)

LORs Required: Ambient Air Sampler Type:

Passive Sampler

ml/min

Verification Date: Valid To (At least): Verification File:

08-Feb-2018 08-Mar-2018 180208 07.D

K. Gelderman Analyst:

Calibrated by:

14 8/2/18

Approved for Dispatch by:

\$ 19/2/1

Sampler Verification Protocol

Samplers are generally verified 'fit for purpose' for the requested analyses and applications. For most applications, samplers are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to fittings.

ALS METHOD CODE: EP101

REFERENCE METHOD: Compendium Method TO-15: Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in air collected in specially-prepared Canisters and analysed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) http://www.epa.gov/ttn/amtic/files/ambient/airtox/to-15r.pdf

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to	Result
		ppbv	ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene	0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene	0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane	0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene	0.2	<0.2

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Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to	Result
Di II		ppbv	ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene	0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchlorethylene	0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane	0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane	0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene	0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone	0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene	0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2	0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane		0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester	0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol	0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE	0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane		0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane		0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THE	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester	0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	a-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol	0.2	
Acetonitrile			<0.2
	Methyl cyanide	0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal	0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA	0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE	0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME	0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA	0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride	0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene	0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene	0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane	0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene		0.2	<0.2





Canister Verification Report

Canister No: 12642

Specified Purpose: USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite) **Verification Date:** 05-Mar-2018

Ambient Air Valid To (At least): 02-Apr-2018 Verification File: 180305 04.D

Canister Type: Entech Silonite - Summa Style Last Stability Check: 08-Nov-2016 Canister Size: 6L **Next Check Scheduled:** 08-Nov-2018

Valve Type: TOV K. Gelderman Analyst:

Dispatch Pressure: <0.01 psia Approved for Dispatch by:

Canister Verification Protocol

Canisters are verified 'fit for purpose' for the requested analyses and applications (if known). For most applications, canisters are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to valves. Stability checks are performed after 5 years or if damage to the canister in suspected, then every two years, within the designated holding time to ensure each canister is capable of holding the target chemicals without significant degradation.

ALS METHOD CODE, EPI 01

REFERENCE METHOD: Compendium Method TO-15: Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in air collected in specially-prepared Canisters and analysed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)

ALS METHOD CODE: EP104

			Verification	
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Goal (<)	Result
			ppbv	ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene		0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane		0.2	< 0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		0.2	< 0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene		0.2	<0.2





			Verification	
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Goal (<)	Result
•			ppbv	ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene		0.4	< 0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene		0.2	< 0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchlorethylene		0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene		0.2	< 0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane		0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane		0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene		0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone		0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene		0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2		0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane			0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester		0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol		0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE		0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane			0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane			0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester		0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	a-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol		0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide		0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal		0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA		0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene		0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE		0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME		0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA		0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride		0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene		0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene 2-Isopropyltoluene	1-Methylpropylbenzene		0.2 0.2	<0.2 <0.2
n-Butylbenzene	o-Cymene Phenyl butane		0.2	<0.2 <0.2
Naphthalene	r nenyi butane		0.2	<0.2 <0.2
Нартинасте			0.2	~U.Z





ampler Verification Report

Sampler No: 2824

USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite) **Specified Purpose:**

LORs Required: Ambient Air Passive Sampler Sampler Type:

3.5

ml/min Flow Rate Calibrated at:

25 5/3/18 Calibrated by:

Verification Date: 05-Mar-2018 Valid To (At least): 02-Apr-2018 Verification File: 180305 04.D

K. Gelderman Analyst:

Approved for Dispatch by:

Sampler Verification Protocol

Samplers are generally verified 'fit for purpose' for the requested analyses and applications. For most applications, samplers are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to fittings.

ALS METHOD CODE: EP101
REFERENCE METHOD: Compendium Method TO-15: Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in air collected in specially-prepared Canisters and analysed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) http://www.epa.gov/ttn/amtic/files/ambient/airtox/to-15r.pdf

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to	Result
		ppbv	ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene	0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene	0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane	0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene	0.2	<0.2





Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to	Result
		ppbv	ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene	0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchlorethylene	0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane	0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane	0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene	0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone	0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene	0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane	0.2	< 0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2	0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane		0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester	0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol	0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE	0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane	WIDE	0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane		0.2	
Propene	Dronidono	0.2	<0.2
•	Propylene		<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester	0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	a-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol	0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide	0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal	0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA	0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE	0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME	0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA	0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride	0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene	0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene	0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane	0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene	i nonyi batano	0.2	<0.2



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : EN1802443

: ECOTECH PTY LTD

Contact : LARA NICHOLAS

Address : 1492 FERNTREE GULLY ROAD

KNOXFIELD VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA 3180

Telephone : +61 03 9730 7800
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE

Order number : 234215

C-O-C number : ----

Client

Sampler : DANIEL RAYMOND

Site : ---

Quote number : NE/070/17

No. of samples received : 2
No. of samples analysed : 2

Page : 1 of 4

Laboratory : Environmental Division Newcastle

Contact : Hayley Withers

Address : 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West NSW Australia 2304

Telephone : +612 4014 2500
Date Samples Received : 09-Apr-2018 09:00

Date Analysis Commenced : 11-Apr-2018

Issue Date : 13-Apr-2018 12:05



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Surrogate Control Limits

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Daniel Junek Senior Air Analyst Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW

Daniel Junek Senior Air Analyst Newcastle, Mayfield West, NSW

Page : 2 of 4
Work Order : EN1802443

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- EP101: ALS quality procedures (QWI-EN/38) permit, for organic trace analysis, that the recoveries of 20% of target compounds may lie outside of established control limits as long as these remain within acceptable ranges defined within referenced USEPA methods.
- EP101: Results reported in μg/m³ are calculated from PPBV results based on a temperature of 25°C and atmospheric pressure of 101.3 kPa.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure As Received are measured under controlled conditions using calibrated laboratory gauges. These results are expressed as an Absolute Pressure. Equivalent gauge pressures may be calculated by subtracting the Pressure Laboratory Atmosphere taken at the time of measurement.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure Gauge as Received are obtained from uncalibrated field gauges and are indicative only. These results may not precisely match calibrated gauge readings and may vary from field measurements due to changes in temperature and pressure

Page : 3 of 4
Work Order : EN1802443

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Analytical Results

Client sampling date / time 22-Mar-2018 23:30 28-Mar-2018 23:30	
Result Result	
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15 (Calculated Concentration)	
Benzene 71-43-2 1.6 μg/m³ <1.6 <1.6	
Toluene 108-88-3 1.9 μg/m³ 6.8 <1.9	
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 2.2 μg/m³ <2.2 <2.2	
meta- & para-Xylene 108-38-3 106-42-3 4.3 μg/m³ <4.3	
ortho-Xylene 95-47-6 2.2 μg/m³ <2.2 <2.2	
Naphthalene 91-20-3 2.6 μg/m³ <2.6 <2.6	
Total Xylenes 6.6 μg/m³ <6.6	
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r	
Benzene 71-43-2 0.5 ppbv <0.5 <0.5	
Toluene 108-88-3 0.5 ppbv 1.8 <0.5	
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 0.5 ppbv <0.5	
meta- & para-Xylene 108-38-3 106-42-3 1.0 ppbv <1.0 <1.0	
ortho-Xylene 95-47-6 0.5 ppbv <0.5	
Naphthalene 91-20-3 0.5 ppbv <0.5	
Total Xylenes 1.5 ppbv <1.5	
Sampling Quality Assurance	
Pressure - As received PRESSURE 0.1 kPaa 90.7 92.9	
Pressure - Gauge as Received 1 Inches Hg -2 -2	
Pressure - Laboratory Atmosphere 0.1 kPaa 102 102	
Temperature as Received 0.1 °C 20.0 20.0	
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Surrogates	
4-Bromofluorobenzene 460-00-4 0.5 % 97.3 98.9	

Page : 4 of 4
Work Order : EN1802443

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Surrogate Control Limits

Sub-Matrix: AIR	Recovery Limits (%)					
Compound	CAS Number	Low	High			
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Surrogates						
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	60	140			



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order : EN1802443

: ECOTECH PTY LTD

Contact : LARA NICHOLAS

Address : 1492 FERNTREE GULLY ROAD

KNOXFIELD VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA 3180

Telephone : +61 03 9730 7800
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE

Order number : 234215

C-O-C number : ----

Client

Sampler : DANIEL RAYMOND

Site : ---

Quote number : NE/070/17

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Laboratory : Environmental Division Newcastle

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Date Samples Received : 09-Apr-2018 09:00

Date Analysis Commenced : 11-Apr-2018

Issue Date : 13-Apr-2018 12:05



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Surrogate Control Limits

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Daniel Junek Senior Air Analyst Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW

Daniel Junek Senior Air Analyst Newcastle, Mayfield West, NSW

Page : 2 of 4
Work Order : EN1802443

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- EP101: ALS quality procedures (QWI-EN/38) permit, for organic trace analysis, that the recoveries of 20% of target compounds may lie outside of established control limits as long as these remain within acceptable ranges defined within referenced USEPA methods.
- EP101: Results reported in μg/m³ are calculated from PPBV results based on a temperature of 25°C and atmospheric pressure of 101.3 kPa.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure As Received are measured under controlled conditions using calibrated laboratory gauges. These results are expressed as an Absolute Pressure. Equivalent gauge pressures may be calculated by subtracting the Pressure Laboratory Atmosphere taken at the time of measurement.
- CAN-001: Results for Pressure Gauge as Received are obtained from uncalibrated field gauges and are indicative only. These results may not precisely match calibrated gauge readings and may vary from field measurements due to changes in temperature and pressure

Page : 3 of 4
Work Order : EN1802443

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Analytical Results

Client sampling date / time 22-Mar-2018 23:30 28-Mar-2018 23:30	
Result Result	
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15 (Calculated Concentration)	
Benzene 71-43-2 1.6 μg/m³ <1.6 <1.6	
Toluene 108-88-3 1.9 μg/m³ 6.8 <1.9	
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 2.2 μg/m³ <2.2 <2.2	
meta- & para-Xylene 108-38-3 106-42-3 4.3 μg/m³ <4.3	
ortho-Xylene 95-47-6 2.2 μg/m³ <2.2 <2.2	
Naphthalene 91-20-3 2.6 μg/m³ <2.6 <2.6	
Total Xylenes 6.6 μg/m³ <6.6	
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r	
Benzene 71-43-2 0.5 ppbv <0.5 <0.5	
Toluene 108-88-3 0.5 ppbv 1.8 <0.5	
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 0.5 ppbv <0.5	
meta- & para-Xylene 108-38-3 106-42-3 1.0 ppbv <1.0 <1.0	
ortho-Xylene 95-47-6 0.5 ppbv <0.5	
Naphthalene 91-20-3 0.5 ppbv <0.5	
Total Xylenes 1.5 ppbv <1.5	
Sampling Quality Assurance	
Pressure - As received PRESSURE 0.1 kPaa 90.7 92.9	
Pressure - Gauge as Received 1 Inches Hg -2 -2	
Pressure - Laboratory Atmosphere 0.1 kPaa 102 102	
Temperature as Received 0.1 °C 20.0 20.0	
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Surrogates	
4-Bromofluorobenzene 460-00-4 0.5 % 97.3 98.9	

Page : 4 of 4
Work Order : EN1802443

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Surrogate Control Limits

Sub-Matrix: AIR	Recovery Limits (%)					
Compound	CAS Number	Low	High			
USEPA Air Toxics Method TO15r Surrogates						
4-Bromofluorobenzene	460-00-4	60	140			



QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

Work Order : EN1802443

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD

Contact : LARA NICHOLAS

Address : 1492 FERNTREE GULLY ROAD

KNOXFIELD VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA 3180

Telephone : +61 03 9730 7800
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE

Order number : 234215

C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : DANIEL RAYMOND

Site : ---

Quote number : NE/070/17

No. of samples received : 2
No. of samples analysed : 2

Page : 1 of 3

Laboratory : Environmental Division Newcastle

Contact : Hayley Withers

Address : 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West NSW Australia 2304

Telephone : +612 4014 2500

Date Samples Received : 09-Apr-2018

Date Analysis Commenced : 11-Apr-2018

Issue Date : 13-Apr-2018



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full. This Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report; Relative Percentage Difference (RPD) and Acceptance Limits
- Method Blank (MB), Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits
- Matrix Spike (MS) and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) Report; Recovery and Acceptance Limits

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Daniel Junek Senior Air Analyst Newcastle - Organics, Mayfield West, NSW

Daniel Junek Senior Air Analyst Newcastle, Mayfield West, NSW

Page : 2 of 3 Work Order : EN1802443

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis. Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high

Key: Anonymous = Refers to samples which are not specifically part of this work order but formed part of the QC process lot

CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

RPD = Relative Percentage Difference

= Indicates failed QC

Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

The quality control term Laboratory Duplicate refers to a randomly selected intralaboratory split. Laboratory duplicates provide information regarding method precision and sample heterogeneity. The permitted ranges for the Relative Percent Deviation (RPD) of Laboratory Duplicates are specified in ALS Method QWI-EN/38 and are dependent on the magnitude of results in comparison to the level of reporting: Result < 10 times LOR: No Limit: Result between 10 and 20 times LOR: 0% - 50%: Result > 20 times LOR: 0% - 20%.

Sub-Matrix: AIR		Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report										
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD (%)	Recovery Limits (%)			
EP101: VOCs by US	EPA Method TO15r (QC Lot:	1558968)										
EN1802443-001	220318 C4759_S2825	EP101-H: Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit			
		EP101-H: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	1.8	1.6	11.6	No Limit			
		EP101-H: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit			
		EP101-H: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	<0.5	0.00	No Limit			
		EP101-H: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	1	ppbv	<1.0	<1.0	0.00	No Limit			
			106-42-3									

Page : 3 of 3 Work Order : EN1802443

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Method Blank (MB), Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report

The quality control term Method / Laboratory Blank refers to an analyte free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in standard sample preparation. The purpose of this QC parameter is to monitor potential laboratory contamination. The quality control terms Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) and Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate (DCS) refers to certified reference materials, or known interference free matrices spiked with target analytes. The purpose of these QC parameters are to monitor method precision and accuracy independent of sample matrix. Dynamic Recovery Limits are based on statistical evaluation of processed LCS and DCS.

Sub-Matrix: AIR			Method Blank (MI	B) Report	Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (DCS) Report											
					Spike	Spike Re	covery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)	RPL	Os (%)					
Method: Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	Result	Concentration	LCS	DCS	Low	High	Value	Control Limit					
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r	(QCLot: 1558968)															
EP101-H: Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	104	99.8	77	114	25	25					
EP101-H: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	# 118	115	78	115	25	25					
EP101-H: Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	109	106	82	121	25	25					
EP101-H: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	1	ppbv	<1.0	200 ppbv	108	104	82	122	25	25					
	106-42-3															
EP101-H: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	ppbv	<0.5	100 ppbv	110	107	83	122	25	25					

[•] No Matrix Spike (MS) or Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) Results are required to be reported.



QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review

Work Order : **EN1802443** Page : 1 of 4

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD Laboratory : Environmental Division Newcastle

Contact: LARA NICHOLASTelephone: +612 4014 2500Project: WD4 PRIMULA AVEDate Samples Received: 09-Apr-2018Site: ----Issue Date: 13-Apr-2018

Sampler : DANIEL RAYMOND No. of samples received : 2
Order number : 234215 No. of samples analysed : 2

This report is automatically generated by the ALS LIMS through interpretation of the ALS Quality Control Report and several Quality Assurance parameters measured by ALS. This automated reporting highlights any non-conformances, facilitates faster and more accurate data validation and is designed to assist internal expert and external Auditor review. Many components of this report contribute to the overall DQO assessment and reporting for guideline compliance.

Brief method summaries and references are also provided to assist in traceability.

Summary of Outliers

Outliers: Quality Control Samples

This report highlights outliers flagged in the Quality Control (QC) Report.

- NO Method Blank value outliers occur.
- NO Duplicate outliers occur.
- NO Matrix Spike outliers occur.
- Laboratory Control outliers exist please see following pages for full details.
- For all regular sample matrices, NO surrogate recovery outliers occur.

Outliers: Analysis Holding Time Compliance

• NO Analysis Holding Time Outliers exist.

Outliers: Frequency of Quality Control Samples

NO Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers exist.

Page : 2 of 4
Work Order : EN1802443

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Outliers: Quality Control Samples

Duplicates, Method Blanks, Laboratory Control Samples and Matrix Spikes

Matrix: AIR

Compound Group Name	Laboratory Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Analyte	CAS Number	Data	Limits	Comment
Laboratory Control Spike (LCS) Recoveries							
EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r	QC-1558968-002		Toluene	108-88-3	118 %	78-115%	Recovery greater than upper control
							limit

Analysis Holding Time Compliance

If samples are identified below as having been analysed or extracted outside of recommended holding times, this should be taken into consideration when interpreting results.

This report summarizes extraction / preparation and analysis times and compares each with ALS recommended holding times (referencing USEPA SW 846, APHA, AS and NEPM) based on the sample container provided. Dates reported represent first date of extraction or analysis and preclude subsequent dilutions and reruns. A listing of breaches (if any) is provided herein.

Holding time for leachate methods (e.g. TCLP) vary according to the analytes reported. Assessment compares the leach date with the shortest analyte holding time for the equivalent soil method. These are: organics 14 days, mercury 28 days & other metals 180 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all non-volatile parameters.

Holding times for <u>VOC in soils</u> vary according to analytes of interest. Vinyl Chloride and Styrene holding time is 7 days; others 14 days. A recorded breach does not guarantee a breach for all VOC analytes and should be verified in case the reported breach is a false positive or Vinyl Chloride and Styrene are not key analytes of interest/concern.

Matrix: AIR Evaluation: **x** = Holding time breach; ✓ = Within holding time. Method Extraction / Preparation Sample Date Analysis Container / Client Sample ID(s) Date extracted Due for extraction Evaluation Date analysed Due for analysis Evaluation EP101: VOCs by USEPA Method TO15r Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (EP101-H) 22-Mar-2018 11-Apr-2018 21-Apr-2018 220318 - C4759 S2825 Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (EP101-H) 28-Mar-2018 11-Apr-2018 27-Apr-2018 280318 - C12641 S2823 Sampling Quality Assurance Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (CAN-001) 22-Mar-2018 22-Mar-2019 220318 - C4759 S2825 12-Apr-2018 Summa style Canister - ALS Supplied Silonite (CAN-001) 28-Mar-2018 12-Apr-2018 28-Mar-2019 280318 - C12641 S2823

Page : 3 of 4 Work Order EN1802443

Client ECOTECH PTY LTD WD4 PRIMULA AVE Project



Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance

The following report summarises the frequency of laboratory QC samples analysed within the analytical lot(s) in which the submitted sample(s) was(were) processed. Actual rate should be greater than or equal to the expected rate. A listing of breaches is provided in the Summary of Outliers.

Matrix: AIR				Evaluation: x = Quality Control frequency not within specification; √ = Quality Control frequency within specification								
Quality Control Sample Type		Co	ount		Rate (%)		Quality Control Specification					
Analytical Methods	Method	QC	Regular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation						
Duplicate Control Samples (DCS)												
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	6	16.67	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard					
Laboratory Duplicates (DUP)												
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	6	16.67	10.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard					
Laboratory Control Samples (LCS)												
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	6	16.67	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard					
Method Blanks (MB)												
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	1	6	16.67	5.00	✓	NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard					

Page : 4 of 4 Work Order : EN1802443

Client : ECOTECH PTY LTD
Project : WD4 PRIMULA AVE



Brief Method Summaries

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the US EPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request. The following report provides brief descriptions of the analytical procedures employed for results reported in the Certificate of Analysis. Sources from which ALS methods have been developed are provided within the Method Descriptions.

Analytical Methods	Method	Matrix	Method Descriptions
Canister Sampling - Field Data	CAN-001	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO14 / TO15
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15	EP101-H	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO15r Volatile Organic Compounds in Air by USEPA TO15. Aliphatic and Aromatic Hydrocarbons
Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15 (mass/volume)	EP101-H-MV	AIR	In house: Referenced to USEPA TO15r Hydrocarbons in Air by USEPA TO15 (Calculated Concentration)



ENFM (204A/2)

AIR CANISTER CHAIN OF CUSTODY

If sourced from an ALS Laboratory: please tick ->

Client Supplied Canister(s)?

GREGORDE IN BORDS Post Province So 5000 Pr. 05-0538-0300 E. adeque@passones com

DERWENSE TENETENEN STEWNSTELL OF ST EN 197 1997 TALL I TAMPER BYLVENE MERCHEN DE MELDEFORE & Construction Drive Leiden DEL 4660 EN UT 1877 1999 E BEGINNE MENGENDE CONTRACTOR CHACKAI 18 Harrour Road Medick Co.C. 5716 Ph. D7 4544 1977 C. Teldeny @especial com

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Approved Date: 22/05/2014

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Inquiries: Client Services - Newcastle Phone: +61 (02) 4014 2500

E-mail: samples.newcastle@alsenviro.com

Dispatch to:		
Client / Office:	ECOTECH	ALS Use ONLY
Contact:	Lara Nicholas	Request Received By: HW
Telephone:	03 9730 7800	Deliver By: asap
ALS Quotation:	NE/070/17	Dispatched By: asap
Delivery Address:	1492 Ferntree Gully Rd	Workorder:
•	Knoxfield VIC 3180	Agreed Rent Free Period: 14 days

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: PLEASE EMAIL CLEAN CERTIFICATES TO LARA NICHOLAS ON DISPATCH.....

Air Sampling Equipment Request

CANISTERS			3.00	, A			\$ 50.79	
No.: Canister Type	Size	Gauge	Valve	Cap	Rental ¹	No Returner	Leak Check	Analysis Initials & Date
2 Entech Silonite Canister (Summa™)	6L	Yes	S	Yes	\$200 ea		B	19/2/18

CONNECTORS AND FLOW CONTROL DEVICES

No	Equipment.Type i	Duration (hrs)	Flow (milmin)	T- Piece	Gauge	Certified	Sealed / Vacuum	Connection Quick Connect S Swagelok	No. Returned	⊵Rental¹
2	Passive Sampler -TWA	24hr		No	Yes	Yes	Yes / No	s		Incl Above
2	Flow Sampler Caps			No	No	No	Yes / No			\$20 ea. Replacement
2	ECOTECH Autosampler			No	No	No	Yes / No			N/A
5	%" Swagelok connectors and ferrules (spares)		•	-	-		-			\$5 ea. Replacement

-						.,,,	100,110	 Replacement
2	ECOTECH Autosampler			No	No	No	Yes / No	N/A
5	%" Swagelok connectors and ferrules (spares)	-	-	-	-	•		\$5 ea. Replacement
	Other (specify)	TP	100	2				

ALS use only				. 1
Sampling Guide Included (Y / N)	Packed by:	بالمح	Dispatch Time / Date	7/21
Number of Boxes:		Consignment Note Number:	ECH009706566	
Courier / Dispatcher:	Test	Consignment Dispatched by:	100	

ENEMCDR11

RIGHT SOLUTIONS

www.aisglobal.com



GASTRISAMEDINGSEQUIPMENT DISPATCH RECORD

ALS SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT

ltem	Quantity	Item Description	Serial Nos
	2	6L Silonite Summa™ canister	4737/233
	2	Passive Sampler - TWA - 24hr 士 4	1833 J ₂ 3 3 2825 J

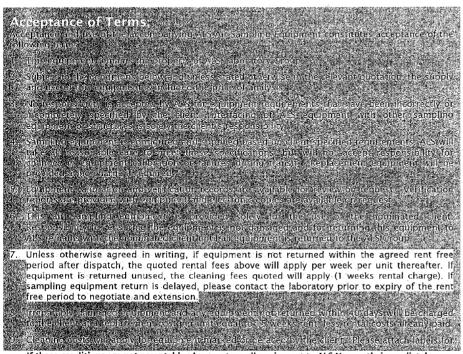
AIGHT SOLUTIONS

www.alsglobal.com





AIRCAMPLING FOURMENT: DISPASICE RECORDS



If these conditions are not acceptable please return all equipment to ALS Newcastle immediately.

EQUIPMENT SUPPLY AND LOGISTICS

Additional air sampling equipment can be ordered through any ALS Environmental Laboratory and supplied direct to your site or office by courier. For the fastest turnaround, equipment should be returned direct to Newcastle Laboratory.

ALS Environmental, Newcastle 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West, NSW 2304

Note that Dangerous Goods Transport Regulations may apply after sampling if the air cylinders are pressurised or contain hazardous materials.

ENFMCDR1.

11-05-11

MOHT SOLUTIONS

Entations - Adeliade - Bendage - Camberge - Geolong - Gladstone - Melipourne (Scoresty) - Melipourne (

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VAIR SAMPLING EQUIPMENT

Parison de la compa

Inquiries: Client Services - Newcastle Phone: +61 (02) 4014 2500

E-mail: samples.newcastle@alsenviro.com

Dispatch to:		
Client / Office:	ECOTECH	ALS Use ONLY
Contact:	Lara Nicholas	Request Received By: HW
Telephone:	03 9730 7800	Deliver By: asap
ALS Quotation:	NE/070/17	Dispatched By: asap
Delivery Address:	1492 Ferntree Gully Rd	Workorder:
	Knoxfield VIC 3180	Agreed Rent Free Period: 14 days

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: PLEASE EMAIL CLEAN CERTIFICATES TO LARA NICHOLAS ON DISPATCH....

Air Sampling Equipment Request

os Canister Type 🔻 🔻		Size	Ga	uge Va	lve Cap	Rental	No Reumaea	Leak Checked	Analysis Initials & D
Entech Silonite Canister (Summa™)	61	. Y	es :	S Yes	\$200 ea		y	6/3/
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o s Equipment Type	el en al anche de la companya de la		T- Piece	Gauge	Certified	. Sealed / Vacuum	Connection Coulck Connect State Swagelok	(6)	Rental ¹
Passive Sampler -TWA	24hr	S. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	No	Yes	Yes	Yes / No	S		Incl Abov
Flow Sampler Caps			No	No	No	Yes / No			\$20 ea. Replacement
ECOTECH Autosampler			No	No	No	Yes / No			N/A
1/4" Swagelok connectors and ferrules (spares)	-	-	-		-	-			\$5 ea. Replacement
Other (specify)									
Refer to Acceptance of Terms					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				- i
LS use only		S. 1.2.		jegljeta.		Street C	us farvius.	a elavella.	
ampling Guide Included (Y./ N)	Pa	cked by	1/				Dispatch Time / I	167	10/2/1
umber of Boxes:	**************************************	1	Č	Consid	nment Note I		N0097		- 171.
Couner / Dispatcher.	Augustolija (A	77.7	_		nment Dispa		7711		

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ALS



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DISPATICH RECORD

ALS SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT

ltem	Quantity	Item Description	Serial Nos
	2	6L Silonite Summa™ canister	47-59 Gull 12642 13-
	2	Passive Sampler - TWA - 24hr 3. Smlmin	2824 23/3

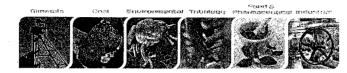
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CARCAMETING FOLLOWS

DISEATOR RECORD

Acceptance of Terms:	DahVilher Δ S ΔH S	raming Enviousem		
gellowing terms AP This equipment of name when				en e
 2. Suiciper the the conditions below and live oil this conjugate their 			relevant geotation	i the supply
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7. Unless otherwise agreed in value period after dispatch, the quipe equipment is returned unuse sampling equipment return is	oted rental fees a d, the cleaning fe	bove will apply pe es quoted will app	er week per unit oly (1 weeks renta	thereafter, If al charge). If
free period to negotiate and e Repairedly earlie deal equipme to the allent arrange place ment	xtension.	ent not item med	Michina 40° days wil	l beich arged
193 (Clearing costs will apply for e	curpment marked	or-defaced by the	client. Please arta	chi labels for

If these conditions are not acceptable please return all equipment to ALS Newcastle immediately.

EQUIPMENT SUPPLY AND LOGISTICS

Additional air sampling equipment can be ordered through any ALS Environmental Laboratory and supplied direct to your site or office by courier. For the fastest turnaround, equipment should be returned direct to Newcastle Laboratory.

ALS Environmental, Newcastle 5/585 Maitland Road Mayfield West, NSW 2304

Note that Dangerous Goods Transport Regulations may apply after sampling if the air cylinders are pressurised or contain hazardous materials.

ENFMCDR1.1

CONTRACTOR SECTION SECTIONS





Canister Verification Report

Canister No:

4759

Specified Purpose:

USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)

Ambient Air

Verification Date: Valid To (At least): 28-Feb-2018 28-Mar-2018

Verification File:

180228_05.D

Canister Type:

Dispatch Pressure:

Entech Silonite - Summa Style

Canister Size:
Valve Type:

6L Num

Nupro <0.01 psia Last Stability Check: Next Check Scheduled: 21-Oct-2016 21-Oct-2018

Analyst:

Approved for Dispatch by:

21-0ci-2010 K. Gelderman

Canister Verification Protocol

Canisters are verified 'fit for purpose' for the requested analyses and applications (if known). For most applications, canisters are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to valves. Stability checks are performed after 5 years or if damage to the canister in suspected, then every two years, within the designated holding time to ensure each canister is capable of holding the target chemicals without significant degradation.

ALS METHOD CODE: EPI 01

REFERENCE METHOD: Compendium Method TO-15: Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in air collected in specially-prepared Canisters and analysed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)

ALS METHOD CODE: EP104

scores estado con dispersión de combinada more entre contrata de un participado de conferencia de contrata de un presenta de un p	раание опиталите на воричалите толина очет першикалите активания оснивающие усиналителя и придажения опиталите В применения	HALISATI PER PER HASILATAR PER PER PER PER PER PER PER PER PER PE	Verification	
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Goal (<)	Result
			ppbv	ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride		0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene		0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride		0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane		0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene		0.2	<0.2





			Verification	
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Goal (<)	Result
			ppbv	ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene		0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchlorethylene		0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane		0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane		0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene		0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone		0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene		0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2		0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane			0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester		0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol		0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE		0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane			0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane			0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester		0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	a-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol		0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide		0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal		0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA		0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene		0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE		0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME		0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA		0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride		0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene		0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene		0.2	< 0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene		0.2	< 0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane		0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene			0.2	<0.2





Sampler Verification Report

Sampler No: 2825

Specified Purpose:

USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)

LORs Required: Sampler Type:

Ambient Air

Passive Sampler

Verification Date: Valid To (At least): Verification File:

13-Feb-2018 13-Mar-2018 180213_04.D

Flow Rate Calibrated at:

3.5

ml/min

Analyst:

K. Gelderman

Calibrated by:

14/2/18

Approved for Dispatch by:

B 19/2/18

Sampler Verification Protocol

Samplers are generally verified 'fit for purpose' for the requested analyses and applications. For most applications, samplers are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to fittings.

ALS METHOD GODE: EPI 01

REFERENCE METHOD. Compendium Method TO-15: Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in air collected in specially-prepared Canisters and analysed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) http://www.epa.gov/ttn/amtic/files/ambient/airtox/to-15r.pdf

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to	Result
		ppbv	ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene	0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene	0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride	0.2	< 0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane	0.2	< 0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	< 0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene	0.2	<0.2





Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to	Result
P' til.		ppbv	ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene	0.4	< 0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchlorethylene	0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	B: # 4	0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane	0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane	0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene	0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone	0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene	0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2	0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane		0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester	0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol	0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE	0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane		0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane		0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester	0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	a-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol	0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide	0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal	0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA	0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE	0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME	0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA	0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride	0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene	0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene	0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane	0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene		0.2	<0.2





09-Mar-2018

Varification

Canister Verification Report

Canister No: 12641

Specified Purpose: USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite) **Verification Date:**

Ambient Air Valid To (At least): 06-Apr-2018 Verification File:

180309 12.D

Canister Type: Entech Silonite - Summa Style Last Stability Check: 08-Nov-2017 Canister Size: 6L Next Check Scheduled: 08-Nov-2019

Valve Type: TOV K. Gelderman Analyst: Dispatch Pressure: <0.01 psia Approved for Dispatch by:

Canister Verification Protocol

Canisters are verified 'fit for purpose' for the requested analyses and applications (if known). For most applications, canisters are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to valves. Stability checks are performed after 5 years or if damage to the canister in suspected, then every two years, within the designated holding time to ensure each canister is capable of holding the target chemicals without significant degradation.

ALS METHOD CODE: EP101
REFERENCE METHOD: Compendium Method TO-15: Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in air collected in specially prepared Canisters and analysed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)
ALS METHOD CODE: EP104

		Verification		
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Goal (<)	Result
			ppbv	ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform		0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride		0.2	< 0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride		0.2	< 0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride		0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride		0.2	< 0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride		0.2	< 0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene		0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide		0.2	< 0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	< 0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride		0.2	< 0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene		0.2	< 0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	< 0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene		0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride		0.2	< 0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane		0.2	< 0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene		0.2	<0.2

Qualifiers - F: Fails Stability Check, V: Fails Verification





			Verification	
Target Compound	Alt. Name	Qualifiers	Goal (<)	Result
			ppbv	ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride		0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene		0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchlorethylene		0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene		0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene		0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene		0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane		0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane		0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene		0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone		0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene		0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane		0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2		0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane			0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester		0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol		0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone		0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE		0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane			0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane			0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene		0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THE		0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene		0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester		0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide		0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	a-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol		0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide		0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal		0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA		0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene		0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE		0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE		0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME		0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA		0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride		0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene		0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene		0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane		0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene		0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene		0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene Naphthalene	Phenyl butane		0.2 0.2	<0.2 <0.2
ταρπιπαιστισ			0.2	-0.2





2823

Sampler Verification Report

Sampler No:

Specified Purpose:

Flow Rate Calibrated at:

USEPA TO15 (Extended Suite)

LORs Required: Sampler Type:

Ambient Air

Passive Sampler

3.5

ml/min

Verification File: Analyst:

Verification Date:

Valid To (At least):

K. Gelderman

05-Mar-2018

02-Apr-2018

180305 07.D

Calibrated by:

B 5/3/8

Approved for Dispatch by:

Sampler Verification Protocol

Samplers are generally verified 'fit for purpose' for the requested analyses and applications. For most applications, samplers are verified clean according to the requirements of USEPA method TO15.

Each verification involves a check for contamination, leaks and damage to fittings.

ALS METHOD CODE: EP101
REFERENCE METHOD: Compendium Method TO-15. Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in air collected in specially-prepared Canisters and analysed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) http://www.epa.gov/ttn/amtic/files/ambient/airtox/to-15r.pdf

Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to	Result
		ppbv	ppbv
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-TCA / Methyl chloroform	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130 / Acetylene tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Vinyl trichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	Ethylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1-DCE / Vinylidene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	Ethylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dibromoethane	EDB / Ethylene dibromide	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	Propylene dichloride	0.2	<0.2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Mesitylene	0.2	<0.2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	m-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene	0.2	<0.2
Benzene	Cyclohexatriene	0.2	<0.2
Bromomethane	Methyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloromethane	Carbon tetrachloride	0.2	<0.2
Chlorobenzene	Phenyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroethane	Ethyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
Chloroform	Trichloromethane	0.2	<0.2
Chloromethane	Methyl chloride	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Ethylbenzene	Phenyl ethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 12	Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 11	Trichlorofluoromethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 113	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Freon 114	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	0.2	<0.2
Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene	0.2	<0.2





Target Compound	Alt. Name	Verified to	Result
		ppbv	ppbv
Dichloromethane	Methylene chloride	0.2	<0.2
m -& p-Xylene	1,3 & 1,4 -Dimethylbenzene	0.4	<0.4
o-Xylene	1,2-Dimethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
Styrene	Vinyl benzene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrachloroethene	PCE / Perchlorethylene	0.2	<0.2
Toluene	Methyl Benzene	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.2	<0.2
Trichloroethene	TCE / Trichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl chloride	Chloroethene	0.2	<0.2
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		0.2	<0.2
1,3-Butadiene	Biethylene	0.2	<0.2
1,4-Dioxane	p-Dioxane	0.2	<0.2
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Isooctane	0.2	<0.2
4-Ethyltoluene	p-Ethyltoluene	0.2	<0.2
Acetone	2-Propanone	0.2	<0.2
Allyl chloride	3-Chloropropene	0.2	<0.2
Bromodichloromethane	Dichlorobromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Bromoform	Tribromomethane	0.2	<0.2
Carbon disulfide	CS2	0.2	<0.2
Cyclohexane		0.2	<0.2
Dibromochloromethane	Chlorodibromoethane	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl acetate	Acetic ester	0.2	<0.2
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Propanol	0.2	<0.2
Methyl butyl ketone	MBK / 2-Hexanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl ethyl ketone	MEK / 2-Butanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl isobutyl ketone	MIBK / 4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.2	<0.2
Methyl tert-butyl ether	MTBE	0.2	<0.2
n-Heptane		0.2	<0.2
n-Hexane		0.2	<0.2
Propene	Propylene	0.2	<0.2
Tetrahydrofuran	THF	0.2	<0.2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2	<0.2
Vinyl acetate	Acetic acid vinyl ester	0.2	<0.2
Bromoethene	Vinyl bromide	0.2	<0.2
Benzyl chloride	a-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
Ethanol	Ethyl alcohol	0.2	<0.2
Acetonitrile	Methyl cyanide	0.2	<0.2
Acrolein	2-Propenal	0.2	<0.2
Acrylonitrile	2-Propenenitrile	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butyl alcohol	TBA	0.2	<0.2
2-Chloroprene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	0.2	<0.2
Diisopropyl Ether	DIPE	0.2	<0.2
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ETBE	0.2	<0.2
tert-Amyl methyl ether	TAME	0.2	<0.2
Methyl methacrylate	MMA	0.2	<0.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	R-130a / Acetylene trichloride	0.2	<0.2
Isopropylbenzene	Cumene	0.2	<0.2
2-Chlorotoluene	o-Chlorotoluene	0.2	<0.2
n-Propylbenzene	Phenyl propane	0.2	<0.2
tert-Butylbenzene	1,1-Dimethylethylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
sec-Butylbenzene	1-Methylpropylbenzene	0.2	<0.2
2-Isopropyltoluene	o-Cymene	0.2	<0.2
n-Butylbenzene	Phenyl butane	0.2	<0.2
Naphthalene		0.2	<0.2